

DRUMB &amp; SUTOR, Publishers

## FUNERAL OF MRS. CATANAU

The remains of Mrs. Laura Catanau arrived in the city on Thursday morning and were taken to the home of her mother, Mrs. John Mann from which place the funeral was held on Saturday afternoon, Rev. Becker of the Methodist church officiating.

Deceased was born in this city on the 10th of October, 1892, and lived here all her life until she went to Chicago on a charge of stealing the sum of \$25, when on Tuesday found not guilty by the jury, there being no evidence to show that Martinson was in any way connected with the disappearance of the money.

## FOUND NOT GUILTY

Emil Martinson, who was before the circuit court the first part of the week on a charge of stealing the sum of \$25, when on Tuesday found not guilty by the jury, there being no evidence to show that Martinson was in any way connected with the disappearance of the money.

## A \$10,000 DAMAGE SUIT

Pittsburg Record: Damages to the amount of \$10,000 are asked of a farmer and his son-in-law living west of Pittsburg, as the result of an automobile accident which occurred last fall.

Deputy Sheriff Geo. J. Favell was out last week and served the summons on E. C. Kriehel and Edward Moorke to appear and defend the action inside of twenty days. It will be heard before Judge Park, of this circuit, and will likely go over to a regular term of the circuit court in Wood county.

The complainants are Julius Hanson and his wife, each asking for a separate damage to the amount of \$5,000. It seems the accident occurred at or near Klondike, last fall. Mr. Moorke, driving the car, came upon the Hanson's and in attempting to pass them caught the hind wheel of the light buggy and in the spill the occupants were thrown to the ground, sustaining injuries for which they demand the above amounts. \$5,000 each. W. E. Hanson has been retained as attorney for the complainants.

A small boy's restlessness may get on your nerves during the day. But, gosh, how he can sleep when he gets to bed.

## AN INVITATION!

FROM

## COHEN BROS. DEPT. STORE

WE INVITE the people of Grand Rapids and vicinity to come and inspect our New Spring lines of Ladies Ready-to-Wear and Millinery.

We are now connected in conjunction with one of the largest Coat and Suit Manufacturers of New York, which means considerable saving to you, and does away with the middle-man's profit. We have fitted up an up-to-the-minute Ladies Ready-to-Wear Department in the front end of our large store and can now give you the very best of service as well as the very lowest prices. Come and make early selections of your Spring Coats and Suits. If you are not ready to get your Coat or Suit now, make your selection and we will hold same for you by making a small deposit on the garment. By doing this you will get best selection from the large New Spring Line.

## MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

Our Milliner, Miss Marthe Mentzel of Milwaukee, is now busy making up all the new creations in Spring Millinery and every hat will be an exclusive model—No Two Hats Will Be Trimmed Alike.

If you cannot find a hat that suits you, our milliner will make one up for you to suit your individual taste. Our line of Hat Trimmings was never so large before. We have moved our millinery department to rear end of store, which gives us more light and space to display our large line. Come in and try on the different styles and make early selections.

Bear in mind that our styles are equal to any, and superior to many, and our prices are always lower than the lowest.

## COHEN BROTHERS DEPT. STORE,

"The Store That Saves You Money."

## COFFEE! COFFEE!

There are innumerable brands of coffee on the market today, all of which satisfy most of the public. However there are many persons who prefer something better than just the ordinary coffee, and it is such persons who do not know the merits of RICHELIEU COFFEE that we are calling their attention. This well known brand, of not only coffee, but everything under the label, means quality of the highest grade, and once used always used, for we guarantee anything under this label to satisfy the most particular trade. This coffee is put up in air-tight packages, thus keeping its original flavor and keeping dust and other impurities in the air from coming in contact with it. We have this high grade coffee in four different grades, namely: Jupiter, Vulcan, Midas and O. B. G., the latter being in one, two and three pound tins; these coffees regularly sell for 28c, 30c, 35c and 40c respectively, but on Saturday this week ONLY we have a special price for you—each of the above grades will be Reduced 5c per pound.

Remember this offer is for ONE DAY ONLY, Saturday, St. Pataick's Day, March 17th.

Telephone 550

## NASH GROCERY CO.

The Store of Quality

## WINNERS AT THE BOWLING TOURNEY

The following winners at the recent Northern Wisconsin Bowling Tournament as compiled by Secretary C. J. Kriehel, show the scores and amount of money taken by each winning team.

## FIVE MEN TEAMS

First—Della Pulp & Puper Co., score 2335, prize \$70.00.

Second—Today's Buffet, Wausau, score 2693, prize \$45.00.

Third—Glen's Grand Rapids, score 2693, prize \$35.00.

Fourth—Pierce Bros., Menasha, score 2629, prize \$25.00.

Fifth—K. & P., Wausau, score 2569, prize \$20.00.

Sixth—P. & S., Oshkosh, score 2595, prize \$15.00.

Seventh—Central Alloys, Fond du Lac, score 2595, prize \$10.00.

Eighth—Roxalis, Grand Rapids, score 2588, prize \$10.00.

Ninth—H. & J., Fond du Lac, score 2580, prize \$10.00.

Tenth—Badger Clear Co., No. 1, Tomahawk, score 2580, prize \$5.00.

Eleventh—Empires, Grand Rapids, score 2579, prize \$5.00.

Twelfth—Hotel Alhambra, Oshkosh, score 2550, prize \$5.00.

Thirteenth—Neid No. 1, Green Bay, score 2543, prize \$5.00.

Fourteenth—Kriehel No. 1, score 2525, prize \$5.00.

Fifteenth—Downs Studio, Tomahawk, score 2514, prize \$5.00.

Sixteenth—Spot Regulars, Stevens Point, score 2504, prize \$5.00.

Seventeenth—E. & H., Oshkosh, score 2471, prize \$5.00.

Eighteenth—O'Brien Lumberjacks, Oshkosh, score 2465, prize \$5.00.

Nineteenth—Radicals Special, Wausau, score 2463, prize \$5.00.

Twentieth—Alloy, Grand Rapids, score 2458, prize \$5.00.

Twenty-first—Hotel Murdock, Shawano, score 2441, prize \$5.00.

Twenty-second—Old National Bank, Wausau, score 2416, prize \$5.00.

Twenty-third—Auto Sales, Stevens Point, score 2414, prize \$5.00.

Twenty-fourth—Johnson & Hill Co., Grand Rapids, score 2412, prize \$5.00.

Twenty-fifth—Reamels, Wausau, score 2402, prize \$5.00.

Twenty-sixth—Badger Clear Co., No. 2, Tomahawk, score 2379, prize \$5.00.

Twenty-seventh—Neid No. 2, Green Bay, score 2378, prize \$5.00.

Twenty-eighth—E. & H., Wausau, score 2373, prize \$5.00.

Doublets

1st—W. A. Doff and A. Koppa, Wausau, score 1095, prize \$30.00.

2nd—Gordon & Larson, Wausau, score 1092, prize \$20.00.

3rd—H. & J., Fond du Lac, score 1074, prize \$15.00.

4th—Cole & Sanderson, Shawano, score 1069, prize \$12.00.

5th—Wagoner & Joergers, Oshkosh, score 1061, prize \$10.00.

6th—Wagoner & Krause, Wausau, score 1048, prize \$10.00.

7th—Charles & Holden, Eau Claire, score 1046, prize \$8.00.

8th—Zelmer & Schlessler, Fond du Lac, score 1044, prize \$8.00.

9th—Dulits & VanOss, Green Bay, score 1042, prize \$6.00.

10th—Perodini & Bodette, Grand Rapids, score 1042, prize \$6.00.

11th—H. & J., Grand Rapids, score 1025, prize \$4.00.

12th—Piquin & Rice, Fond du Lac, score 1029, prize \$4.00.

13th—Porter & Hill, Grand Rapids, score 1025, prize \$4.00.

14th—Kellar & Eaton, Stevens Point, score 1025, prize \$4.00.

15th—Malouf & Hanna, Clintonville, score 1018, prize \$4.00.

16th—H. & J., Wausau, score 1013, prize \$2.00.

17th—Schultz & Reichen, Oshkosh, score 1013, prize \$2.00.

18th—Arpin & Mosher, Grand Rapids, score 1012, prize \$2.00.

19th—P. & S., Stevens Point, score 1007, prize \$2.00.

20th—Little & Zimmerman, Grand Rapids, score 1001, prize \$2.00.

21st—Brickson & Olson, Wausau, score 997, prize \$2.00.

22nd—Clark & Bergholtz, Stevens Point, score 992, prize \$2.00.

23rd—Davis & Selmer, Eau Claire, score 986, prize \$2.00.

Singles

1st—R. S. Roarson, Rhinelander, score 604, prize \$20.00.

2nd—C. P. Monahan, score 591, prize \$15.00.

3rd—H. Storkel, Tomahawk, score 590, prize \$10.00.

4th—F. Charles, Eau Claire, score 589, prize \$8.00.

5th—J. M. Sanderson, Shawano, score 587, prize \$8.00.

6th—C. Kistau, Fond du Lac, score 586, prize \$8.00.

7th—J. W. Hanson, Stevens Point, score 582, prize \$6.00.

8th—J. B. Killion, Rhinelander, score 580, prize \$6.00.

9th—O. Zollner, Fond du Lac, score 579, prize \$6.00.

10th—P. & S., Oshkosh, score 577, prize \$5.00.

11th—A. Perodini, Grand Rapids, score 577, prize \$5.00.

12th—Robt. Holly, Wausau, score 576, prize \$4.00.

13th—P. DuBois, Green Bay, score 575, prize \$4.00.

14th—Aug. Brickson, Wausau, score 570, prize \$4.00.

15th—L. J. Downie, Tomahawk, score 568, prize \$4.00.

16th—H. H. Gritzmacher, Wausau, score 568, prize \$4.00.

17th—W. J. Morgan Wausau score 568, prize \$4.00.

18th—J. J. Oshkosh, score 568, prize \$4.00.

19th—J. J. Baranowski, Oshkosh, score 565, prize \$3.00.

20th—C. Larson, Wausau, score 565, prize \$3.00.

21st—W. J. Kellar, Stevens Point, score 564, prize \$3.00.

22nd—E. Barklar, Fond du Lac, score 563, prize \$3.00.

23rd—B. E. Jones, Grand Rapids, score 562, prize \$3.00.

24th—P. DuBois, Green Bay, score 562, prize \$3.00.

25th—O. Schuessler, Fond du Lac, score 562, prize \$3.00.

26th—R. Toola, Oshkosh, score 559, prize \$2.00.

27th—J. J. Kobernatt, Rhinelander, score 559, prize \$2.00.

28th—C. Rue, Fond du Lac, score 558, prize \$2.00.

29th—A. Kiefer, Wausau, score 558, prize \$2.00.

30th—Wm. Bodette, Grand Rapids, score 558, prize \$1.50.

31st—E. A. Reed, Shawano, score 556, prize \$1.50.

32nd—P. DuBois, Wausau, score 554, prize \$1.00.

33rd—C. M. Nash, Grand Rapids, score 552, prize \$1.00.

34th—E. S. Potter, Grand Rapids, score 551, prize \$1.00.

35th—E. O. Smith, Grand Rapids, score 551, prize \$1.00.

36th—Art Held, Stevens Point, score 551, prize \$1.00.

37th—W. P. Gleue, Grand Rapids, score 550, prize \$1.00.

38th—M. Malouf, Clintonville, score 550, prize \$1.00.

39th—John Van Oss, Green Bay, score 548, prize \$1.00.

All Events

O. Zollner, Fond du Lac, 1702 pins

score 110.00.

Gemmotherheit, Grand Rapids, 1252 pins "booby prize" \$5.00.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, March 15, 1917

## FIRST PAPER MILL

March 6th will record an anniversary of peculiar interest to newspaper publishers of this country. For this date fifty years ago, in 1867, the first ground wood pulp was made at a mill in what was then the village of Curtisville, recently renamed Interlaken, in the state of Massachusetts. Up to that time paper was made exclusively of rags, naturally limiting the amount produced; but with the successful conversion of wood into a fibrous substance for paper, the vast timber resources of this continent became the limitless reservoir of raw material for any and all future demand.

## Solved Another Difficulty

But the wood pulp fibre also solved another difficulty for the printer, the speed of printing presses, caused by the drying of the inks on paper made of rags, while the trade soon discovered that paper made of ground wood had excellent absorbing and drying qualities, and soon thereafter the printing manufacturers were putting their minds and energies to work to develop the high speed press, and now the modern double octup press will print 72,000 16-page papers per hour.

## America's First Mill

The idea of making paper from wood originated in Germany in the early forties with Gottfried Koller, tradition having it that he in turn received his inspiration from a wasp's nest. Koller collaborated with a manufacturer of machinery, Heinrich Voelter, in whose name the patents were executed. It was not until 1866 that the possibilities of this invention in this country were recognized, when Albert and Rudolph Faganstecher induced their cousin Alberto Faganstecher to build a mill in this country, and financed the purchase of the necessary machinery, and the building of a mill. The choice of location for the great mill, where the outlet of Stockbridge Dam seemed to supply an adequate amount of power. The mill was built and on March 6th, 1867, the first ground wood pulp was produced.

## Wellington Smith, Pioneer

Then another difficulty arose, the selling of the product. Paper manufacturers were either strongly opposed to or extremely pessimistic of the papermaking quality of wood fibre. When one very large manufacturer was approached, he replied, "Sir, we don't use shoddy." Finally, however, Wellington Smith, who owned a mill near Curtisville, at Lee agreed to buy a lot as an experiment, and he has been interested in the credit of having made the first paper out of wood pulp.

This pulp was involved at eight cents a pound, while the normal price of pulp is now to be found in the neighborhood of fifteen cents a pound. It is further remarkable that in the fifty intervening years no substantial change in the price of ground wood pulp has been made, although the improvement in details of the grinder has naturally increased its efficiency and production.

## Cradle of an Industry

Once the practicability of this new idea was established, the interest in it became general and the industry developed by leaps and bounds. The Faganstechers, of whom Albert Faganstecher is the sole surviving member, are the sole surviving interest in many paper mill enterprises, immediately built a second and somewhat larger mill at Luzerne, N. Y., and in 1869 acquired the water power at Palmer Falls, where they built what was to be for many years and is today, with but one exception, the largest mill in this country.

## Municipal Election Notice

CITY OF GRAND RAPIDS  
COUNTY OF WINNEBAGO  
STATE OF WISCONSIN

Notice is hereby given that the municipal election will be held in the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, on the first Tuesday in April, A. D. 1917, to wit: April 2, 1917.

The polling places for said election will be in the following places:

First Ward—Library Building.  
Second Ward—Library Building.  
Third Ward—John H. Hink, Jr. residence.  
Fourth Ward—John H. Hink, Jr. residence.

Fifth Ward—Old pumping station.  
Sixth Ward—Old electric light office building.

Seventh Ward—West side City Hall.  
Eighth Ward—Martin Nissen residence.  
Ninth Ward—Purpose of electing the following officers:

Alderman First Ward in place of Jacob Hink.  
Supervisor First Ward in place of Lewis Schlegel.

Alderman Second Ward in place of Henry Gault.  
Supervisor Second Ward in place of Peter Schumacher.

Alderman Third Ward in place of F. G. Gilkey.  
Supervisor Third Ward in place of F. G. Gilkey.

Alderman Fourth Ward in place of O. R. Reardon, short term.  
Supervisor Fourth Ward in place of W. E. Wagoner.

Alderman Fifth Ward in place of Jos. Lukasek.  
Supervisor Fifth Ward in place of Andrew King.

Alderman Sixth Ward in place of Mark Walcott.  
Supervisor Sixth Ward in place of F. L. Hink.

Alderman Seventh Ward in place of Frank Dugan.  
Supervisor Seventh Ward in place of John Hink, Jr.

Alderman Eighth Ward in place of Ben Hansen.  
Supervisor Eighth Ward in place of B. R. Hink.

Justice of the Peace in place of Frank Chalkin.  
The polls will be opened at 6 o'clock in the forenoon and closed at 8 o'clock in the afternoon.

Said election to be held and conducted, votes canvassed and returns made in accordance with the laws of this state.

Given under my hand and official seal of the city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin, this 15th day of March, A. D. 1917.

JOS. WILHELM, Jr.,  
City Clerk.

## Houses For Sale

—One house corner 10th Avenue and Gardner street, 10 rooms, light, water and large basement and two lots.

—One house corner Chase street and 7th and 8th Avenues, 10 rooms, one lot.

—One house corner 15th and Grand Avenues, 8 rooms, water and light, and one lot.

For particulars call on Henry Nieman, Smith & Luken's shoe store, or call Frances Wittenberg, phone 844.

WANTED—A good girl or woman for housekeeper. Apply at 216 5th Street N. or phone 421 after 6 p. m.

## LABORING UNDER A MISAPPREHENSION

An article published in the Stevens Point Journal containing a dispatch from Wausau, would give one the impression that they were a little mixed on the road matter up Wausau way. The article in question is as follows:

Wausau, Wis., Mar. 11.—H. G. Pleth, vice president for Marathon county of the Road League association of Wisconsin says relative to the protest which business men of Wood county were launching against the present mapped-out north and south route of the Meridian Highway as follows:

There is absolutely no reason why this route should be changed so as to take in Bunker, Grand Rapids, Marshfield, Spencer, Madison, Phillips, Marshfield or Stevens Point, Wausau, Marshfield and Onuma. The Meridian highway is primarily designed as a connecting link for summer and winter resorts, its southern extremity touching the Gulf of Mexico near New Orleans while to the north it passes through the Northern Wisconsin lake region. To abandon this trail for one farther west would mean to abandon the road which has been a great help to the Yellowstone Trail passing its way and if there is to be a change of the Meridian highway, on a complaint of Wood county, Marathon county would have the same right to endeavor to change the Yellowstone Trail so that it would pass through this country, which would afford a shorter route than the present one. It is believed Marshfield should keep their road.

From this article it would appear as if they consider the new Federal road and the Meridian Highway one and the same, which is not the case. The Meridian Highway is a road laid out and marked by private enterprise and subscription, and it runs from the Gulf of Mexico to Lake Superior, and it does touch at Grand Rapids, Wausau, Rhinelander and other places in the northern part of the state on its way to the lake. There will be no government money spent on this road unless it happens to run over highways selected by the government.

The new Federal road, which, as yet, has not been laid out with any definiteness, is the one we are trying to have them change from out of the way of Bunker, Marshfield and Stevens Point. While we may not be able to make them see the advantage of coming to this city it is to be hoped that we can do so and that they will not be so stupid as to let us be glad that they have come after they get here. We haven't a word to say against Stevens Point or Wausau or any of the other cities in this neighborhood. In fact, they are among the best cities in the country and it should be a pleasure for a tourist to visit any one of them, and we intend to make it so attractive for tourists that they will also enjoy visiting Grand Rapids.

## CIRCUS WILL TRAVEL WITH MOTOR TRUCKS

The circus business which has, for years, had its center at Baraboo, is being changed to a traveling show. When the Ringling boys travel they, like others in the business, travel about in wagon trains. When the business becomes more prosperous and their raising popularity and the need for more money, they are probable for them to enter larger cities, they traveled in railroad train themselves. Now there has been started a great million dollar circus corporation which is going to adopt real twentieth century methods, and is to travel around in great motor trucks, with their powerful drives can carry over the roughest roads and steepest grade, the heaviest of loads, and the desire to make the circus will have the equipment of a hundred-car circus, and every piece of circus property, including the advance department, will be transported in this way—Baraboo Democrat.

## UNDER FALSE PRETENSES

Guy E. Burton, a traveling man who was formerly well known in this city and vicinity, was arrested at Stevens Point, Wis., by the police upon receipt of Sheriff Norrington of this city. Burton was charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, the complaining witness being J. J. Hink.

It seems that Burton has traveled thru here for a number of years and at one time was prosperous and a safe investment, but it is claimed that of late he has been making good his promise to the present and that several from whom he has borrowed money are anxious that he should get a taste of the law. His friends had been looking for him for some time but had just succeeded in locating him.

## DEATH OF JOHN JACKAN

John Jackan of Nekosco died on Thursday last after an illness of about a year, cause of death being cancer of the stomach. Jackan had been in the saloon business for a number of years and had many friends in that village and the surrounding country who were grieved to hear of his death. Owing to the trouble he took two tablespoons of kerosene. Instead of getting better, he got worse, and died about two hours after taking the kerosene without having called a doctor. When an autopsy was held the doctor found that it was the kerosene that killed him.

## KEROSENE WAS DEADLY

Adam Milnowski of the town of Dewey, Portage county, died on Wednesday of last week from the effects of a dose of kerosene which he took to cure him of pains in the stomach. The man had drank a quantity of cold beer, which did not agree with him and was experiencing some pain, and with the hope of curing the trouble, he took two tablespoons of kerosene. Instead of getting better, he got worse, and died about two hours after taking the kerosene without having called a doctor. When an autopsy was held the doctor found that it was the kerosene that killed him.

## KEROSENE WAS DEADLY

Mrs. Kate Paulson of Port Edwards was brought to this city Wednesday suffering from a mental derangement, and was taken to River-view hospital, but has since become so bad that it was found necessary to confine her in the county jail. It is expected that she will be taken to the asylum at Oshkosh, where she will receive proper treatment, and where it is hoped she will recover her mental faculties.

## CHANGE IN NEWSPAPER

The Berg Brothers have taken charge of the Marshfield Times which has been operated by E. E. Barr during the past four years. The Messrs. Berg are both well acquainted with the business, having learned the trade in the office which they are now operating, and should get along with the paper, will devote his attention to other matters.

The Catholic ladies will hold a card party program at the Catholic Societies hall on Saturday afternoon as a sort of a St. Patrick's day celebration.

## WETS AND DRY ARE ARE GIRDING LOINS

Madison, Wis., Mar. 15.—Wets and dry are preparing today for what is believed will be the most bitterly fought wet and dry elections in years in Wisconsin next month.











## PRESIDENT ORDERS U. S. SHIPS ARMED

Also Calls Extra Session of Sixty-Fifth Congress for April 16.

### CABINET BACKS HIS ACTION

Government Will Not Tell Names of Vessels That Are Given Guns and Gunners—Press Asked to Maintain Secrecy.

Washington, March 12.—President Wilson has decided to arm American merchant ships, under his constitutional authority, and also has called a special session of congress for April 16. American merchant ships sailing for the submarine zone have been armed by the government and they are ready to sail.

To Conceal Names of Ships. The names of the armed ships will not be made public by the government and are not expected to be published in the newspapers.

The president signed the proclamation for the extra session on Friday while lying in bed with a cold. Orders for carrying out the president's decision to arm ships were immediately sent to the navy department.

The president decided to arm ships after receiving formal opinions from Attorney General Gregory and Secretary Lansing that he had such authority. In spite of old statutes which some believed forbade it.

Mr. Wilson has the backing of the entire cabinet in taking the step. Guns for arming merchantmen have been assembled at navy yards along the Atlantic coast and everything is ready to carry out the policy announced by the president.

Ask Secrecy for Ships.

The navy department issued an appeal to the American newspapers to refrain from publishing any information whatever of the nature or armament of ships, and already has appealed to the cable companies to suppress all information of ships crossing the Atlantic in either direction.

With the government launched on the policy of arming American merchantmen to defy the risks of the German war zone, the newspapers and all other news-disseminating agencies of the United States were requested to place themselves under a self-imposed censorship.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels, calling the Washington representatives of the newspapers of the country together, asked that all definite information about the arming of ships, or the movement of armed ships be suppressed.

Thinks Country Backs Him.

Because of the passage by the house of the armed neutrality bill and the signing of the manifesto approving such a step by a majority of the senate during its last session, the president feels he has congress and the country behind him. As soon as congress convenes additional legislation on the question will be asked.

Under a bill passed near the end of the last session the amount of money at the disposal of the government war risk bureau for insuring American ships was increased to \$15,000,000. Under the present rule of the bureau the government does not insure ships carrying arms or ammunition.

Tumulty Makes Statement.

The following statement was issued: "Secretary Tumulty stated in connection with the president's call for an extra session of congress that the president is convinced that he has the power to arm American merchant ships and is free to exercise it at once. But so much consideration that he is convinced that it is for the best interests of the country to have an early session of the Sixty-fifth congress; whose support he will need in all matters collateral to the defense of our merchant marine."

May Ask Approval of Step.

It was stated that as soon as the new congress convenes the president will lay before a joint session his views and desires as to legislation. If he wants legislative sanction for his step in arming American ships, congressional leaders declared that it would be promptly forthcoming.

The adoption of a cloture rule in the senate has cleared the way for action in both houses to hold up the president's hands in dealing with Germany.

Immediately following the issuance of the call for an extra session there was a succession of events tending to make it extremely possible that there will be bi-partisan organization in the next house with Champ Clark continued as speaker.

White Book to Tell Plotting.

It became known that the administration is preparing a "White book" setting forth all the evidence of German plotting against the United States, and of the activities of German agents in inciting acts of violence on American soil. These documents are to be published in the event that relations with Germany take a more serious turn.

Before and After.

"When you were courting me," said his wife, "you declared there wasn't another woman in the world like me." "Yes," rejoined the husband, "and I'm glad of it for the sake of other men."

A Queer Chap.

"What's the trouble with you and your fiancée? Is he jealous?" "Well, he isn't exactly jealous, but he's what you might call old-fashioned. He doesn't want me to be engaged to anybody else."

Hardest Part.

Drumming I suppose you labor on the Sabbath and rest the remainder of the week. Village Parson—Not on your order book. On week days I try to collect my salary.

A Mere Snail's Pace.

"Do you call thirty miles an hour moving?" asked the first speed fiend. "Certainly not," answered the second speed fiend. "Still, it is a clip kept it up long enough, I dare say he would eventually get over some ground."

## BAGDAD IS CAPTURED

BRITISH TROOPS TAKE IMPOTANT CITY FROM TURKS AFTER LONG CAMPAIGN.

### BATTLE IN DUST STORM

Drive of General Maude Into Ancient Capital of the Caliphs Called Greatest Victory of War for the Allies—Defeat of Gen. Townshend Recalled.

London, March 12.—Bagdad, the chief Turkish city in Mesopotamia and formerly the capital of the empire of the caliphs, has been captured by the British forces. Announcement of the capture of the city was made on Sunday by the British official press bureau.

The statement was issued on receipt of a telegram from General Maude saying the British forces had occupied Bagdad early Sunday morning. No details of the capture of the city were contained in General Maude's dispatch.

During the day the following official report was received concerning the operations against Bagdad, carrying them up to Saturday morning when the Turks had been forced back to within three miles west and southwest of the city:

"The enemy was driven from this position to another position two miles in the rear."

"During the 9th our forces on the right bank (Tigris) drove the enemy from his second position, bivouacking on the ground gained. This advantage, notwithstanding a blinding dust storm and a violent gale, was pressed on the morning of the 10th, the Turks being pushed back to within three miles west and southwest of Bagdad."

General Maude's drive northward along the crooked Tigris, since the capture of Kut is regarded in London as one of the most spectacular and brilliant feats of the war.

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"When you were courting me," said his wife, "you declared there wasn't another woman in the world like me." "Yes," rejoined the husband, "and I'm glad of it for the sake of other men."

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Drumming I suppose you labor on the Sabbath and rest the remainder of the week. Village Parson—Not on your order book. On week days I try to collect my salary.

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"Do you call thirty miles an hour moving?" asked the first speed fiend. "Certainly not," answered the second speed fiend. "Still, it is a clip kept it up long enough, I dare say he would eventually get over some ground."

## CYCLONE HITS NEWCASTLE, IND.; MANY ARE DEAD

Death List Estimated at From 17 to 200.

### DAMAGE PUT AT \$1,000,000

Residential Section of City Swept by Terrible Storm and Citizens Are Crushed to Death by Falling Buildings—Doctors Rushed to Stricken Town.

Newcastle, Ind., March 12.—Death and devastation filled the greater part of Newcastle last night following a tornado that wrecked the residential part of the city and left the dead and dying in wreckage and on bare ground.

Seventeen are known to be dead and more than 100 injured. It is feared that the death total may reach 150 or 200.

More than 100 houses were torn to pieces in the worst storm Newcastle ever knew, and over 300 were damaged. Newcastle is practically destroyed. The damage will be close to \$1,000,000.

The first identified dead are:

Gray Davis.  
Mrs. John R. Davis.  
Mrs. Archie Fletcher.  
Edward Doniphan.  
James Nellis.  
Elizabeth Day.  
Mrs. Arde Williamson and daughter Opal.

—Razer, man.

With only one telephone wire in use, the town virtually was isolated from the rest of the world and left to recover its dead alone.

The first calls for help were sent to Indianapolis, whence physicians and nurses started at once for this place. Victims Trapped by Storm.

The storm broke suddenly late in the afternoon. The victims were trapped, as the storm seized upon their homes and tore them to pieces, laying them flat or lifting them from their foundations and bearing them away in the wind.

The powerlines were torn to pieces, and the remainder of the night was black as the blackest hour of the tornado.

When the storm had passed, leaving black ruin and the bruised and battered bodies of the dead in its wake, men ran about, shouting, carrying lanterns where they could be found.

Women and children ran shrieking from house to house. Members of families were separated and for hours knew not whether they must mourn the lost as dead.

Stores Used as Hospitals.

These and scenes almost beyond description met the unorganized rescuers who hurried into the city from the surrounding towns and countryside.

The trials of doctors and nurses from Indianapolis was the first organized rescue party to reach Newcastle. They found many dead, but a far greater number of injured requiring their ministrations.

In lieu of hospital accommodations stores and homes that had survived the cyclone were made into improvised hospitals.

Residential Section Hit.

First reports last night about the storm which swept Newcastle, Ind., said the town had been wiped out. These reports seemed to be exaggerated.

From Muncie and Anderson, Ind., and other surrounding towns came word that about thirty persons had been killed. Indianapolis, where state officials were anxiously waiting for word of the extent of the disaster, for hours was without definite information.

Telegraphic reports from the capital were meager, and said:

"Several persons were killed and hundreds injured, and more than 200 houses were destroyed."

An hour after the first reports the telephone wires passed around the business section of the town and laid waste the residential sections.

Newcastle has a population of 15,000.

Troops Sent to Scene.

National Guard troops from Indianapolis and Muncie were hurried to the scene at the request of the mayor of Newcastle.

The cyclone was accompanied by a heavy rain, and the suffering among the women and children who were rendered homeless was intense.

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"It doesn't seem to stand very well in poetry just now," replied Miss Cayenne. "But it's all right in politics."

Present Way.

"Why, where is George's auto, which has been standing here? I thought he would give us a little run in with the car?"

"Oh, the traffic cop has attended to the runaway car."

Of Course.

"We have standardized our office stationery. We have a different color for every form."

"So?"

"Yes; yellow for letterheads, pink for cost bills."

The Reason.

"You never laugh at my jokes?" "I wouldn't dare to."

Why not?

"I have always been taught to respect old age."

## WON'T BE HAPPY 'TILL HE "GETS IT!"



## SEIZE REBEL LEADER

GENERAL GOMEZ AND ENTIRE STAFF TAKEN PRISONER.

Commander of Cuban Government Forces Notifies President of Victory in Santa Clara.

Havana, March 9.—Gen. Jose Miguel Gomez, funder of the present revolution in Cuba, has been captured, together with his entire staff. With his leader and his chief lieutenants prisoners the backbone of the revolution is regarded as broken.

Official information of the capture was conveyed in a dispatch on Tuesday to President Menocal from Santa Clara. The original report emanated from General Miguel Gomez and all his staff prisoners. Presumably the capture was the outcome of the battle reported Tuesday at Quiqueneo.

Speedy execution of Gomez was predicted as the news of the capture spread in Havana.

The announcement of the capture of Gomez was received with cheering and the waving of hats by President Menocal and the army officers gathered at the palace. All officers, soldiers and prominent civilians who later came to the palace also cheered the news.

The government troops surrounded the rebels, he said, and attacked them. Gomez and his entire staff were captured in the running battle which followed.

YARROWDALE MEN ARE FREE

Germany Releases U. S. Sailors Taken by Raider—Prize Ship Crew Sent to Switzerland.

Berlin, March 12.—Fifty-nine Americans taken from vessels sunk by the German raider in the South Atlantic and brought to Swinemunde on January 19 on board the captured steamer Yarrowdale were released on Tuesday. The crew of the ship was sent to Switzerland.

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## Lina's Fortune

By GEORGE ELMER COBB

(Copyright, 1917, by W. G. Chapman.)

"Won't you let me help you?" The voice was pleasant, unobtrusive, respectful. Lina Walters looked up in surprise. Then her face flushed and a manifest embarrassment was visible in her pretty, innocent face.

"I thank you, but—yes, if you please," she said and wondered at her own timidity.

Lina was carrying two baskets and one was unusually heavy. It was covered with a screening, newspaper folded neatly. Mr. Dale Armstrong would have probably wondered if he had guessed what it hid. He wondered at its weight as he relieved her of the basket. Lina was able to carry the basket on her other arm very comfortably.

"I think I know who you are," spoke her escort. "I have heard Miss Barton speak of you."

"Yes, Nellie is my cousin," replied Lina. "We don't see much of one another, though. She is away a good deal and—"

Lina paused there and with tact Mr. Armstrong changed the subject. He understood without an explanation, Miss Nellie Barton was the daughter of a family of wealth. The Walters folk were not blessed with social advantages. He chatted about the birds, the flowers, the lake, the woods and Lina was relieved and interested. Then where the road turned and in sight of a rude old hut, she put out her hand timidly.

"I can take the basket now, if you please," she said gratefully and the young man scanned the depths of her eyes with a realization that they were true, tender eyes, the glowing glimpse of which he did not soon forget.

He lifted his hat and strolled slowly back the way he had come, reluctantly, too, for the lovely girl seemed a natural part of the sweet, fresh vernal frame about them. He was a broker from the city, a close friend of Ned Barton, brother of Nellie, and he had been a guest at the Barton palatial home for a week. Purposely invited or not, Miss Barton had set her snares to capture him, as was power and through possible congressional legislation for the president to force forward, arm the ships and do anything else that may be necessary in the national emergency.

Senator James Hamilton Lewis' resolution declaring it the senate's sense that "The president's power is equal in defending our foreign commerce as in protecting our domestic trade" will still further clear the way.

And now there is no longer any obstruction in the way of the presidential action in pressing international affairs or in calling an extra session of the Sixty-fifth congress to pass the gigantic appropriation bills which are literally clamoring for enactment.

Day by day the word has come to the Hill that the president was waiting for "cloture" before he was willing to consider action on the armed ships and the special call of congress.

Now that his wish is granted and he has cloture, he is ill in bed under Grayson's iron orders. He cannot stir for several days.

The vote on the resolution to curb debate on bills was 75 yeas and 3 nays. Here are the names of the three rebels who voted against the amendment to the rule under which two-thirds of the senate can fix a time for a vote:

Gronna of North Dakota.  
La Follette of Wisconsin.  
Sherman of Illinois.

FRENCH WIN IN CHAMPAGNE

Paris Reports Advance of 1,350 Yards—Loss Is Admitted by Berlin War Office.

Paris, March 12.—German positions on a front of 1,350 yards, varying in depth from 540 to 720 yards, were held by the attack in the Champagne made by the French, the war office reports.

A German counter-offensive was repulsed after violent fighting. Two German attacks in Avocourt wood, on the Verdun front, were repulsed.

Berlin, March 12.—"In the Champagne the French, after drum fire, attacked the positions south of Ripont captured by us on February 15. They succeeded in entering isolated trenches on height 155 and at Maisons de Champagne. From the latter place they were repulsed. A counter-attack recovered for us the trench sections on the dominating height 155. A farm situated lower down was held by the enemy."

Stone Retains Foreign Post.

Washington, March 12.—William J. Stone will be reappointed chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, Senator Lewis, administration whip, said, while the Democratic steering committee was in executive session.

Salvador Wins Fight.

San Salvador, Republic of Salvador, March 12.—The Central American court of justice, upholding for the second time the claim of Salvador, says the naval base which the United States is to establish would be a menace.

Make Prisoners in Raids.

Paris, March 10.—Spirited artillery actions continued during the night between the Oise and the Aisne, says the official report. The French took prisoners in raids in Lorraine and in an unsuccessful German attack.

Four Die in Poorhouse Fire.

Boone, Ia., March 10.—Four persons are known to be dead and several others are reported missing following a fire which early destroyed the Boone county farm, six miles from here, on Thursday.

Report U. S. Liner Safe.

New York, March 9.—The French liner steamer Roma (French), which sailed from this port February 18 with 77 passengers, arrived safely at Lisbon on March 2, the line announced on Wednesday.

Considers New Loan to China.

Chicago, March 9.—The Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings bank, which loaned China \$5,000,000, is considering the advisability of making a new loan of \$25,000,000 to that government.

Peculiarity of Peanut Growth.

It has been noticed that the common peanut grows in a peculiar way that is distinctly original. The little plant sends up its shoots, with the fruit on the end of a somewhat stiff stalk, and then before it ripens the stalk bends over and carefully pushes the fruit underground.

Eat More Fruit and Vegetables.

Irish potatoes and most other vegetables and fruits tend to make the body tissues and fluids alkaline, correcting the tendency of meat, eggs, fish, and similar foods to create acid conditions. Since the body performs its work best when it is neutral or slightly alkaline, this function of fruits and vegetables is important, especially to the hearty meat eater.

Why Boys Love the Farm.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat tells a whole lot in a few lines when it says: "Best reason we have heard yet why boys love the farm is because Willie's calf grows to be pa's cow."



# PRESIDENT ORDERS U. S. SHIPS ARMED

Also Calls Extra Session of Sixty-Fifth Congress for April 16.

## CABINET BACKS HIS ACTION

Government Will Not Tell Names of Vessels That Are Given Guns and Gunners—Press Asked to Maintain Secrecy.

Washington, March 12.—President Wilson has decided to arm American merchant ships under his constitutional authority, and also has called a special session of congress for April 16.

American merchant ships sailing for the submarine zone have been armed by the government and they are ready to sail.

**To Conceal Names of Ships.**  
The names of the armed ships will not be made public by the government and are not expected to be published in the newspapers.

The president signed the proclamation for the extra session on Friday while lying in bed with a cold. Orders for carrying out the president's decision to arm ships were immediately sent to the navy department.

The president decided to arm ships after receiving formal opinions from Attorney General Gregory and Secretary Lansing that he had such authority. In spite of old statutes which some believed forbade it.

Mr. Wilson has the backing of the entire cabinet in taking the step. Guns for arming merchantmen have been assembled at navy yards along the Atlantic coast and everything is ready to carry out the policy announced by the president.

**Ask Secrecy for Ships.**  
The navy department issued an appeal to the American newspapers to refrain from publishing any information whatever of the nature or armament of ships and already has requested the cable companies to suppress all information of ships crossing the Atlantic in either direction.

The government launched on the policy of arming American merchantmen to defy the risks of the German war zone, the newspapers and all other news-disseminating agencies of the United States were requested to place themselves under a self-imposed censorship.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels, calling the Washington representatives of the newspapers of the country together, asked that all definite information as to the arming of ships, or the movement of armed ships be suppressed.

**Thinks Country Backs Him.**  
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After the White House announced the navy department announced "we are prepared as to gunners as well as guns."

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Village Parson—Not on your order book. On week days I try to collect any salary.

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# BAGDAD IS CAPTURED

BRITISH TROOPS TAKE IMPOTANT CITY FROM TURKS AFTER LONG CAMPAIGN.

## BATTLE IN DUST STORM

Drive of General Maude Into Ancient Capital of the Caliphs Called Greatest Victory of War for the Allies—Defeat of Gen. Townshend Recalled.

London, March 13.—Bagdad, the chief Turkish city in Mesopotamia and formerly the capital of the caliphs, has been captured by the British forces. Announcement of the capture of the city was made on Sunday by the British official press bureau.

The statement was issued on receipt of a telegram from General Maude saying the British forces had occupied Bagdad early Sunday morning. No details of the capture of the city were contained in General Maude's dispatch.

During the day the following official report was received concerning the operations against Bagdad, carrying them up to Saturday morning, when the Turks had been forced back to within three miles west and southwest of the city:

"The enemy was driven from this position to another position two miles in the rear."  
"During the 6th our forces on the right bank (Tigris) drove the enemy from his second position, bivouacking on the ground gained. This advance, notwithstanding a blinding dust storm and a violent gale, was pressed on the morning of the 10th, the Turks being pushed back to within three miles west and southwest of Bagdad."

General Maude's drive northward along the crooked Tigris since the capture of Kut is regarded in London as one of the most spectacular and brilliant feats of the war.

## ELECT CARRANZA PRESIDENT

Election of Mexican Senators and Deputies Strongly Contested—Several Disturbances.

Mexico City, March 13.—Elections were held in Mexico on Saturday for president, senators and deputies. The election of Venustiano Carranza, who has dominated Mexico since the overthrow of Huerta, was contested. There were several disturbances reported, but the disorders were bloodless affairs. Mr. Carranza took an active part in the campaign. The election of senators and deputies was strongly contested, judging from the early returns. It was assured that the revolutionary government would carry a large majority in both chambers. Mr. Carranza will assume the presidency May 1.

## BERLIN TO GIVE PEACE TERMS

Havre, France, Receives Report That Germany Considers Announcing Terms to Foes.

Havre, France, March 9.—The German government, according to information received here through confidential agents, is considering the publication of Germany's terms of peace. Under these terms Belgium would be declared independent, subject only to permanent German garrisons at Antwerp, Liege and Namur and to the control by Germany of ports and railways.

Belgium, under the terms, would have no national army, but would be policed by a gendarmierie.

## 625 DIE IN TROOPSHIP CRASH

British Vessel Carrying African Native Laborers Contingent Sunk—Two Hundred Saved.

London, March 12.—The British transport Moulou, of 4,200 tons gross, carrying South African native laborers, was sunk after a collision on February 21 and 625 persons lost their lives.

The ocean's searchlight could not penetrate the fog, but the survivors were rescued by passing vessels. Twelve European officers and 101 natives were saved. Ten Europeans and 615 natives were lost.

## DRASTIC FOOD REGULATION

All Supplies in Petrograd District to Be Placed in Hands of Committee.

London, March 12.—Announcement of all food supplies in the Petrograd district is to be placed in the hands of the municipal authorities. This decision was reached, Reuters' Petrograd correspondent telegraphs, at an extraordinary conference held to deal with the food problem at the capital, which is said to be urgent.

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"I have Jose Miguel Gomez and all his staff prisoners. Presumably the capture was the outcome of the battle reported Tuesday at Quicenas. Speedy execution of Gomez was predicted as the news of the capture spread in Havana."

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News of their impending release was conveyed to the men in the detention camp at Brandenburg Wednesday. Most of them were seamen and were unaware that the George and Mount Temple, upon which steamers were had shipped, were armed merchantmen, and were considered by Germany as fair prizes.

## U. S. MARINES LAND IN CUBA

American Force Guards Santiago, Cuba, From Attack by Rebels.

Santiago, Cuba, March 10.—Four hundred men from American warships have landed and taken charge in Santiago. The cane fields and the Union Sugar mill at San Juan de los Rios, north of Santiago, are burning. The people of San Juan have built barricades in the streets, expecting an attack from the rebels.

Garcia Munoz, civil governor of Santiago, requested of the American consul that marines be landed to protect the city.

**Alleged Spy Is Released.**  
Chicago, March 13.—Felix Wolf, taken into custody on the suspicion of being an escaped member of the crew of the rubber boat, Elton Frederick, and thought also to have been a German spy, was released.

**J. M. Studabaker Ill.**  
South Bend, Ind., March 13.—J. M. Studabaker, Sr., is again in a serious condition and fears are entertained for his recovery. The aged manufacturer was taken ill two weeks ago. He is eighty-four years old.

**Lay Defeat to Churchill.**  
London, March 10.—The Dardanelles expedition was undertaken on the initiative of Col. Winston Churchill, according to a majority report of the commission appointed to inquire into the responsibility of the expedition.

**American Steamer Is Safe.**  
New York, March 10.—The American steamship Mongolia, which left here February 20, the first American vessel to leave with mail since the German war zone declaration, arrived safely at London on March 6.

**Wrote Improper Letter to Wilson.**  
Houston, Tex., March 9.—It became known that an indictment was returned by the federal grand jury against Frank Arnold of Houston, charging that he mailed an improper letter to President Wilson February 4 last.

**J. W. Kern Stated for Post.**  
Washington, March 9.—Former Senator John W. Kern, Indiana, Democratic floor leader in the Sixty-fourth congress, is slated to be nominated as a member of the joint international commission to fill a vacancy.

# Lina's Fortune

By GEORGE ELMER COBB

(Copyright, 1917, by W. G. Chapman.)

"Won't you let me help you?" The voice was pleasant, unobtrusive, respectful. Lina Walters looked up in surprise. Then her face flushed and a momentary embarrassment was visible in her pretty, innocent face.

"I thank you, but—yes, if you please," she said and wondered at her own timidity.

Lina was carrying two baskets and one was unusually heavy. It was covered with a screening, newspaper folded neatly. Mr. Dale Armstrong would have probably wondered if he had guessed what it hid. He wondered at its weight as he relieved her of the basket. Lina was able to carry the basket on her other arm very comfortably.

"I think I know who you are," spoke her escort. "I have heard Miss Barton speak of you."

"Yes, Nellie is my cousin," replied Lina. "We don't see much of one another, though. She is away a good deal and—"

Lina paused there and with tact Mr. Armstrong changed the subject. He understood without an explanation. Miss Nellie Barton was the daughter of a family of wealth. The Walters folk were not blessed with social advantages. He chatted about the birds, the flowers, the lake, the woods and Lina was relaxed and interested. Then where the road turned and in sight of a rude old hut, she put out her hand timidly.

"I can take the basket now, if you please," she said gratefully and the young man scanned the depths of her eyes with a realization that they were true, tender eyes, the glowing glimpse of which he did not soon forget.

He lifted his hat and strolled slowly back the way he had come, reluctantly, too, for the lovely girl seemed a natural part of the sweet, fresh vernal frame about them. He was a broker from the city, a close friend of Ned Barton, brother of Nellie, and he had been a guest at the Barton palatial home for a week. Purposefully invited or not, Miss Barton had set her snares to capture him, as was his rule with unattractive young men of social privilege and money.

Armstrong admired her, for she was really beautiful, but he was conscious of her wiles. There had been a surfeit of her apparent virtue, and the contrast between the proud beauty and the little widow flower he had just left was intense and soul-stirring.

"I say, Armstrong, flirting?" halted a free and easy voice and Ned Barton came into view, his fishing rod across his shoulder. "Wasn't that Lina Walters?"

"Your cousin, she said," replied Armstrong. "Tell me about her. I'm interested."

"Then don't let Nellie know it," advised implacable Ned. "Truth is, Nellie cuts her. You see, the Walters people are the poor branch of the family and Nellie rather keeps the relationship in obscurity. Not but what Lina is a genuine tramp. She's the bravest little soul I ever knew. Works for her folks day and night and is happy and smiling over it. Poor Lina! for she's every inch a lady. Carrying something to Uncle Peter, I warrant."

"And who is Uncle Peter?" inquired Armstrong.

"Oh, a sort of an outcast, a hermit, poor, old, cross-grained. He once sold his heart to the whole town, but he got speculation in his blood and it led him to ruin. Pity you didn't have him for a client in those old golden days of his, to steer him up against real securities that paid real dividends. One day there was an explosion that startled the town. His last dollar had taken wings in the wake of a fading gold mining scheme that swallowed up something like five millions. Then he shut himself up in that wretched old shack down the road and lives to himself."

"And Lina that is, Miss Walters?" inquired Armstrong.

"Oh, I suppose she has pined his loneliness. I hear he is growing frail and weak. The Walters people haven't much to spare, but what they have Lina is probably sharing with him. I've met her luging a basket of coal down there several times. Fancy Nellie doing that for him!"

All of which made a due impression on Dale Armstrong, for he was a big-hearted, true-souled fellow. There was a new arrival at the Barton place that afternoon—a girl whom Nellie and her brother, Nellie proceeded to play this young gentleman against Armstrong to urge up his jealousy and attention. Armstrong saw through the flimsy scheme and was, in fact, glad to be relieved from so much of the company of the shallow coquette.

He kept a lookout for Lina, but he did not meet her for several days. Before he did, there was another link added to the circumstantial chain of incidents appertaining to his formal acquaintanceship with Lina. He was passing the old hut one afternoon when there came a feeble hand. Armstrong made out a figure seated in an armchair just within the doorway. He knew it must be Uncle Peter and advanced quite readily, for Lina was in his mind.

"Did you call me, sir?" he inquired. "I did, if you are Mr. Armstrong." "That is my name."

"You are the young man my niece has told me about, then," quavered the old man. "You're in with the gay, proud set on the hill, but Lina says you are a real gentleman and I know I can trust you. I haven't much to do with people generally, but I like your face. Will you do something for me?" "Willingly, if it is in my power," assented Armstrong with readiness.

**Peculiarity of Peanut Growth.**  
It has been noticed that the common peanut grows in a peculiar way that is distinctly original. The little plant sends up its shoots, with the fruit on the end of a somewhat stiff stalk, and then before it ripens the stem bends over and carefully pushes the fruit underground.

**Consider New Loan to China.**  
Chicago, March 9.—The Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings bank, which loaned China \$5,000,000, is considering the advisability of making a new loan of \$25,000,000 to that government.

**Report U. S. Liner Safe.**  
New York, March 9.—The Pabre line steamer Roma (French), which sailed from this port February 18 with 77 passengers, arrived safely at Lisbon on March 2, the line announced on Wednesday.

# CUBANS RETAKE CITY

REBELS ARE DRIVEN FROM SANTA CLARA AFTER COUP BY GOVERNMENT FORCES.

## MARKS COLLAPSE OF REVOLT

President Menocal Notifies Secretary of State at Washington That Governor Munoz Holds Port as a Constitutional.

Washington, March 12.—Official dispatches to the army department on Friday established that Cuban government forces have regained control of Santiago, the stronghold of the rebel uprising. President Menocal has notified this government that Governor Munoz, in command there, represents him and the recognized Cuban government. Consul Griffith, at Santiago, in an undated dispatch received at the state department, said American marines had been landed there to protect Americans and their property.

The repossession of Santiago and the capture of the rebel leader, Gomez, and his staff are regarded here as marking the collapse of the rebellion. Dispatches do not say whether there was a fight, but say the rebels, "realizing they were traitors about to be captured," threw away their arms and fled to the outskirts.

It appears from the dispatches, which are incomplete, that the Munoz forces took the city by a coup within it and before the Menocal troops marching on Santiago had arrived.

Munoz previously had declared himself loyal to President Menocal and the government and at his request American forces numbering 400 were landed to protect foreign interests.

Havana, March 12.—Carlos Miguel Cespedes, a prominent lawyer of Havana, who was reported to have been killed in battle at Ploetas when Gomez, the rebel leader, was captured, arrived in Havana a prisoner. He was wounded in the head. He has been placed in the Dragones prison.

Washington, March 12.—American marines and bluejackets occupying Santiago appear, from latest navy department dispatches, to be facing the possibility of an attack by the rebel bands waging guerrilla warfare in the city's suburbs.

## COUNT ZEPPELIN IS DEAD

Builder of Kaiser's War Balloons Succumbs at Charlottenburg—Inflammas of Lungs Caused Death.

Berlin, March 10.—Count Zeppelin is dead, according to a message from Charlottenburg, near here. The count died on Wednesday at Charlottenburg from inflammation of the lungs. It was reported. Count Zeppelin, noted aeronaut and inventor of the dirigible balloons, was born in Wurtemberg in 1838. Count Ferdinand Zeppelin became famous at the age of seventy as the builder of the world's first practical dirigible balloon. On his seventy-fifth birthday he navigated his twentieth airship to celebrate the occasion.

His dirigible airships have dropped bombs on cities in Great Britain many times during the present war. London and Paris were attacked many times. Other cities also have been bombarded by these huge dreadnaughts of the air at night, and many persons were killed. The property loss is estimated at millions.

## JOHNSON WILL RESIGN SEAT

California Governor Decides to Keep Office and Appoint Chester Rowell to Senate.

Sacramento, Cal., March 12.—Gov. Elran W. Johnson, United States senator-elect, will resign from the senate next Monday rather than give up the governorship at this time. This announcement, issued at the state capitol, struck political circles like a thunderbolt, so unexpected was it.

Chester Rowell of Fresno will be appointed United States senator by the governor and will occupy the seat to which the people last November elected Johnson by an overwhelming majority.

## IMMIGRATION IS ON INCREASE

English and Scotch Take the Lead in Arrivals for January—Some Are Excluded.

Washington, March 12.—Despite the submarine dangers and other risks, nearly as many immigrants came to the United States during the last six months as in the entire year 1916, when 238,820 entered, the federal bureau of immigration reported. Of the 2,745 immigrants who came in January with the intention of remaining, 3,397 were English or Scotch, the largest proportion, and 1,020 were from Germany. Three hundred Mexicans, 151 English and 121 French were excluded.

**One Killed in Auto Wreck.**  
Chicago, March 13.—Death dashed the all-night motor ride early in the morning when Miss Waverly Anderson was hurled from a skidding car and crushed to death between the car and a concrete bridge.

**Heads Woman Defense Move.**  
New York, March 13.—Mrs. Franklin H. York of Chicago, whose husband is a member of the national defense council, is among the leaders in a movement to organize the women of the middle West in event of war.

**Belgian Industries Stopped.**  
Amsterdam, March 12.—The German authorities, according to the Telegraph, have virtually stopped all industry in Belgium. The prohibition includes all factories employing more than 12 workmen.

**Troops Take 600 Russians.**  
Berlin, March 12.—German troops stormed the mountain ridge of Magyars on the north Romanian front. They brought back four Russian officers, 600 men and several machine guns and mine throwers.

**Sink 204,000 of Tonnage.**  
Berlin, March 9.—German submarines returning between March 1 and 3 from their operations made reports indicating the sinking of vessels with an aggregate tonnage of 204,000, according to the Overseas News agency.

**Mrs. J. M. Dickinson Dies.**  
Chicago, March 9.—News was received at the office of



# PRUDENCE

of the PARSONAGE

By ETHEL HUESTON

(Hobbs-Merrill, Copyright, 1916)

## PRUDENCE FINDS HERSELF BLUSHING AND BREATHLESS EVERY TIME SHE LOOKS INTO THE EYES OF HER HANDSOME RESCUER

Mr. Starr, widower Methodist minister at Mount Mark, Ia., has five charming daughters. Prudence, the eldest, keeps house for him. Fairy is a college freshman. Carol and Lark, twins, are in high school. Constance is the "baby." The activities of the Starr girls—Prudence's work, Fairy's school affairs, the pranks of the youngsters—and the family perplexities, make the story. It is simply a recital of lovely incidents glorified by affection. The preceding installment described the accident suffered by Prudence when she went for an early-morning bicycle ride and her rescue by a strange young man.

### CHAPTER VIII—Continued.

"Oh—whatever will Mattle Moore say to me? It's borrowed. Oh, I see now, that it was just foolish pride that made me unwilling to ride during decent hours. What a dunce I was—as usual."

He looked at her curiously. This was beyond his comprehension. She explained and then was silent a while. "Fairy'll have to get breakfast, and she always gets father's eggs too hard." Silence again. "Maybe papa'll worry. But then, they know by this time that something always does happen to me, so they'll be prepared."

She turned gravely to the young man beside her. He was looking down at her, too. And as their eyes met, and clung for an instant, a slow, dark color rose in his face. Prudence felt a curious breathlessness—caused by her hurting ankle, undoubtedly.

"My name is Prudence Starr—I am the Methodist minister's oldest daughter."

"And my name is Jerrold Harmer." He was looking away into the hazy grove now. "My home is in Des Moines."

"Oh, Des Moines is quite a city, isn't it? I've heard quite a lot about it. You might tell me about Des Moines. Is it very nice? Are there lots of rich people there? Of course, I do not really care any more about rich people than the others, but it always makes a city seem grand to have a lot of rich citizens, I think. Don't you?"

So he told her about Des Moines, and Prudence lay with her eyes half-closed, listening, and wondering why there was more music in his voice than in most voices. Her ankle did not hurt very badly. She did not mind it at all. In fact, she never gave it a thought. From beneath her lids, she kept her eyes fastened on Jerrold Harmer's long brown hands, clasped loosely about his knees. And whenever she could, she looked up into his face. And always there was that curious catching in her breath, and she looked away again, quickly, feeling that to look too long was dangerous.

"I have talked my share now," he was saying, "tell me all about yourself, and the parsonage, and your family. And who is Fairy? And do you attend the college at Mount Mark? You look like a college girl."

"Oh, I am not," said Prudence, reluctant to make the admission for the first time in her life. "I am too stupid to be a college girl. I left high school five years ago and have been keeping house for my father and sisters since then. I am twenty years old. How old are you?"

"I am twenty-seven," and he smiled. "Jerrold Harmer," she said slowly and very musically. "It is such a nice name. Do your friends call you Jerry?"

"The boys at school called me Roldie, and sometimes Hammie. But my mother always called me Jerry. She isn't living now, either. You call me Jerry, will you?"

"Yes, I will, but it won't be proper. But that never makes any difference to me, except when it might shock the members. You want me to call you Jerry, don't you?"

"Yes, I do. And when we are better acquainted, will you let me call you Prudence?"

"Call me that now. I can't be too particular, you see, when I am lying on your coat and pillow with your belongings. You might get cross, and take them away from me. Did you go to college?"

"Yes, to Harvard, but I was not much of a student. Then I knickered around a while, looking at the world, and two years ago I went home to Des Moines. I have been there ever since except for little runs once in a while."

Prudence sighed. "My sister Fairy is going to college now. She's very clever—oh, very. You'll like her, I am sure—much better than you do me, of course." Prudence was strangely downcast.

"I am sure I won't," said Jerrold Harmer, with unnecessary vehemence. "I don't care a thing for college girls. I like home girls." Jerrold slipped over abruptly, and lay on the grass, his face on his arms turned toward her face. They were quiet for a while, but their glances were clinging.

"Did you play football at college? You are so tall. Fairy's tall, too. Fairy's a very good looking. I've tried my best to eat lots and exercise, and make myself bigger, but—I am a fizzle."

"Yes, I played football. But girls do not need to be so tall as men. Don't you remember what Orlando said about Rosalind—'just as tall as my heart'? I imagine you come about to my shoulder. We'll measure as soon as you are on your feet again."

"Are you going to live in Mount Mark now? Are you coming to stay?" Prudence was almost quivering as she asked this. It was of vital importance.

"No, I will only be there a few days, but I shall probably be back every week or so. Is your father very strict? Maybe he would object to your writing to me."

"Oh, he isn't strict at all. And he will be glad for me to write to you, I know. Is Des Moines just full of beautiful girls?"

"I should say not. I never saw a real beautiful girl in Des Moines in my life. Or any place else, for that matter, until I came—You know when you come right down to it, there are mighty few girls that look—just the way you want them to look."

Prudence nodded. "That's the way with men, too. Of all the men I have seen in my life, I never saw one before that looked just the way I wanted him to."

"Before?" he questioned eagerly. "Yes," said Prudence frankly. "You look just as I wish you to."

### CHAPTER IX.

Father Starr Reads the Signs. And in the meanwhile, at the parsonage, Fairy was patiently getting breakfast. "Prudence went out for an early bicycle ride, so the members wouldn't catch her," she explained to the family. "And she isn't back yet. She'll probably stay out until afternoon, and then ride right by the grocery store where the Ladies have their Saturday sale. That's Prudence, all over. Oh, father, I did forget your eggs again. I am afraid they are too hard. Here, twins, you carry in the oatmeal, and we will eat. No use to wait for Prudence. It would be like waiting for the next comet."

Indeed, it was nearly noon when a small, one-horse spring wagon drove into the parsonage yard. Mr. Starr was in his study with a book, but he heard a piercing shriek from Connie and a shrill "Prudence!" from one of the twins. He was downstairs in three leaps, and rushing wildly out to the little rickety wagon. And there was Prudence!

"Don't be frightened, father. I've just sprained my ankle, and it doesn't hurt hardly any. But the bicycle is broken, and we'll have to pay for it. You can use my own money in the bank. Poor Mr. Davis had to walk all the way to town, because there wasn't any room for him in the wagon with my legs down like this. Will you carry me in?"

Connie's single bed was hastily brought downstairs, and Prudence deposited upon it. "There's no use to put me upstairs," she assured them. "I won't stay there. I want to be down here where I can boss the girls."

The doctor came in, and bandaged the swollen purple ankle. Then they had dinner—they tried to remember that to look too long was dangerous.

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## NEW HIGHWAY BILL IS BEING PREPARED

MEASURE PROVIDES FOR BETTER ROAD BUILDING THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

### FEDERAL AID IS ACCEPTED

A System Connecting Every County Seat and Every City With a Population of 5,000 or More Is Contemplated.

Madison—The new highway bill, over which the members of the special highway committee of both houses of the legislature have been working for weeks, has been drawn and is awaiting the finishing touches and some slight changes before it is introduced.

The bill repeals six sections of the present highway laws and creates eight new sections. This will give some idea of its scope and the work which has been necessary.

The opening sentence in the bill declares that the state of Wisconsin, in providing aid for state highways, which provides for the entering into contracts with the proper national authorities is conferred upon the highway commission, which will aggregate something over \$5,000,000 in five years.

The highway commission is ordered to be the trunk line highways, to lay out a system of main traveled roads connecting every county seat and every city with a population of 5,000 or more, it being provided that the system shall not be more than 5,000 miles long.

The road may enter villages of 2,500 population or less, but the system is to be exclusive of every street or road in a village except those where houses are divided by spaces of more than 200 feet.

A special legislative committee, consisting of three members of the lower house to be appointed by the speaker, and two members of the senate to be appointed by the committee on commerce, is to act with the highway commission in all the preliminary work of laying out the trunk line system. While doing this work they are to receive \$5 per day and their actual and necessary expenses.

### ALLEGED BANDIT IS SHOT

Robbers Coming for Concealed Loot Are Given Warm Reception in the Dark.

Oconomowoc—While pitching hay in his barn, George Peters, tenant on the George Wing farm near here, uncovered a suitcase filled with silver and gold glass. Peters immediately notified Deputy Sheriff Bert Morris and the two men secreted themselves in the barn.

Within a short time they heard footsteps. Soon the visitors employed a flashlight and its rays revealed two men entering the barn. They were greeted by the deputy sheriff's sudden order from the darkness, "throw up your hands!" Almost simultaneously a gun flashed.

Then the sheriff fired, and his bullet shattered the bones of one of the robbers. The other disappeared into the darkness and the wounded man was removed to a hospital, where it was said that he would recover.

Investigation revealed that the contents of the suitcase was the property of Miss Zella Merriack and that her large house on Oconomowoc lake had been ransacked.

### HEIRS ARE BEING SOUGHT

Theodore Johnson, a Former Cobbler, Dies at Racine Hospital Leaving Fortune of \$100,000.

Racine—The Norwegian consular service has been appealed to and other efforts are being made to trace the relatives of Theodore Johnson, popularly known as "Bulldog" Johnson, who died at a local hospital, leaving a large fortune. Johnson, who has been a cobbler, shoe merchant, and finally a real estate dealer, is estimated by the public administrator, left a fortune in excess of \$100,000. Johnson, it is said, came to this country from Norway in 1873.

Man Shot, Woman Held. Kenosha—Sam Powell, 23 years old, is dying at the Kenosha hospital and Mrs. Mary Omaze said to be his sweetheart is held at the county jail on charges of attempted murder.

Powell was shot through the head by a twenty-two calibre revolver at the apartment of Mrs. Omaze. The woman declared that the shooting was accidental.

Give Penny Lunches. Stevens Point—A free or penny lunch system is being started in the city schools and the first school was supplied this week. Citizens and the Woman's club are donating money and equipment.

Pastor Receives Call. Grand Rapids—The Rev. H. B. Johnson, pastor of the Second Moravian church, has received a call from North Carolina and will leave shortly to accept the charge.

New Pastor for Green Bay. Green Bay—The Rev. Edward C. Raue, a graduate of the McCormick seminary at Chicago, has accepted a call to the pastorate of Grace Presbyterian church in Green Bay. He will begin work in May.

New Church for Arpin. Grand Rapids—Arpin is to have a new Presbyterian church to cost about \$3,000. The work will commence as soon as the frost leaves the ground.

Organizing Cavalry. Green Bay—The organization of a troop of cavalry for Green Bay has been inaugurated here. Petitions for 100 men were put in circulation. Adjt. Gen. Holway has stated Green Bay can secure a troop to be known as Troop C if successful in securing 100 men.

Locust Probably Extinct. There has not been a serious general outbreak of the Rocky mountain locust since 1880, and this particular grasshopper has ceased to be a pest of any great importance.

A factory in Spain is making paper and pulp from esparto grass.

### ANOTHER \$20 IS ADDED TO CONSCIENCE FUND

Madison—The "conscience fund" of the state is getting to be quite popular. State Treasurer Henry Johnson received a letter from Waupun in which \$20 was enclosed with a request that it be added to the fund. This is the second letter the treasurer has received in three weeks. The first came from Milwaukee and also contained twenty dollars.

### TO PROTECT STAMP SAVERS

Otto Bill, Providing Deposits to Insure Redemption, Probably Will Be Passed.

Madison—One hundred representatives of Milwaukee mercantile establishments came to Madison for a special train to discuss three bills relating to commercial trading stamps before the assembly judiciary committee. At the close of the hearing the committee took the bills under consideration.

The three measures under consideration were the Otto bill, providing for state regulation of the issuing of trading stamps under the direction of the state bank commissioner; the Evans bill requiring companies issuing trading stamps to pay a license of \$5,000 a year to each county in which they operate, and the Hart bill prohibiting tobacco concerns from issuing stamps.

The representatives of the big Milwaukee stores favored the Otto bill, which they said would protect all parties interested in the issuing of trading stamps. The opponents said that there was no public demand for state regulation of the issuing of trading stamps and that none of the pending bills should be passed.

The Kent bill for an eight hour day in plants where state printing is done was advanced to engrossment. Because the bill would increase the cost of printing, it was decided to send the measure to the finance committee for further study. On motion of A. C. Otto the attorney general will be asked to pass on the constitutionality of the bill.

Senator Baxter Wants Tuberculosis Institution for Upper Part of the State.

Madison—Provision for the building of a tuberculosis sanatorium in northern Wisconsin is made in a bill which Senator Baxter of Superior is preparing to introduce in the senate. Senator Baxter's bill provides for the location of the institution north of the center line of the state, and that it shall be known as the Northern State Tuberculosis sanatorium. It is proposed that the hospital be equipped for the treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis, especially for cases in the incipient and moderately advanced stages. The selection of a site and erection of the building is left to the state board of control. An appropriation of \$40,000 is asked.

"This is something northern Wisconsin needs pretty badly," said Senator Baxter. "At present if a person in the northern part of the state, afflicted with tuberculosis, wants to go to a sanatorium, he must go all the way to Wales, near Milwaukee. This is the only state tuberculosis sanatorium, outside of the one at Tomahawk lake, which is more or less an institution for convalescents."

"The need of this sanatorium is shown in the fact that many tuberculosis patients are unable to get treatment at present. The state has a waiting list of more than one hundred persons who want to go to a sanatorium but haven't applied, because they know they can't get in."

NEW ROAD PERMIT REFUSED. State Railroad Commission Dismisses Petition of Capital Interurban Railway Company.

Madison—The Wisconsin state railroad commission has dismissed the petition of the Capital Interurban Railway System company for a permit to build a line of railroad from the town hall in the town of Blooming Grove, Dane county, two and one-half miles southeast of Madison, to Janesville. A permit has previously been issued to the Wisconsin Interurban railway system to build an interurban road from Madison to Janesville, and the capital company wanted that permit revoked and one granted to it instead.

Auto Way Is Open. Neenah—For the first time in six weeks travel between here and Appleton is possible by automobile. Because of the deep snow drifts it has been almost impossible to make the trip by team.

War Veteran Dies. Manitowish—William A. Rickaby, 85 years old, civil war veteran, died here. He was a member of Company A, Fifth Wisconsin, the first company sent from Manitowish in response to President Lincoln's call.

Badger Cranberries Win Medal. Grand Rapids—The Wisconsin Cranberry Sales company has received a gold medal for the finest display of cranberries at the Panama-Pacific exposition.

Held on Robbery Charge. Green Bay—Charles Thomas of Chicago is under arrest here and will be charged with highway robbery, according to District Attorney William Cook. Thomas is alleged to have attacked John Hannick, lumberman, and robbed him of \$100.

Drum Corps Formed. Eau Claire—A drum corps of twenty-five has been organized here to furnish the marching beat for parades and other public events.

Business Houses Close. Neenah—All business houses closed their doors for one hour out of respect for the late J. R. Bloom, prominent local citizen and newspaper editor. Citizens from every part of life attended the funeral services.

Vote Military Training. Eau Claire—After heated debate the Eau Claire board of education adopted compulsory military training for juniors and senior members of the high school.

Accidentally Kills Self. New Richmond—John Olson, Jr., 18 years old, son of the Soo line section foreman at Jewett, accidentally shot himself through the head while at target practice. Death was instantaneous.

More Paving Planned. De Pere—The common council has voted to pave five more streets of De Pere next summer. If the present rate is kept up all of De Pere's streets will have been paved before 1920.

Founder of Crandon Dies. Crandon—Samuel Shaw, attorney, 75 years old, founder of the town of Crandon, died at his home here.

## CHEAPER DYNAMITE TAKES OUT STUMPS

LOWER GRADE EXPLOSIVE IS FOUND HIGHLY EFFECTIVE, SAYS C. D. LIVINGSTON.

### PULLER MEN CO-OPERATE

The Modern Improved Methods of Land Clearing Reduces the Cost and Labor on Cutover Lands and Woodlots.

Madison—The use of low grades of dynamite, at a considerable saving over old methods of using high percentage dynamite for farm purposes, and the use of the explosive in combination with stump pulling machines instead of explosives alone, is advocated in a technical study of land clearing and cutover forest lands and woodlots, issued by the University of Wisconsin.

The report which advocates these entirely new theories for the development of agricultural land, is written by Carl D. Livingston, agricultural engineer of the university, who was in charge of the land clearing special trains which for eleven weeks last summer touched nearly a score of counties in northern Wisconsin, and is not a mere compendium of theories, but a practical abstract of the comparative results achieved in all methods of clearing cutover lands. The Livingston report, because of its revolutionary though authoritative advocacy of new methods, will be a classic among agriculturists in the land which was once covered with forest, now being converted to farm uses. Special trains, which were out for weeks in charge of Mr. Livingston, had the double purpose of educating the farmer and of investigating and tabulating results of all kinds of land clearing experiments in all types of soil.

Samuel S. Simmons Dies. Head of Kenosha Evening News Passes Away in Chicago Hospital After Long Illness.

Kenosha—Samuel S. Simmons, 47 years old, publisher of the Kenosha Evening News and a well known newspaper man of Wisconsin, died at the Presbyterian hospital in Chicago, as a result of an illness which had extended over many months.

Mr. Simmons was born in Kenosha, on Feb. 4, 1870. He was educated in Kenosha and at Cayuga, New York, and later was a teacher in the military school at Manhattan, N. Y. For several years he was cashier at the offices of the Chicago Gas company and he returned to Kenosha in 1901 and joined with the late Eugene R. Head in the publication of the Kenosha Evening News. He was president of the company at the time of his death.

He was editor of the paper for more than fifteen years. Mr. Simmons was a member of the Wisconsin society of the Sons of the American Revolution and the society of Colonial Wars. For many years he had been president of the Kenosha Humane society. He was a charter member of the Kenosha lodge of Elks and a life member of the Chicago press club.

NEW ROAD PERMIT REFUSED. State Railroad Commission Dismisses Petition of Capital Interurban Railway Company.

Madison—The Wisconsin state railroad commission has dismissed the petition of the Capital Interurban Railway System company for a permit to build a line of railroad from the town hall in the town of Blooming Grove, Dane county, two and one-half miles southeast of Madison, to Janesville. A permit has previously been issued to the Wisconsin Interurban railway system to build an interurban road from Madison to Janesville, and the capital company wanted that permit revoked and one granted to it instead.

Auto Way Is Open. Neenah—For the first time in six weeks travel between here and Appleton is possible by automobile. Because of the deep snow drifts it has been almost impossible to make the trip by team.

War Veteran Dies. Manitowish—William A. Rickaby, 85 years old, civil war veteran, died here. He was a member of Company A, Fifth Wisconsin, the first company sent from Manitowish in response to President Lincoln's call.

Badger Cranberries Win Medal. Grand Rapids—The Wisconsin Cranberry Sales company has received a gold medal for the finest display of cranberries at the Panama-Pacific exposition.

Held on Robbery Charge. Green Bay—Charles Thomas of Chicago is under arrest here and will be charged with highway robbery, according to District Attorney William Cook. Thomas is alleged to have attacked John Hannick, lumberman, and robbed him of \$100.

Drum Corps Formed. Eau Claire—A drum corps of twenty-five has been organized here to furnish the marching beat for parades and other public events.

Business Houses Close. Neenah—All business houses closed their doors for one hour out of respect for the late J. R. Bloom, prominent local citizen and newspaper editor. Citizens from every part of life attended the funeral services.

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## Narrow Skirt Is Fashion's Edict

There are some dressmakers who are still holding out that they will not reduce the width of the hems in frocks or suits, but isn't it rather foolish to hold out against a Paris fashion that has been accepted by the American buyers?

Naturally a change in the silhouette of the skirt is a drastic thing. It cannot be lightly regarded by dressmakers, tailors or the public. It is in this garment that fashion takes its most serious somersaults. The wrong cut of a skirt puts one more completely out of the fashion picture than one does. Even the state and the philosopher among women cannot successfully stand this test. If a woman cannot buy a new skirt according to the new pattern, she will cook up some scheme in the sewing room by which an old skirt can be let out or drawn in.

The voice of the prophet was lifted early in the winter, foretelling the incoming of narrow skirts in the early spring, but few listened. The dressmakers shrugged their shoulders, and ready-to-wear manufacturers kept on making skirts with four and five yards of material.

The high waistline. Jenny, Doeillet, Worth and several of their colleagues have introduced the high waistline into afternoon and evening frocks. This is almost as serious a change in the silhouette as the narrowing of the skirt hem. If one is adopted, the other must be, for the low, medieval waistline, which is at the hips, connected with a melon-shaped skirt, is too ugly to think about.

Whenever a skirt has been full below the hips and narrow at the ankles, it has been high waisted. The waistline has been raised in many ways; sometimes the material is cut to fit a deep inner belt and corded or banded to its upper edge; again, it is plaited in small groups at sides and back. Today the plaits are more universal than the plain effect.

The high waistline on evening gowns has to do with the incoming of the First Empire and Directoire periods, both of which have been suggested in several of the costumes that have been turned out by the French designers during the last six months. It was expected that some definite move in this direction would be made at the spring openings, but, evidently, the designers have contented themselves with a few touches from the fashions of those two periods and have let it go at that. Large revers, a high, turnover collar at the back, long, tight sleeves that flare over the hand, and the high-waisted skirt beneath the short jacket are features of the Directoire period.

The evening gown with the negligible bodice, the round décolletage and the high waistline, with the skirt that hangs limply against the figure, are features taken from the First empire.

It is quite evident from the unity shown by the different dressmakers in Paris that they intend to bring in the round décolletage of the First and Second empires.

Doeillet is one of the designers who indorses the court décolletage, as it used to be known. This displays the top of the shoulders and arms, somewhat after the 1840 method which became so well known through the Empress Eugenie, who never failed to display her famous drooping shoulders.

With these bodices there are ornamental straps that go across the upper part of the shoulder. Few evening gowns have any other kind of décolletage but the round one. The difficult line of the Renaissance is not again attempted.

None of the Paris gowns shows any especial or striking novelty in fabrics, although Rodier has been working hard at the production of silks, serges and soft Chinese fabrics. There is no one thing, however, that stands out vividly from the rest and proclaims itself as a desirable.

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QUAINT BONNET AND BAG

A charming "Bluebird" model by Smolin is this mushroom shaped in gold, black-knot trimmed with blue chenille embroidered and inserted squares of multi-colored silk curls. The bag matches the hat in color and has a large Chinese tassel. Although the hat is daintily trimmed, not profusely, it is very neat in appearance, and no doubt will be one of millinery's favorites during the spring season.

The leather strap handle the height of style and convenience. The newest umbrellas are seen either with leather strap handles or white flat handles just touched with the color of the umbrella. Purple is the favorite shade, though green, navy and burgundy are also used. Many novelty umbrellas show a striped border.

Colors for Spring. Pumpkin yellow, Chinese orange, topaz and Roman gold are the choice shades of yellow.

Fuchsia red, Japanese scarlet and Indian crimson are the vivid shades of red that will be used for ornament























## SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

Disillusioned.  
"I wish I hadn't seen my doctor trying to play golf!"  
"Why?"  
"I had so much confidence in him at one time I imagine he could do almost anything well."

## CANADA'S BONUS TO FARM LABORERS

Offering 160 Acres to Farm Hands.

Canada today, with the great demand that is made upon it for foodstuffs, finds itself almost in the throes of a labor famine. A novel means of solving the problem has been evolved by the Canadian Government at Ottawa on Wednesday last, when it was decided to practically bonus every farmhand going to Canada, by giving him 160 acres free as a homestead, and to allow the due he would be working out for, the good wages offered, to count as residence duties on the homestead. Western Canada has been a big producer of grain and it is estimated that there is a shortage of over thirty thousand men, necessary to produce an average crop in 1917. This shortage has been caused by so many young men having left the farms to go to war, and it is essential to make an unprecedented offer of this land, to fill their places on the land at once.

It has been required in the past to do three years' duties on homesteads to get title, but an additional inducement has been offered by practically reducing this term to two years. As explained by an official of the Canadian Government, Canada's need for farm laborers is intense, and exceptional inducements are being offered to get the needed farm workers at once. A farmhand will make his entry for one of the 160-acre farms, satisfy the Government that he is working for a farmer and that time will apply as residence on the land filed for, just the same as if he was actually living on it.—Advertisement.

## CALLS WOMAN WEAK SISTERS

Good Looking, but Physically Unfit, Is the Assertion Made by Aged Viennese.

American women are good looking and clever, but not very strong physically, according to the verdict passed upon them by Mrs. Charlotte de Collier, a Viennese, who spoke before the Women's club here. Mrs. Davenport is in her ninety-fourth year, and is a seventy-four year old, and is the mother of 20 children. She was graduated from the University of Vienna as a professor of hygiene, which, she says, was a great distinction, as "the German universities are hard on women."

It was in teaching the women of New York fencing that Mrs. Davenport became impressed by their physical weakness, and she wanted American women, in consequence, to build themselves up physically.

That women are not thinking very earnestly was another assertion of the visitor. She believes in women possessing strong individuality, of being original and independent as thinkers, and her short, informal talk encouraged women to cultivate such tendencies.

"All are supposed to have five senses," the speaker said, "but some women do not seem to have any. Instead of substituting their own number, they should be adding to them two more. The sixth sense is to know yourself, and the seventh sense is to know human nature in general—to know humanity." Mrs. Davenport said.—New Orleans Times-Picayune.

## Foods Are Increasing In Price But you can still buy Grape-Nuts

at the same price.

This staple cereal in its air-tight, wax-protected package will keep indefinitely, yet is ready to eat at a moment's notice.

Grape-Nuts is full of compact nourishment with a delightful wheat and barley flavor.

The Most Economical of Prepared Cereals

## The Tracer of Egos

Chronicles of Dr. Phileas Immanuel, Soul Specialist  
By VICTOR ROUSSEAU

### THE WOMEN OF ATLANTIS

"THE doctrine of reincarnation," said Dr. Phileas Immanuel to Tarrant and myself, as we sat around the fire in his cozy consulting room, "has always been in India and the Orient in every civilized community. Though I am a Greek, I may say, I believe without contradiction, that the ancient Greeks were the most shining example of civilization, that the world has ever seen. It was taught them by Plato and Pythagoras, the latter having evidently brought it from India and the Orient, having studied it in Egypt. The Mysteries of Orpheus made the belief more common among the religiously inclined. Aristotle tells us that all the climes held it to be the time of our Lord. And Christianity itself is based on it."

"But surely, doctor, the gospels do not teach reincarnation," interposed Tarrant.

"I maintain the contrary," said Immanuel. "Though our Lord frequently said that he spoke in parables, that certain things must be concealed, it is impossible to read the Gospels without coming to that conclusion. Is it not clearly stated in the seventeenth chapter of St. Matthew that John the Baptist was the reincarnated Elijah?"

"Yet," he continued, "this doctrine is too immensely dangerous ever to be allowed to come into universal acceptance. Even in India the masses have but a dim understanding of it. For consider the lives of most of us, the wrongs that are done, the friendships that are broken never to be cemented, the tragic failures, the sense of world-weariness that comes upon most of us in middle life; well, if memory persisted, or if we knew assuredly that at some distant epoch we should take up our lives again, what incentive would we have to make our exits gratefully and to repair, as best we can, our faults?"

"Yet there are many recorded instances where memory does persist, and I shall relate one of these to you. Here is a case where a love was so intense and the resolution for reunion so strong that it was brought to success, and because that resolution was unwise the result was not wholly satisfactory. Does either of you know Field, the attorney?"

"The man who wrote 'The Transgressors'?" asked Tarrant. "Yes, I believe, years ago. A cheerful sort of fellow with a fine sense of humor."

"Yes," answered Immanuel. "A well-poised man in every sense. But 'The Transgressors,' which is his last book published, is not the last he wrote. His latest novel was held back from publication by the advice of Morton and James. They said it was too fanciful, that it would impair the sale of his more serious works. The plot is laid in Atlantis, that ancient continent which, as Plato tells us, sank in to the sea thousands of years before the dawn of recorded history. And the astonishing thing about it is that it is not a fanciful work at all—it is a record of experience."

"How can one tell that?" asked Tarrant.

"Because," answered the doctor, "Field wrote that book by automatism. You know what I mean? I believe it is not an uncommon process; Stevenson is said to have written his finest short story in the same way. Field told me that he would awake out of a deep sleep and sit down at the table, and knowing what he was going to write, as a writer he was not touched by the paper, however, it would begin to scribble at a furious rate, while Field, looking on merely as a spectator, saw the story shaping itself without any knowledge on his part of how it would turn out."

"Field fell in love with his heroine. Her name was Lota; she was a daughter of a priest of the river god, destined to be a temple virgin. The hero of this weird story loved her, their love was discovered, and both were put to death, executed upon the scaffold at once. So much for the fact. But the length of imagery, the realism of the story overwhelmed me when I read it. I knew at once that memory alone could have given such a store of treasure to the world. And afterward I discovered that much of the description tallied with a strange account given by the Popol Vuh, the sacred book of the Guatemalans."

"Field fell in love with his heroine. In the last scene before the sacrificial stone she and the hero swear to meet again and fulfill their love. And then, and the one so soon to be ended, then their breasts are rent by the flint knife of the priest, who sacrifices his daughter to atone for her delinquency. I knew that Field had suffered thus, thousands of years ago, for even the writing of it occasioned him untold agony. He loved his heroine and wept over her; he wrote the last three chapters in a condition of ecstasy."

"Field was engaged to Miss Cynthia Latham, a charming girl from his native town of Salem. Now, to say that a writer's heroine may become rivals of his own fiancée or wife sounds like an absurdity. Yet, as Field wrote, the conviction dawned on him that his marriage would prove to be an unhappy one. Lota, the woman of his imagination, came to fill his heart, until she was more real than any woman of flesh and blood. Miss Latham was not slow to notice the change in him. She questioned him, but Field laughed and ascribed his erratic behavior to overwork. And Miss Latham let her faith override her judgment."

"It was two days before his marriage that Field came to see me. His eyes were bloodshot, his manner indi-

cated that he was upon the verge of a nervous breakdown.

"Doctor," he burst out excitedly, "I do not love her. I cannot marry her. I do not love her. I seem to be possessed by a perverse devil, for I love this woman of my creation more than any on earth. And I feel that in marrying Miss Latham I am committing an unspeakable sacrilege."

"Do you remember that passage I read to you from my book?" he continued. "Though we be severed through each, yet I will find thee at the end?" And then the lovers, embracing, and utterly convinced that some day they will be reunited, yield themselves to the knife without a pang? Doctor, I am that man. Laugh at my idea as you choose, I know it; and I know that somewhere in the world Lota, the heroine of my romance, is waiting for me to claim her. And if I fail her now I shall lose her forever."

"The thing for you to do," I answered, "is to forget about your own hypersensitive emotional personality and think about Miss Latham. How would it affect her if the marriage were not to occur?"

"I know that it would break her heart," he answered immediately. "And yet, what is her love to Lota's? Has she waited for me ten thousand years?"

"Since the beginning of the world," Field, I answered. "Nothing is left to chance, though we make our own factors in the predestined totality. There is one thing that I have learned of life above all others; do the duty that lies before you and let your dreams alone, for these will work themselves out without your volition. If you are pledged to Lota, you have waited for her through a reasonably large number of incarnations, and you can reasonably wait until the next, when you will perhaps have acquired greater wisdom. Take my advice, Field; don't throw your chance of happiness away for a phantasm, but marry Miss Latham and spend your honeymoon in some romantic place where you will learn to send Lota packing back to the land of dreams."

"He did not relish my remarks. Then I suggested that he let me hypnotize him. I thought that I might perhaps effect, by suggestion, some sharp cleavage between the normal man and the dreamer. With his permission I placed him under hypnosis and discovered, as I had anticipated, that the hypnotized state was the real one. Field hypnotized was Field, and not Field the Atlantean hero. So I sent the Atlantean back to his own landings, and when he awoke, Field was quite himself again and laughing at his own dream."

"I shall never forget the haggard look upon his face. I wish I had taken your advice and broken stones," he cried. The old obsession had returned, but immediately a more powerful psychological trouble and thought that he alone was responsible for the coldness that was growing up between them."

"It is only when I dream, doctor,"

"I was still thinking out my problem when I received another visit from Field. If he had appeared haggard before, this time he looked like a madman. He was unkempt, unshaven, and gave the appearance of a man who had been on a prolonged debauch."

"You've got to do something at once, doctor," he said, sinking down into a chair despondently. "Cynthia tried to kill me last night."

"I was horrified and yet not entirely astonished. I knew that, under the spell of her past, her normal life appeared strange and unreal to her. I quieted him and asked him for the particulars."

"It was about two o'clock," Field answered. "Of a sudden I awoke with a start out of a profound and happy sleep. I had been so happy, doctor, I was back again at Salem with Cynthia in the days of our courtship, before ever I was impelled to write that ghastly book. I awoke with a start and sat up. Cynthia was standing at my side, bending over me, one arm flung back. I seized it and forced her hand open. This is what I found inside."

"He pulled from his pocket a sharp stone, with a razor-like edge, evidently taken from the road. It was just as I had seen it in the days of the sand and the harder than a razor blade. It was a fearful weapon; it would have mutilated him abominably."

"She seemed to have been dreaming. She stared at me as though she did not understand, and, I believe, since I remembered this stone, that she has had no remembrance of her attempt. But her nerves are all broken down and she has been lying in a sort of stupor all the morning."

"This incident decided me. As you know, gentlemen, I am the part owner of a sanitarium at Rutgers where I receive patients suffering from just such obscure nervous disorders as Mrs. Field's. I accompanied Field back to his home and persuaded his wife, whom I found in a very nervous condition, to be my patient there for a few days. I took her down the next morning and installed her in a comfortable suite of rooms under the care of a private nurse. Then I went back and ordered Field to meet me at the station a couple of days later. He did so and I took him to the sanitarium also, but did not let his wife know of his arrival."

"The brief rest and the change of scene, above all the separation from her husband, had immensely improved the woman's condition. I paid her a visit in her apartment after dinner and then asked her whether she would submit to being hypnotized. She was reluctant and afraid, in fact," said the doctor, smiling whimsically. "I must

have said, 'I became my normal self again. If it were not for that I think I should go mad. But for my sleep I see Cynthia again as she was when first I fell in love with her. In my sleep I love her more devotedly than ever, and it is this which sustains me against the day, when I lose her. What good will it do to mine words? I hate her by day, and think only of Lota, my beloved.'

"Here was a strange and complex situation. These two people's lives were at cross-purposes. The husband loved his wife asleep and hated her awake; she loved him when she was awake and hated him when she slept. But, as Freud has shown, our dreams are an intimate portion of our personality, and they are the fulfillment of our daily lives; they color our lives just as they take their form from them. Unless I could bring the two in harmony their future would be wrecked."

"I had long formed the idea that Mrs. Field was actually Lota, just as Field was the Atlantean. But so many lives had rolled between them since that last passionate pledge was made, to come, like all wishes, to its ultimate

deceased person had violated all the Commandments, 'and then some,' as the saying goes, and the person was a truthful man and could not bear the thought of going through an idle service. He thought that it would be better on the whole to let the deceased go without making any fuss about it; but he was finally persuaded, out of respect for the surviving family, composed of the best people in the community, to conduct religious services. The casket containing the body of the deceased was taken into the

parson's church and placed in front of the pulpit. There were the usual emblems of mourning and the usual congregation. After the singing of an appropriate hymn and a sincere prayer of Mr. Hinton, arose in the pulpit, and, touched by his sympathy for the grief-stricken family, broke the deep silence by saying: 'One brother who lies before us today had some virtues, but they were mostly of a negative order.' He had spoken the truth, and with telling effect. Washington Times.

ADHERED TO STRICT TRUTH

Parson's Remarks at Funeral Services of Departed Sinner Remarkable for Diplomacy Displayed.

One of the stories the late Judge Braley used to tell with gusto was about the sermon of old Dr. Hinton at the Baptist church at the funeral of a miserable profligate who had lived within the bounds of his congregation, so far as the parson was advised, the

came almost threatening. I had destroyed his earning capabilities. I told me; if I did not choose to restore them I could settle a handsome sum on him in compensation. I had no right to ruin his life. Of course I yielded. But in agreeing to hypnotize him, I told him that under no circumstances would I undo my work again. Indeed, it could be undone. He assented, and, placing him in a hypnotic sleep, I recalled the sleeping giant to the supraliminal world. Afterward Field went away, and he wrote to me a week later saying that he was hard at work on a new novel."

"All this had occurred when I was last in America. I was called back to Athens and did not return for nearly a year. When I did so, one of my first visitors was Cynthia Field. I confess that the sight of her distressed me greatly. I felt sure that some trouble had occurred. Had Field broken down, gone insane, left her? I was surprised and relieved when I discovered that she wished to consult me about herself."

"She had come to realize, she told me, that in marrying Field she had undertaken a responsibility for which she ought to have fitted herself. Her husband was a genius, he was largely self-reliant, but his imagination, to fit herself for this responsibility she had read his unpublished work, and the horror of the denouement had come home to her so strongly that it had unstrung her. She had begun to dream of the book, and in her dreams she was Lota, the Atlantean woman, kneeling with Field before the sacrificial altar, and always she awoke just as the priest plunged the knife into her breast."

"Why is it that we always wake, in such cases, just as we are killed or murdered?" asked Tarrant.

"Because, my dear Tarrant, such dreams always represent a memory," answered Immanuel, looking at him fixedly. "There is not one of us who, in ruder periods of history, has not in some life or other endured a violent death. And our memory goes out with our lives; that is why we awaken."

Tarrant said nothing and Immanuel, after a turn or two about the room, proceeded.

"Well, to present the case concisely, the condition was this: Cynthia Field passed in her dreams into the person of Lota, the priestess. And though in waking life she was devoted to her husband, in her sleep the image of Field presented itself to her as a jarring obstruction to her happiness. He alone stood between her and her happiness. And even after she awoke this sentiment persisted for an hour or two. Gradually her dreams were coming to color her waking life, to dominate it; she was growing to hate her husband, and she was growing to hate to conquer this unnatural aversion. She took all the blame upon herself. I gave her some harmless prescription to make her sleep soundly and wrote an urgent letter to Field, asking him to call on me."

"I shall never forget the haggard look upon his face. I wish I had taken your advice and broken stones," he cried. The old obsession had returned, but immediately a more powerful psychological trouble and thought that he alone was responsible for the coldness that was growing up between them."

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deceased person had violated all the Commandments, 'and then some,' as the saying goes, and the person was a truthful man and could not bear the thought of going through an idle service. He thought that it would be better on the whole to let the deceased go without making any fuss about it; but he was finally persuaded, out of respect for the surviving family, composed of the best people in the community, to conduct religious services. The casket containing the body of the deceased was taken into the

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Parson's Remarks at Funeral Services of Departed Sinner Remarkable for Diplomacy Displayed.

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SHE AND HER HERO SWEAR TO MEET AGAIN.

fruition—you know the text: 'Ask and ye shall receive'—I say, so many lives had elapsed that the soul of each had taken its own course of development. Field was no more the shadowy hero of his book than the sweet-natured New England girl was the Priestess Lota. And this is the situation which I outlined to you this evening at the beginning of our conversation. It was because its citizens had learned too many of nature's secrets that Atlantis disappeared, tradition tells us. If these two lovers had known of the truths of reincarnation, far back in the days when Atlantis stretched, a mighty continent, where now the ocean rolls, they would never have made that vow which, by its very nature, pledged itself to its own fulfillment. Their souls would have passed into the limbo of things, ready to accept whatever was in store for them in other births, and their self-best, but they had vowed to hate their husband, and she was growing to hate to conquer this unnatural aversion. She took all the blame upon herself. I gave her some harmless prescription to make her sleep soundly and wrote an urgent letter to Field, asking him to call on me."

"I shall never forget the haggard look upon his face. I wish I had taken your advice and broken stones," he cried. The old obsession had returned, but immediately a more powerful psychological trouble and thought that he alone was responsible for the coldness that was growing up between them."

"It is only when I dream, doctor,"

"I was still thinking out my problem when I received another visit from Field. If he had appeared haggard before, this time he looked like a madman. He was unkempt, unshaven, and gave the appearance of a man who had been on a prolonged debauch."

"You've got to do something at once, doctor," he said, sinking down into a chair despondently. "Cynthia tried to kill me last night."

"I was horrified and yet not entirely astonished. I knew that, under the spell of her past, her normal life appeared strange and unreal to her. I quieted him and asked him for the particulars."

"It was about two o'clock," Field answered. "Of a sudden I awoke with a start out of a profound and happy sleep. I had been so happy, doctor, I was back again at Salem with Cynthia in the days of our courtship, before ever I was impelled to write that ghastly book. I awoke with a start and sat up. Cynthia was standing at my side, bending over me, one arm flung back. I seized it and forced her hand open. This is what I found inside."

"He pulled from his pocket a sharp stone, with a razor-like edge, evidently taken from the road. It was just as I had seen it in the days of the sand and the harder than a razor blade. It was a fearful weapon; it would have mutilated him abominably."

"She seemed to have been dreaming. She stared at me as though she did not understand, and, I believe, since I remembered this stone, that she has had no remembrance of her attempt. But her nerves are all broken down and she has been lying in a sort of stupor all the morning."

"This incident decided me. As you know, gentlemen, I am the part owner of a sanitarium at Rutgers where I receive patients suffering from just such obscure nervous disorders as Mrs. Field's. I accompanied Field back to his home and persuaded his wife, whom I found in a very nervous condition, to be my patient there for a few days. I took her down the next morning and installed her in a comfortable suite of rooms under the care of a private nurse. Then I went back and ordered Field to meet me at the station a couple of days later. He did so and I took him to the sanitarium also, but did not let his wife know of his arrival."

"The brief rest and the change of scene, above all the separation from her husband, had immensely improved the woman's condition. I paid her a visit in her apartment after dinner and then asked her whether she would submit to being hypnotized. She was reluctant and afraid, in fact," said the doctor, smiling whimsically. "I must

have said, 'I became my normal self again. If it were not for that I think I should go mad. But for my sleep I see Cynthia again as she was when first I fell in love with her. In my sleep I love her more devotedly than ever, and it is this which sustains me against the day, when I lose her. What good will it do to mine words? I hate her by day, and think only of Lota, my beloved.'

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WANT COLUMN

FOR SALE.—Six fresh milk cows, second and third calf. A. Westenberg, Bayou Farm, near Ionia.

WANTED.—Man of experience who understands driving and caring for a first-class car; also to do yard and garden work and take care of horse. Single man preferred. Send name, age, experience and address to L. George, Box 112, Grand Rapids.

FOR RENT.—Good house on 1st Ave. N. and two flats on 1st Ave. N. L. M. Nash.

FOR SALE.—Mrs. Mathews, owner of an improved farm of 120 acres 6 miles from city limits in the town of Saratoga, equipped with much personal property, including stock and farm machinery, desires to sell at once. If not sold by April first she will rent to a good tenant. Apply to Geo. L. Williams, Grand Rapids.

FOR SALE.—House and two lots, east side, 477 1st St. North, 3 blocks from city hall. Reasonable terms. Mrs. Ed Mahoney.

FOR SALE.—15 tons river bottom red top hay in the barn, at \$1.1 a ton. Apply to Bayou Farm, A. Westenberg, Nekoma.

FOR SALE.—Seed barley. Also about 15 or 20 tons good mixed tame hay. A. E. Vollin, R. D. 2, or telephone 4 A 4, Rudolph, 31.

LOST.—A black and white Llewellyn setter. Liberal reward will be paid for information leading to its recovery. Apply to Tribune office.

FOR SALE.—34 Percheron colts, two are colts three years old coming four and one mare, two years old coming three. Sold reasonable. Albert Hamm, Grand Rapids, Wis., R. D. 2.

FOR SALE.—One 2 1/2 horse power gasoline engine in first-class condition. One 12x20 tons good mixed tame hay. A. E. Vollin, R. D. 2, or telephone 4 A 4, Rudolph, 31.

FOR SALE.—Best northern Wisconsin cut-over lands and farms, 40 acres to sections, in the Fruit Belt. Best transportation, roads, schools and markets. Satisfactory terms. Call on or address P. Dumbach, Manager, Bayfield Investment Association, Ashland, Wisconsin. Office: Ashland National Bank Building, R. N. Pomeroyville, local agent.

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GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE

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NOTE FOR MARSHALL  
Justice R. D. Marshall of the supreme court of Wisconsin will be a candidate for re-election at the coming election this spring. We read the people of Wisconsin should vote for Mr. Marshall because he is a good man for the place. Notwithstanding the fact that he is getting along in years, he is still vigorous and is surrounded by the lawyers of the state to be one of the best men on the supreme bench today. His opponent is Walter Owen, the present attorney-general of the state, and he was just elected to the post in last fall, and we believe in following him to serve out his term before electing him to another. After he has finished his present term, we think it will be time for him to come out for the next place.  
Over in Germany they are allowing premiums for each child born, \$12.50 for the first one, \$10.00 for the second, and \$8.00 for the third. This is something the same as photographs; duplicates come cheaper than the original.  
Harry K. Thaw, the murderer of Stanford White, was on Tuesday adjudged insane by a Philadelphia jury and it is probable that he will again be shut up for a time. It is certainly a hard matter to keep a man with a million dollars behind the bars, but in spite of all the twists and turns of the law made especially for this class of offenders, this same Thaw has been forced upon someone who has committed the murder in 1906, and what time he has been out has been spent in deluging the officers of the law and trying to prove that he was not the man who was doing what he was doing. He is still crazy enough to be confined in an asylum.

Several of our exchanges are diverging over the appearance of the snow that fell last Wednesday, which after it had been on the ground for a short time and had thawed a little, appeared to be a very fine snow. It was that blown up from the south (probably from a bono-dry state) while there are others that claim that it was some other substance in the air that was blown up from the south. It was somewhat thick with color, and it was apparently caused by some substance that fell at the same time the snow did. Some people claim that the discoloration was caused by coal dust in the air that was carried down with the snow and which began to show after the top had thawed off a little.

In these times when patriotism is running riot among our most quiet and inoffensive citizens, one has to be mighty careful what he does with his country's flag. There was a time, not many years ago, when Old Glory was used to decorate everything from a package of chewing gum to the stand on which the pitcher of ice water stood. One day a man was making one of his biennial speeches, and we thought it was all right. The chewing gum tasted just as good and the table from which the congressmen talked to the people, the men who were trying to bankrupt the country and put it among the poorer countries of Europe, looked fine and we went home filled with facts and fancy and never realized that the flag had been so decorated and that the man who had dared to use it for a tablecloth was but little less than a traitor to his country. But that is the way it is now, so we are informed. There is nothing it can be used for except to fly as a symbol of our country's freedom and an evidence of our patriotism. So if you are going to use the flag, or some guy may discover that you are breaking the law, and instead of hot buckwheat cakes and maple syrup for breakfast, you are having a visit from the law, with your back to a stone wall and a firing squad for company.

Wheat bran is eaten readily by young calves. Corn has an excellent physiological effect and to a great extent may take the place of the cereal from skinier separated milk. Experiments tend to show that corn fed to calves should be cracked rather than finely ground. Ground oats are mixed with milk and are not so palatable, but in many cases cost much more per unit of food than corn and bran. The following grain mixtures are recommended in the bulletin: (1) Three parts cracked corn and one part whole bran. (2) Three parts cracked corn, one part whole bran, one part ground oats, and one part linseed meal. (3) Five parts cracked corn, one part whole bran, one part ground oats, and one part linseed meal. (4) Oats, ground. Clover hay, alfalfa hay, or the most palatable roughage available should be given the calf after the second week. Alfalfa is liable to cause scours, and should be fed sparingly at first and increased only after the calf gets accustomed to it. At first, hay should be furnished on a limited basis and be placed so that it cannot be soiled. For the first six months, at least, the calf should receive all the roughage of good quality that will keep up clean. When the calf has access to good pasture during the first six months, it need not receive other roughage. It is not advisable, however, to have the calf under two months of age on pasture in the early spring.

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SAKATOGA  
A large number of friends of Mrs. P. Johnson assembled at her home on Thursday afternoon and surprised her in a most pleasant manner. Refreshments were served during the afternoon and a very pleasant time was had by those in attendance.

Miss Severi Johnson and Inert Johnson of Grand Rapids, visited with Mr. and Mrs. George Knutson last Sunday.

The ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. M. P. Johnson next Thursday. Miss McLean, the teacher in Dist. No. 3, gave a basket social at her school last Friday which was very attended and very much enjoyed.

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FEEDING DAIRY CALVES

Early Weaning of Calves on Dairy Farms Necessitates Special Attention to Feeding Methods  
Feeding the calf should begin before it is born, says Farmers' Bulletin 777, Feeding and Management of Dairy Calves and Young Dairy Stock, recently issued by the United States Department of Agriculture. Poorly nourished calves give birth to weak, young calves which are hard to raise. Calves which have an abundance of milk at birth and are healthy, plump and vigorous at birth, and in a healthy condition at calving time are more likely to produce well-developed strong and sturdy calves, which will respond normally to proper food and care.  
The calf should always receive its mother's milk at first, as the colostrum, or first milk, stimulates the calf's stomach and other digestive organs to action. Most dairy farmers keep the calf with the cow for about 48 hours immediately after birth. It may be best to allow a weak calf or one that does not gain strength readily to remain with the cow, but it is sometimes difficult to teach the calf to drink after sucking the cow for a time, and serious trouble may result from its failure to obtain food.  
The artificial raising of calves requires absolute cleanliness. Calves should always be kept clean and be supplied with plenty of dry hay and clean water. Discarded feed should be thrown away in a box which should be thoroughly brushed and cleaned each day. All milk fed should be fresh and clean, which is true also of other feeds. Milk pails should be scalded thoroughly with boiling water, or sterilized with steam if possible.  
Milk from cows having a communicable disease, as tuberculosis, should be pasteurized (heated to 122 and held at that temperature for 30 minutes) before it is fed to calves. Separated milk from a creamery also should be pasteurized, because it is impossible to keep the milk that such milk is free from infection.  
Better results are obtained by feeding young calves three times a day, with the portions between feeding being nearly equal and equal when fed in this way the calf does not overload its stomach, and the digestion of the food is more evenly distributed throughout the 24 hours. Regularity in feeding is important. When calves are fed twice a day the feeding should be as nearly as possible 12 hours apart.  
At birth a 50-pound calf should have about 8 pounds of whole milk a day, while a 100-pound one should have about 12 pounds. For the first four days milk from the dam should be fed, then that from a cow or heifer. During the noon hour the calf should be given a small amount of water. Milk containing not more than 4 per cent butter fat is considered best.  
At the beginning of the third week either whole or separated milk may be substituted for whole milk at the rate of 1 pound a day. The daily ration may be increased from 2 to 4 pounds, depending upon the vigor of the calf. When the calf does not drink eagerly what is offered, the quantity should be cut down. The ration at the end of the third week usually should be approximately one-half whole milk and one-half separated milk. During the fourth week the change should be continued until by the end of the week only separated milk is fed, unless the calf is very delicate. With especially vigorous calves the change to separated milk can be made about a week earlier. The quantity fed can be increased gradually to 18 to 20 pounds a day. Six months is probably a good average age at which to wean calves from milk. The age depends upon the cost of the milk in relation to the value of the calf. Its best standard is the season of the year and the other feeds available also must be considered. When the best of hay, silage, and a good variety of grains are available, the calf should be weaned earlier than if only hay and silage are provided, the calf can be weaned earlier; also the stronger and more vigorous the calf the earlier it can be weaned. On the other hand, the more vigorous the calf the more expensive the owner is warranted in developing it and the later it probably will be weaned. If skim or separated milk is plentiful, calves can be weaned profitably until 8 or 10 months of age.  
When the calf is in its second week it should begin to receive grain, and when one month old it should eat about half a pound a day. After that the quantity of grain may be gradually increased, feeding all that the calf will eat until 3 pounds a day is reached, probably during the third week. It is not so important how the calf is fed as to supply it with the most palatable and nutritious feed available. It is questionable whether the preparation of grain in any way, such as soaking or boiling, is not advisable under most circumstances.  
Wheat bran is eaten readily by young calves. Corn has an excellent physiological effect and to a great extent may take the place of the cereal from skinier separated milk. Experiments tend to show that corn fed to calves should be cracked rather than finely ground. Ground oats are mixed with milk and are not so palatable, but in many cases cost much more per unit of food than corn and bran. The following grain mixtures are recommended in the bulletin: (1) Three parts cracked corn and one part whole bran. (2) Three parts cracked corn, one part whole bran, one part ground oats, and one part linseed meal. (3) Five parts cracked corn, one part whole bran, one part ground oats, and one part linseed meal. (4) Oats, ground. Clover hay, alfalfa hay, or the most palatable roughage available should be given the calf after the second week. Alfalfa is liable to cause scours, and should be fed sparingly at first and increased only after the calf gets accustomed to it. At first, hay should be furnished on a limited basis and be placed so that it cannot be soiled. For the first six months, at least, the calf should receive all the roughage of good quality that will keep up clean. When the calf has access to good pasture during the first six months, it need not receive other roughage. It is not advisable, however, to have the calf under two months of age on pasture in the early spring.

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EVERY ITEM NEWS FOR SOMEBODY

Community Events of the Past Week from Various Parts of the County  
A. J. Larson, state inspector of rural schools, gave a lecture at the rural school at the literary club Wednesday evening. The meeting was held in the school house and there was a large attendance.  
C. J. Allen had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse last Thursday. Among the Marshall visitors last Thursday were Messrs. Louis Luggner, Nick Blom, O. Lindgren, Percy M. Culler and Miss Mae Whitman.  
Miss Mary Moll, who is clerking in B. Whittingham's store, spent Sunday at her home in Vesper.  
Mrs. Dossie Gutter, who teaches at Auburn, and her brother Guy and family near Sherry.  
Mr. and Mrs. Warner Vannatta are the proud parents of a baby boy, born at their home in Vesper. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gervais went packing up their household goods preparatory to their removal to Cedar Grove, where they will make their future home. They have resided here for the past two years, and have made many friends who are sorry to have them leave, but who wish them all kinds of good luck in their new home.  
John Moffat who has been on the sick list, is improving at this writing.  
MIRIAM  
School closed last Friday for a vacation of one month, which it is expected will carry over the wet, disagreeable weather. The school closed on Thursday from Park Falls, where he has been working for a lumber company.  
Frank Porone expects to move this week into the Thompson house. He has a farm of his own but has not his buildings put up yet.  
Mrs. Pfaff is getting material on her lot at the corners for the erection of a new house. She is operating in connection with her refreshment stand.  
Felix Woloski who has been living at Appleton moved back here last week. He expects to go on the road dealing in horses, but will leave his family here.  
Leslie Fox, the nine-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fox, is a patient at St. Michael's hospital in Stevens Point. During the noon hour at school one day last week he was swinging on a rope and fell, striking his head on the ground. He is recovering and dislocated the joint in a very bad way. An operation was performed on the arm last Friday but he will quite likely have a slightly deformed arm as a result.  
The body of Louis Clapp arrived here Monday on the 2:30 train and was buried in the family lot in the local cemetery. He died at his home in Grand Rapids, Wis., of pneumonia. During the noon hour the remains were sent here for burial. Mr. Clapp was a resident here many years ago, and has relatives and friends here who mourn his death.  
PLEASANT HILL  
Geo. Andrews lost a valuable cow last week.  
A large number of patrons of the Pleasant Hill country were present at the meeting last Monday. The speaker was from Madison and gave a talk on cheese. A meeting will be held Tuesday for the purpose of voting on the advisability of buying a sheep separator.  
If you happened to be near Ezra Burk's place Friday morning you would have seen him during the night of the 19th or something like that. The cause was that he was papa to a bouncing baby girl. The mother and babe are doing nicely. They have named her Lorraine Gertrude.  
If a church is composed of card-playing, dancing church members, they don't need to expect to make progress unless it is a church of the Dairies Bell cheese factory.  
One Dukka delivered some cattle to Vesper last week.  
If the school was closed for a few days last week at Valley Junction with Frank Griffin and family.  
Mrs. H. Wright bought two cows last week from Messrs. Hutchins and Pilling.  
Ed Christensen is hauling lumber for a new lot shed which he will build on his place near Vesper.  
Henry Bando is hauling hay to Pittsville.  
Harry Johnson is hauling lumber to Vesper to the planing mill. He will build a new house in his new home which he will build in Rockford.  
Gachnang Bros. are having their well drilled deeper. Chas. Smith of Arpin is doing the work.  
Ella and Walter of Chicago the past week at which place she has secured employment.  
John Duddle and wife and daughter arrived last week at Vesper to assist their father on the farm. Oscar Duddle left Friday for Waukegan, Illinois.  
The neekie social was a success if it was a stormy night and a good time was had by all.  
A large crowd was present at the party at Wm. Hahn's Friday evening. The evening was spent in playing games. Nice refreshments were served. A candy-pull was also enjoyed.  
Elizabeth Amis spent Sunday at home.  
ALTORP  
The town caucus for the town of Seneca will be held next Saturday, March 27, at the school house in District No. 2, west.  
L. D. Miller and L. J. Reusch are attending court in Grand Rapids as jurors.  
E. Grinn and family, who have spent the past winter in Milwaukee, are expected back here to live, and to arrive here Friday.  
Robert Wood made a business trip to Vesper last week. He is now hauling lumber at Vesper. He is expected to be here for some time.  
Mrs. Schiller of Pittsville expects to saw lumber at Frank Knutson's this spring. Farmers are requested to bring in their logs.  
Ella and Mrs. P. Wipfl, Mrs. Jos. Schiller, O. J. Leu, Chauncey and Chester Davis attended the Holstein meeting at Vesper last Saturday. O. J. Leu was elected secretary for the coming year. At this meeting it was decided to hold a large summer picnic near Marshfield.  
We omitted the name of Wm. Dreckman last week from the number that attended the farmers' school at Vesper.  
Herman Arnold is back from Milwaukee where he has been employed.

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March 15, 1917  
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Goggins, Brazeal & Goggins ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Office in the Mackinon Block on the West Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin. Telephone No. 104.  
A. J. CROWNS  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Mackinon Block. Phone 836  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.  
J. R. RAGAN  
Licensed Embalmer and Undertaker  
Home phone No. 69, Store 313.  
Spafford's building, East Side, John Erner, residence phone No. 435.  
GEO. W. BAKER & SON  
Undertakers and Licensed Embalmers  
North Second Street, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis. Business Phone 401. Night calls, 402.  
DRS. FAIRFIELD, BARTRAN & CO.  
CLINIC BUILDING, GREEN BAY, WIS.  
DR. W. E. FAIRCHILD  
Surgeon  
DR. W. E. LEAPER  
Obstetrics, Diseases of Women Heart and Lungs  
DR. R. L. COWLES  
Diseases of Children Skin, Kidneys and Bladder  
DR. J. J. ROBB  
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat  
DR. W. H. BARTRAN  
Disease of the Stomach and Intestines.  
E. WHITE  
X-Ray and Chemical Laboratories  
Condensed Report  
Wood County National Bank  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin  
As made to the Comptroller of the Currency March 5, 1917  
RESOURCES  
Loans and discounts.....\$1,221,401.87  
U. S. Bonds.....100,000.00  
Other Bonds.....79,370.00  
Federal Reserve bank stock.....6,000.00  
Bank building.....50,000.01  
Furniture and fixtures.....3,500.00  
Cash and exchange.....600,742.18  
LIABILITIES  
Capital.....\$ 100,000.00  
Surplus.....100,000.00  
Undivided profits.....38,162.57  
Reserved for taxes and interest.....2,400.00  
Circulation.....98,500.00  
Deposits.....1,721,951.48  
OFFICERS  
F. J. WOOD, President GUY O. BACOCK, Cashier  
L. M. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres. W. G. FISHER, Asst. Cash.  
DIRECTORS  
L. M. Alexander, A. B. Bennett, P. J. Wood, J. R. Arpin, Judson G. Rosebush, L. E. Nash, E. Roenius, T. E. Muller, Guy O. Baeck.  
At Our Brewery  
For years there has been one great big rule that is never broken. It's a standing order to the brewmaster to brew only good beer—and it's being done. That is why so many people who started using GRAND RAPIDS BEER years ago are still using it today. And that is why we are anxious to get a trial order from every home in the city. We know from experience that a trial order means a regular customer for GRAND RAPIDS BEER.  
Order a Case Today  
GRAND RAPIDS BREWING CO.  
24 Bottles for \$1.15 Phone 177

Maxwell  
The World's Greatest Motor Car Value  
\$635  
Quality, care and skill, from first to last, are responsible for the final merit of the Maxwell Car. And merit is the first and most important reason why you should select one of these cars.

The Maxwell Price is acknowledged to be very reasonable; but it is the combination of merit and price that has earned for the Maxwell its position as THE WORLD'S GREATEST MOTOR CAR VALUE.

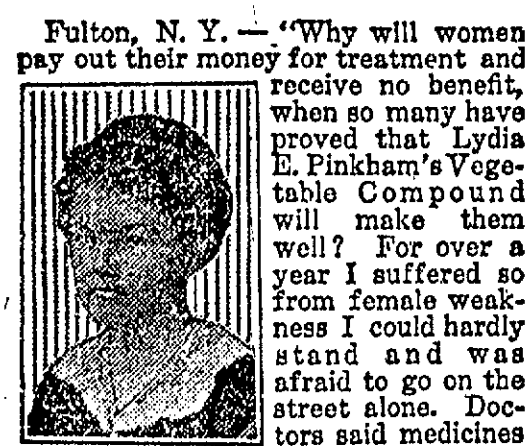
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The Maxwell Price is acknowledged to be very reasonable; but it is



## WOMAN COULD HARDLY STAND

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Fulton, N. Y.—"Why will women pay out their money for treatment and receive no benefit, when so many have proved that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved it otherwise. I am now perfectly well and can do any kind of work."—Mrs. NEILIE PHIPPS, care of R. A. Rider, R. F. D. No. 5, Fulton, N. Y.

Exactly. "What punishment to fit the crime would you give these food speculators?" "The most fitting would be to make them eat crow."

## With the Fingers! Says Cobs Lift Out Without Any Pain

Some corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can be shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority. At little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound, and dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding skin. Just think! You can lift off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or soreness. If your druggist hasn't freezone he can easily get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—Adv.

Free Thought. "Scrubbers is a freethinker is he not?" "Well, no editor will give him anything for his thoughts."

Druggist Personally Recommends Kidney Preparation

I have great faith in Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-root and I really believe that it will do all that is claimed for it if it is given a thorough trial. I have been handling it ever since I went into the drug business and I have heard nothing but the most favorable reports regarding it. Swamp-root is a steady seller and a reliable medicine.

Very truly yours,  
R. J. TAYLOR, Druggist,  
Sparks, Wis.  
Dec. 9, 1918.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You  
Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifteen-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Those Dear Girls.  
Alice—Jack told me last night that I was beautiful.

Mario—And yet you say he lacks imagination.

Doubts the Saying.  
"I don't believe that time is money, do you?"  
"No! I usually have time to spare."

SOOTHES ITCHING SCALPS

And Prevents Falling Hair Do Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

On retiring, gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water using plenty of Soap. Cultivate the use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment for every-day toilet purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

More than 70 per cent of the exports of Jamaica come to the United States.

Knowledge may be power, but it takes gasoline to get you anywhere these days.

Grippy weather this. Better get a box of—

CASCARA QUININE

The old family remedy—in tablet form—acts sure, easy to take. No opium—no unpleasant after-effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on it—25 cents.

At Any Drug Store

CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

Mothers who value the health of their children should never be without MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN, for use when needed. They tend to break up Colds, Relieve Feverishness, Worms, Constipation, Headache, Teething disorders and Stomach Troubles.

Don't accept any Substitute. Used by Mothers for 30 years. Sold by Druggists everywhere 25 cents. Trial package FREE. Address THE MOTHER GRAY CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

GALLSTONES

Without operations. Positive liver & stomach remedy (also Gallstones) acts. Bitter root. Write to Gallstone Remedy Co., Dept. W, 7219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 11-1917.

# Fight Dry Weather With Holes in the Ground

By Robert H. Moulton

Farmers in semi-arid regions of west and Southwest make inexpensive silos by digging pits and lining them with cement. Method may be used profitably in any part of country

IN THE pit silo the farmers of the semi-arid regions of the Southwest have found a valuable aid in their efforts to wrest a living from the soil. In the winter of 1913-14, following the unprecedented drought of 1913, it proved its value to such an extent that hundreds of them have been constructed by the farmers of western Kansas, Oklahoma, eastern Colorado, northern Texas, and New Mexico. In one Colorado county alone—El Paso—the existence of a few pit silos last fall saved \$50,000 worth of live stock which would have perished in the severe winter following the dry summer. There were more than 200 pit silos in this county this past summer.

The silo is getting to be an old story on the prosperous farms of the middle West. The value of the great tank to preserve the feed value of forage crops and utilize them through the winter and spring when the pastures are resting, has been tested so often that nearly every successful farmer has constructed one or more of them.

The pit silo is only about three years old, and has been in extensive use for only two years. It is not a new thing, but it is new in the Southwest, where it is more valuable than in any other farming region in the United States. A few silos have been in use in Iowa, in Illinois, and even in Mississippi, for a number of years, but their use in these regions has not spread.

A silo is a water-tight structure into which corn and other fodder are packed while green so tightly that no space is left for air, and with enough moisture to insure fermentation. The material is generally cut into strips not more than an inch or two in length. In the winter, after the fermentation and curing process have been completed, the silo is opened and the "mash" is fed to live stock. It is as palatable and nourishing as green fodder, and exhaustive and long-continued experiments have proved that beef cattle, milch cows, hogs, horses, mules, and sheep will thrive on it. The process preserves about 90 per cent of the food value of the green fodder. If the fodder is left in stacks or shocks it loses fully one-half of the food value through the drying-out process.

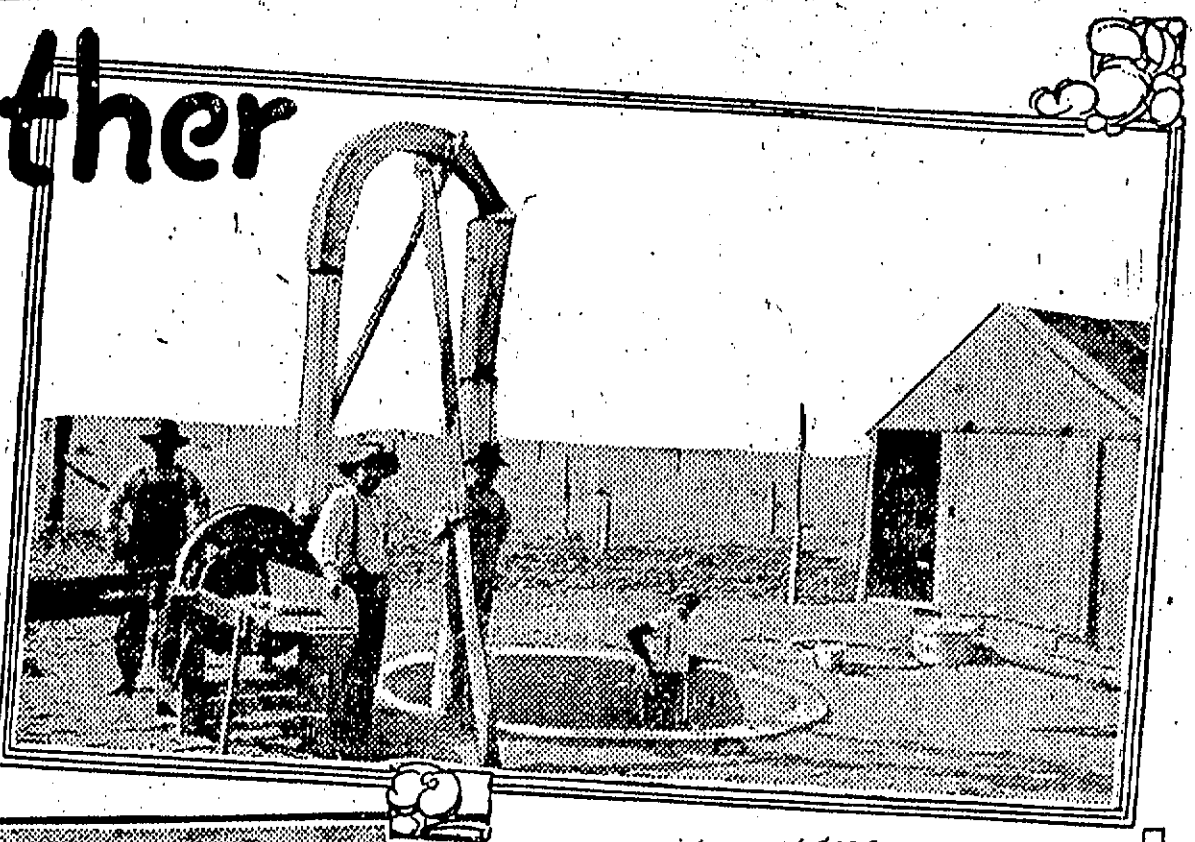
In the Southwest last winter and spring the owners of pit silos learned that the immature and hot-wind dried-out fodder crops, which would have been practically worthless as dry food, made a very good food when converted into ensilage in the pit silos. One illustration will prove its value in this regard.

J. C. Michael is a farmer in the Lincoln district of El Paso county, in eastern Colorado. In August, 1913, when it was apparent that the drought and hot winds had already made it impossible to secure a crop, Michael, assisted by two men working at odd times, built a 35-ton pit silo. The cash outlay was only \$4.45. Into this hole in the ground Michael packed the corn from ten acres, the best of which would not yield more than ten bushels per acre. The corn was immature, and there was no chance for it to improve. If harvested and stacked for use as fodder in dry form it would have been worth only a few dollars per acre.

From late fall until spring Mr. Michael fed the ensilage to 10 milch cows and 12 heifers, 20 pounds a day per head for the cows and five pounds for the heifers. No grain was fed, but the cattle and hogs lived near Michael, and out straw for roughage, given a little millet and oat straw for roughage. The entire herd kept in good condition, and the ten cows provided Mr. Michael with ten dollars' worth of cream every week.

The pit silos in the Southwest are generally nothing more than holes in the ground lined with cement of varying thickness. Some of them are constructed with a heavy concrete collar to prevent the ground caving in and to keep out the moisture. Some of them have concrete extension above the surface of the ground. There are all sorts and sizes and all shapes and kinds of construction, for the pit silo is still such a new farm device that it has not been standardized. The cost ranges from \$4.45 cash outlay of Mr. Michael, to \$150 for the larger ones, with an inch cement lining and heavy concrete collars extending deep into the ground and above-ground extensions. The average cost of the hundreds that have been built ranges between \$15 and \$20.

A number of interesting methods have been brought into use to make the most of this new form of silo. Two brothers, Ray and Ray Harner, who live near Colby, in western Kansas, have discovered a method by which they can dig a 30-foot hole for a pit silo in about two days. They contract to dig pit silos 10 feet in diameter and 30 feet deep



METHOD OF FILLING SILO

In the roof of the barn and blown to the winds. One man in Oklahoma's Panhandle last year, after he had built or dug a pit silo at a total cost of \$10, proved that Russian thistles can be converted into fair stock feed. This man was Albert Stone, who lives near Guyman. When his 15 by 17 silo was finished, with a \$2 shed over it, he found he was short of feed, and filled it with thistles, broomcorn, kafir and milo. The thistles were cut too late to make good feed, but in the fermenting process the thistles were softened and the cattle ate them readily. There was not enough from his 30 acres to fill the small silo, but Mr. Stone found that the results were sufficient to repay him. All winter he fed 7 milch cows, 12 horses, 6 calves, and several hogs, feeding them nothing but the silage. It lasted for three months. As dry feed it would have been gone in three weeks. That pit silo was the only source of revenue on the farm for the year, and the milk kept the family in groceries and other necessities.

Experiments covering a period of three years, made at the Kansas Agricultural college, have proved that silage from corn, from kafir and from sorghum have equal feeding value, ton for ton, for both beef cattle and dairy cows, when each variety is placed in the silo at the proper time. This proper time for corn is when the kernels are beginning to dent, for kafir and sorghum when the seeds have grown so hard they cannot be crushed between thumb and forefinger, and while the stalks and leaves are still green. These tests have proved that the practice in the past has been to cut kafir and sorghum too green to get the full feed value in the silage.

These tests will have a very important bearing upon farming in the semiarid districts. The best silage crop will be corn where the rainfall is ample, kafir where the rainfall is moderate, and sorghum where it is light. Sorghum practically a cure crop, where it is well cultivated, in the driest years in western Kansas and Oklahoma, the Panhandle of Texas, and in eastern New Mexico and in Colorado.

Every farmer in the Southwest, it is said, needs a silo as badly as he needs anything; it is further said that not two men in ten are able to build an above-ground silo because of the expense. The pit silo, costing only one-tenth as much, and capable of being built by the farmer himself, is expected to solve this problem until farmers are able to purchase the more expensive and better above-ground silos of woods, tile, concrete or metal.

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## ACTRESS IS HOG QUEEN OF WEST

Quits the Footlights to Manage 2,500-Acre Ranch in Oregon.

## HAPPY IN HER WORK

Rides 57 Miles on Horseback to Get Points From an Expert in Turkey Raising—Wears Overalls While at Work.

Portland, Ore.—To be a "hog queen of the West" rather than a toasted and much sought Broadway actress, is the ambition now realized by Mary Carr, owner and manager of a 2,500-acre ranch near Fossil, Ore.

Mrs. Carr has slipped at Fame's fountain and found its apparently sparkling waters not to her taste. She has played with Maude Adams in "Peter Pan," with Frances Starr in "The Rose of the Rancho," and with John Mason in "The Witching Hour," but stepped from the footlights to become a breeder of fine stock. "I haven't any thrilling story to tell," she said when asked about her life's work. "I am just living my life—yes, living for the first time a free, wholesome life, for in the old days my first thought on awakening was 'how can I get through another day?'"

Had a Struggle.

"When I went to New York without a name, without relatives and without a 'pull,' you may be sure I had a struggle, but I was determined and finally succeeded; yes, I succeeded just as far as any woman can on the New York stage and stay straight. "When I gave up the stage and came West my sister and I took up a section of land eighteen miles from Fossil. Later my mother joined us and we took up other sections of land, until now we have twenty-five hundred acres. I am growing a large number of turkeys and hogs, but eventually I shall stock the ranch with cattle and sheep also. Last year I raised one hundred hogs and this year I will have two hundred and fifty hogs."

"Last year I raised three hundred and fifty turkeys and this year I hope to raise fifteen hundred. The raising



"Last Year I Raised One Hundred Hogs."

of turkeys is no joke. You know, they are part wild and part tame, and I had a hard time until one day I determined to interview a man who raised turkeys successfully.

"I had to ride fifty-seven miles on horseback, and I asked him so many questions that I have since been known in that part of the country as the human question mark."

Just a Rancher.

Mrs. Carr modestly says she is just manager of the ranch, or "just a rancher," as she puts it. She wears high-topped boots, overalls and a dark woolen shirt. She rises at four o'clock in the morning and climbs around among the hogpens until her mother gets in a panic, believing her daughter will be killed by some stray porker. Last summer Mrs. Carr harvested 100 tons of hay and hauled 70 tons of it herself. She said:

"Last winter one of my most exciting experiences was carrying a twenty-four-pound gobbler under my arm on horseback from Fossil to the ranch—eighteen miles. I knew if the turkey scratched the horse, the animal would run away, and while that in itself would have been a calamity, it would have been far worse to have lost the gobbler."

Mrs. Carr spent several days in Portland recently, but she declared the happiest moment of her stay was when she boarded a train for Condon, whence she took a stage for 20 miles to Fossil. From there the remaining 18 miles was covered on horseback.

## HIDE THEFT A LONG TIME

New York Police Following Trail Three Months Old to Recover \$30,000 in Jewels.

Lenox, Mass.—New York police are following a trail three months old to recover jewels valued at \$30,000, stolen from the home of Mrs. Robert Winthrop of Lenox, news of which has just become public through announcement by a private detective agency. Every effort was made to keep the robbery secret. The efforts of the detective agency have proved unavailing and police of all neighboring cities have been asked to assist in tracing the gems. A reward of \$5,000 is offered for their return.

Wireless Plant for Honolulu. Valuable and wireless station capable of sending messages to all parts of the earth is to be erected at Honolulu by the navy department. It is announced here. The installation will be started in March. The station will have a 350-kilowatt set.

Somnambulism, 75, Is Frozen. Brazil, Ind.—James B. Lane, seventy-five years, and a veteran of the Civil war, is in a critical condition as a result of walking out-of-doors in his sleep while skating on ice.

Breathe and Make Picture. This sounds like an impossible feat, yet is easy when you know how to do it. Mix finely powdered fluorapatite and sulphuric acid to make the thickness of ink. With a quill pen write or draw a picture on plate glass. After it has remained on the glass for five or ten minutes wash it off with water. The glass will seem to be the same as it was, though in reality it is lightly etched away. To prove this, breathe on it, and as if by magic the design will appear.

Did Not Know the Rutabagas. She was not acquainted with the Swedish turnip, known as rutabaga, sold by the street vendors in the Northwest. When she answered the doorbell and found a stalwart Swede repeating with rising inflection "Rutabaga?" she replied sweetly: "No, sir; Lindhart. I am Mrs. Lindhart, and I do not know the family."

And the Judge Must Have Known something about mules and understood the odds.

As a result of the accident the mule owner devised a tail-light to be worn by his animals after dark. It is a light of the simple reflector-type, such as is used by bicyclists. When a pack train of mules is driven along at night each mule is adorned with a light. This enables the driver, far in the rear of the lead mule, to note the position of each animal in line and the direction he is taking.

miscellaneous population of 40,000. It is noted as the place of the tragic death of Persia's most popular politician, as the abode of scoundrels of immense size and unpleasant disposition and as a center for the manufacture of Persian silks.

On arriving in Kashan the American traveler is confronted by the problem of obtaining a lodging. The city contains no European hotels, though the prices generally charged in Persia would indicate that catering to the European traveler is among the most lucrative of occupations, even though a specimen of the genuine oriental bazaar is to be found in the city. Patient search disclosed the fact that the telegraph office, being owned by a European syndicate, though privately managed, can be prevailed upon to grant a shelter to the westerner. Thus we have another proof of the economic doctrine that international friendship follows international investment. The friendship only extends as far as a roof and a floor in this case, but is none the less welcome.

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# WANT COLUMN

**FOR SALE.**—Six fresh milch cows, second and third calf. A West-ern, Bayou Farm, New Rome.

**WANTED.**—Man of experience who understands driving and caring for a first-class car; also to do yard and garden work and take care of horse. Single man preferred. Send name, age, experience and address to L. George, Lock Box H, Grand Rapids.

**FOR RENT.**—Good house on 4th Ave. N. and two flats on 1st Ave. N. L. M. Nash.

**FOR SALE.**—Mrs. Mathews, owner of an improved farm of 120 acres 6 miles from city limits in the town of Saratoga, equipped with much personal property, including stock and farm machinery, desires to sell at once. If not sold by April first she will rent to a good tenant. Apply to Geo. L. Williams, Grand Rapids.

**FOR SALE.**—House and two lots, east side, 477 1st St. North, 3 blocks from city hall. Reasonable terms. Mrs. Ed Mahoney.

**FOR SALE.**—15 tons river bottom red top hay in the barn, at \$11 a ton. Apply to Bayou Farm, A. Westenberg, Nekosha.

**FOR SALE.**—Seed barley. Also about 15 or 20 tons good mixed tame hay. A. E. Vollin, R. D. 2, or telephone 4 A 4, Rudolph.

**LOST.**—A black and white Llewellyn setter. A liberal reward will be paid for information leading to its recovery. Apply at Tribune office.

**FOR SALE.**—3 fine Percheron colts, two are colts three years old coming four and one mare, two good old coming three. Solid responsible. R. R. 2.

**FOR SALE.**—One 3 1/2 horse power gasoline engine in first-class condition; one 12x30 inch screw cutting engine; one 200-egg incubator; one 200-egg brooder. All cubator, one 200-egg brooder. Address Howard Tiekner, City.

**FOR SALE.**—Best northern Wisconsin cut-over lands and farms, 40 acres to sections, in the Fruit Belt. Best transportation, roads, schools and markets. Call on address P. Dunnebecke, Manager, Bayfield Investment Association, Ashland, Wisconsin. Office: Ashland National Bank Building. E. N. Fournival, local agent.

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Grand Rapids, Wisconsin  
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.; 7 to 8 p. m.  
Phone: Office 232, Residence 328

**A. H. FACHE, D. C.**  
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Room 7, MacKinnon Block  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

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Consultation Hours: 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 5; 7 to 9 p. m.  
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Lady Attendants

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Office in Wood Block, over postoffice. Telephone No. 91. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

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LAWYER  
Loans and Collections, Commercial and Probate Law. Office across from Church's Drug Store  
Personal Attention Given All Work  
Office phone 251. Residence 136

**O. R. MOORE**  
PHOTOGRAPHER  
Opposite First National Bank. 25 years behind the camera, but not a day behind the times.

**D. D. CONWAY**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Law, Loans and Collections. We have \$2,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest. Office over First National Bank, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

**W. Melvin Ruckle, M. D.**  
Practice Limited to  
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT  
Riverside Hospital, Office in Wood County Bank Building.  
Telephone No. 254.

**Special today and every day. VICTORIA is the very best flour in the state and we want every housewife to know that if she cares for really good bread and cake she must use VICTORIA.**

**Grand Rapids Milling Co.**  
SPECIAL PRICES  
on Celluloid Window Lights, Back and Side Curtains, Auto Tops, Etc. We also sell new Top and Seat Covers.

**First Class Auto and Carriage Painting.**  
"The Bank that does things for you"

**Sweet's Carriage Works**  
Old Anderson Place near Court House

# GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE

Published by—  
**W. A. DRUMB & A. B. SUTOR**  
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**VOTE FOR MARSHALL**  
Justice R. D. Marshall of the supreme court of Wisconsin will be a candidate for re-election at the coming election this spring. We feel election this spring. We feel election this spring. We feel election this spring.

Over in Germany they are allowing premiums for each child born, \$12.50 for the first one and \$2.50 for each subsequent child. This is something to be proud of. This is something to be proud of. This is something to be proud of.

Harry K. Thaw, the murderer of Stanford White, was on Tuesday indicted by a Philadelphia jury and it is probable that he will again be sent up for a time. It is certainly a hard matter to keep a man with a million dollars behind the bars, but in spite of all the twists and turns of the law made especially for this case, the man who murdered the architect of the city of Philadelphia is now in the hands of the law.

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# FEEDING DAIRY CALVES

Early Weaning of Calves on Dairy Farms Necessitates Special Attention to Feeding Methods

Feeding the calf should begin before it is born, says Farmers' Bulletin 777, Feeding and Management of Dairy Calves and Young Dairy Stock, recently issued by the United States Department of Agriculture. Poorly nourished cows give birth to weak calves which have an abundance of palatable and succulent feed and are in good body flesh and healthy.

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# EVERY ITEM NEWS FOR SOMEBODY

Community Events of the Past Week from Various Parts of the County

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**SIGEL**  
Mrs. Chas. Blomquist and Miss Edith Blomquist charmingly entertained a number of friends at their home on Friday afternoon. Some of the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Tom Blackburn and his wife. The party was very enjoyable and a large number of guests were present.

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**NEW ROME**  
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**ALTDORF**  
The town caucus for the town of Seneca will be held next Saturday, March 17, at the school house in District No. 5, west.

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## Date of Sale Changed

—On account of the storm we did not have our sale on March 14th, 1917. In this herd are five cows that average 16,374 pounds of milk and 650 pounds of butter in one year. Marjorie DeKor Bonstede combines the breeding of 8 cows that average 1,222 pounds of butter in one year. Come to the sale and get their offspring.

J. F. SCHMIDT, Prop.  
11-12  
Aldrin, Wis.

## CATHOLICS SHOW GAINS

Increase for Last Year 458,770 According to Catholic Directory

Wisconsin has 586,875 Catholics ranking eighth in the United States, according to a statistical report just issued by J. P. Kennedy & Sons, New York, publishers of the Official Catholic Directory. The report shows that the number of Catholics in Wisconsin has increased during the last year, passing Louisiana, which according to the report has 547,700 Catholics. There are 17,022,479 Catholics in the United States proper states the report. With sixty-four American archdioceses and dioceses reporting increases, four showing no change in the population figure, the increase of the number of Catholics in the country in 1916 is given as 458,770. The compiler, Joseph H. Meier, believes that the Catholic population, 19,000,000 American Catholics would be a safe figure. The table shows that there are 19,883 Catholic clergymen and 16,520 parishes in continental United States. There are 102 seminaries in which 6,898 young men are studying for the priesthood. Parochial schools, 5,687 in number, have an enrollment of 1,537,644 children.

## DEATH OF L. E. CLAPP

Lewis E. Clapp, one of the old residents of this city, died at his home on the west side on Friday after an illness of only a week, cause of death being pneumonia. Mr. Clapp would have been 82 years old at his next birthday which occurred in April.

He is survived by his wife and two daughters and two sons, the children being: Eliza, Lillian, Stanley and Spencer. The funeral services were held on Monday afternoon from the Congregational church, Rev. H. The Locks conducting the service. The remains were taken to Meelan for burial.

## LAWYERS HOLD MEETING

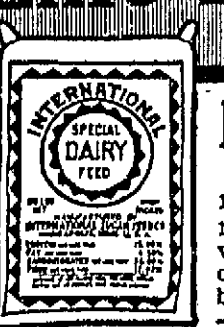
A meeting of the Wood County Bar association was held in this city on Monday at the court house. Among those in attendance from out of the city were C. B. Edwards, E. C. Fors, P. A. Williams, R. E. Andrews and John Cole, all of Marshfield. Among the business transacted was the election of officers for the ensuing year, which was as follows:

E. C. Fors, president.  
B. M. Vaughan, vice president.  
P. A. Williams, second vice president.  
W. J. Conway, secretary.  
T. W. Branzon, treasurer.

## WAS SOME WRECK

Quite a wreck occurred on the Soo Line at Amherst on Monday when nineteen cars went over the embankment at that point. A house standing near the track had a narrow escape from injury as the cars stopped only about five feet from the house. The locomotive got over the place without being derailed, so the train crew escaped without injury.

## Like Pasture in Winter



### It Makes the Milk Flow

Keep your milk yield up to the top notch this winter—by feeding International Special Dairy Feed. Why waste your time milking cows that give only half a mess of milk? Feed them this best of all dairy feeds and get a full pail just like early spring. Costs less, too.

## International Special Dairy Feed

A scientific grain ration that keeps every cow working at top speed. Contains prime milk feeds, cotton-seed meal, molasses, etc. A perfectly balanced ration that increases the appetite and produces milk at the lowest cost per gallon. Costs you less per ton than straight grain. Try a single ton! Watch the milk check grow and feed bill drop.

### Headquarters for Dairymen

Quality goods at quantity prices. We can beat anyone in town on high quality goods for dairymen and live-stock growers. Come and see our advertised goods and prices to please. We handle only the best and guarantee everything we sell to be first class. Get your telephone number here when you come to town.

## McKERCHER & ROSSIER CO

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Organized 1872

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

Capital and Surplus \$150,000.00

**OFFICERS:** Geo. W. Mead, President; Earle Pease, Vice President; W. J. Conway, A. G. Miller, Cashier; H. C. Demitz, Assistant Cashier.  
**DIRECTORS:** E. W. Ellis, Dr. J. J. Looze, Earle Pease, Geo. W. Mead, Dr. Frank Pomainville, Isaac P. Witter.

**STOCK HOLDERS:** The First National Bank is owned by sixty stockholders, nearly all of whom live in this community and take an active interest in the welfare of the bank and its customers.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Condensed from Regular Statement made to the U. S. Government

RESOURCES:	LIABILITIES:
Loans and Discounts \$ 768,945.06	Capital Stock paid in \$ 100,000.00
United States Bonds 100,000.00	Surplus 50,000.00
Other Bonds and Securities 328,517.19	Undivided Profits 14,954.24
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures 25,000.00	National Bank Notes 100,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer 5,000.00	Deposits 1,342,253.79
Cash on Hand and in Banks 384,745.78	
	\$1,607,208.03

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Showing the growth of the First National Bank over a period of years.

January 7, 1908	\$ 586,488.79
January 7, 1910	758,724.92
January 7, 1912	988,499.59
January 7, 1914	1,154,282.17
January 7, 1915	1,239,334.94
March 5, 1917	1,607,208.03

Personal service rendered each individual customer, accounts for the substantial growth shown above. "The reward for doing business right is more business."

## LOCAL ITEMS

Mrs. Peter Zelland is ill with a threatened attack of pneumonia. Mrs. Orestes Garrison was taken to Wausau on Thursday where she will undergo an operation for gonorrhea. Mrs. Herman Margraf of North Dakota is visiting at the home of her brother, Claude Grance, for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Renne departed on Thursday for Nasonville to attend the funeral of Ray McTavish.

Mrs. Fred Gemich of Wausau and Mrs. Alfred Kernin of Mosinee were visiting with relatives in the city the past week.

Marriage is often a ceremony in which a man signs over to a woman the right to do his thinking for him.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Boyles of Saratoga mourn the death of their ten-month-old daughter who died on Thursday morning.

Mrs. Dan Latus who has been a guest at the Paul Latus home the past two weeks, returned to her home in Green Bay today.

Miss Lillian Gettsell of Kellner has gone to Wausau to have an operation for the removal of a goitre. She was accompanied by Mrs. Fred Eberhardt.

Friday, March 30th, is the date set for the next boxing show of the Marshfield Athletic Society. A fine card has been arranged. For the curtain-raiser Archie Trudell of this city and Sam O'Brien of Auburndale will go six rounds. A number of local fans intend to take in the show.

Nancy Jane Black, while coasting with some companions on Wednesday, fell from her sled in such a manner as to run a crocheted hook that she had in her pocket into her side. A surgeon was called and removed the hook and she has since been getting along all right.

There weren't many divorcees in the old days when Friend Wife hampered her alimony out of Friend Husband with a rolling pin.

John Dhein and family visited over Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Anna Buss in visiting for a few days in Grand Rapids.

C. Ramsey of Port Edwards spent Sunday with J. W. Ramsey.

Mr. Alford of Bond du Lac is visiting at the George Alford home.

Mr. Glass is enjoying a visit from his mother who arrived from Chicago the past week.

F. LaBell returned to Marshfield Monday after a short visit at the F. Gallagher home.

J. W. Ramsey gave G. H. Munroe a nice ripe strawberry for his birthday, the 10th of March, raised here in Kellner. Who can beat this?

(Official Publication)  
**REPORT OF THE CONDITION**  
of the Bank of Grand Rapids, located at Grand Rapids, state of Wisconsin, at the close of business on the 5th day of March, 1917, pursuant to call by the Commissioner of Banking.

**Resources:**  
Loans and discounts \$576,272.39  
Overdrafts 2,279.58  
Bonds 32,700.00  
Stocks and other securities 4,000.00  
Other real estate owned 13,123.05  
Due from approved reserve banks 87,729.00  
Internal Revenue Stamps 91.24  
Checks on other banks and cash items 2,842.00  
Exchanges for clearing house 6,470.39  
Cash on hand 15,415.88  
Orders 21,000.29  
Total \$761,989.82

**Liabilities:**  
Capital stock paid in \$50,000.00  
Surplus fund 25,000.00  
Undivided profits 3,157.44  
Due to banks—deposits 38,000.00  
Individual deposits subject to check 321,094.75  
Time certificates of deposit 248,515.95  
Savings deposits 76,021.67  
Reserved for taxes 200.00  
Total \$761,989.82

State of Wisconsin, County of Wood, ss.  
I, E. B. Redford, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear, that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. B. REDFORD,  
(Notarial Seal)  
Cashier.

Correct Attest: Isaac P. Witter,  
Geo. W. Mead, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1917.  
J. L. REINHART,  
Notary Public.

My commission expires February 15, 1920.

## CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Council Chambers, March 6, 1917.  
Council met in regular session, Mayor presiding. Present: Aldermen Ben J. Buehler, Gustaf, Jellner, Goughn, Lohmeyer, Plante, Kohns, Lukasek, Hagen, Kruger, Whitaker, Jackson, Hansen and Lemense. Absent: Aldermen Danielson, Johnson, and Johnson.  
On motion, by unanimous vote, the reading of the minutes of the last previous meeting was dispensed with and the minutes approved.

On motion, by unanimous vote of the council, the clerk calling the roll, the following report of the Board of Public Works was accepted:

February 1, 1917.  
The Board of Public Works met in regular session, Mayor Ellis, Aldermen Otto Rodenas, Gustaf, Jellner, Plante and Kohns, present. Present also, Mayor W. Ellis, Aldermen Otto Rodenas, Gustaf, Jellner, Plante and Kohns, present. Present also, Mayor W. Ellis, Aldermen Otto Rodenas, Gustaf, Jellner, Plante and Kohns, present.

The Merchants and Manufacturers Association, Inc., petitioned for the installation of an ornamental lighting system on the main street of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, between the St. Louis and Grand Avenue, 1st and 2nd Streets.

A resolution praying for the installation and maintenance and lighting of an ornamental lighting system on the main street of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, between the St. Louis and Grand Avenue, 1st and 2nd Streets.

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## CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Council Chambers, March 6, 1917.  
Council met in regular session, Mayor presiding. Present: Aldermen Ben J. Buehler, Gustaf, Jellner, Goughn, Lohmeyer, Plante, Kohns, Lukasek, Hagen, Kruger, Whitaker, Jackson, Hansen and Lemense. Absent: Aldermen Danielson, Johnson, and Johnson.  
On motion, by unanimous vote, the reading of the minutes of the last previous meeting was dispensed with and the minutes approved.

On motion, by unanimous vote of the council, the clerk calling the roll, the following report of the Board of Public Works was accepted:

February 1, 1917.  
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## NOTICE OF ANNUAL SCHOOL MEETING

Agreeable to Section 2 of Article IX, Grand Rapids City Charter pertaining to schools, notice is hereby given that the Annual School Meeting of Grand Rapids District No. 1, to elect commissioners and to transact such general business as may legally come before it, will be held at the Howe school building, situated in the Second Ward of the city of Grand Rapids, Monday, March 19, 1917, at 7:00 o'clock p. m.

Commissioners to be elected as follows:

First Ward.—Commissioner to succeed W. H. Reeves, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

Second Ward.—Commissioner to succeed J. R. Ragan, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

Third Ward.—Commissioners to succeed W. T. Kellogg, whose term expires April 14, 1917, long term; and Theo. W. Brazeau, whose term expires April 14, 1917, short term.

Fourth Ward.—Commissioner to succeed Guy O. Babcock, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

Fifth Ward.—Commissioner to succeed Otto Hein, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

Sixth Ward.—Commissioners to succeed Rev. H. B. Johnson, whose term expires April 14, 1917, long term; and J. W. Horton, whose term expires April 14, 1917, short term.

Seventh Ward.—Commissioner to succeed C. A. Hatch, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

Eighth Ward.—Commissioner to succeed J. W. Natwick, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

C. W. SCHWEDDE,

Clerk of Board of Education.

Grand Rapids, Wis., March 1, 1917.

It will not be convenient to hold the Annual Meeting in the Howe Building owing to the fact that the assembly room has been divided into recitation rooms.

The meeting will be adjourned to meet at the Lincoln Building the same evening, Monday, March 19, 1917, 7:30 p. m., and citizens are requested to come directly to the Lincoln Building for the Annual School Meeting.

It will be necessary to call the meeting as stated above in order to meet the provisions of the City Charter.

C. W. SCHWEDDE,

Clerk of Board of Education.

Grand Rapids, Wis., March 1, 1917.

## LOCAL ITEMS

—Take advantage of our White Sales. W. C. Welsel.

Miss Olga Schreiber has resigned her position as secretary at the Welsel store.

Adding machine paper sold at this office.

E. N. Pomerville has been confined to his home the past week with illness.

It is reported that Chas. Dixon will be a candidate for alderman from the Fifth Ward.

Mrs. W. D. Harvie of Noonah is in the city this week visiting at the home of Mrs. Jennie Taylor.

Hancock News: Harry Midek has bought the Plank building again and is planning to open a store there.

Word received from John Schenck who is in a hospital in Milwaukee that he is getting along fairly well.

Ed Kamppe who has been employed as chauffeur for Geo. W. Mead the past two years has resigned his position.

Alex Hummel arrived home from South Milwaukee the past week where he has been employed the past year.

Attorney W. E. Wheeler returned on Saturday from Milwaukee and is in attendance at circuit court this week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bronson and son George were in Noonah this week to attend the funeral of a relative.

James Glenon went to Chicago on Saturday and accompanied the remains of Russell Hansen home from that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Paetzer and son Benjamin of Princeton were in the city on Tuesday visiting with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John Timm have returned from Milwaukee where Mr. Timm has been receiving treatments for his health.

Miss Margaret Moutzel of Chicago has taken charge of the millinery department at the Cohen Bros. store for the coming season.

Miss Beatrice White was operated upon at Riverside Hospital on Tuesday for appendicitis. At last reports she was getting along nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mounier of Monroe, Michigan, are in the city visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Mounier for several weeks.

Wm. Kane returned to his home in Oakbrook on Monday after spending two weeks in the city visiting at the home of his brother-in-law, Henry Knoll.

Mrs. A. A. Bogger and daughter Violet spent several days at Stevens Point last week attending the basketball tournament and visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lovell of Sparta were in the city several days last week, having come to attend the funeral of Mrs. Lovell's sister, Mrs. Laura Catana.

Save 10 to 15c on every pound of coffee by using Welsel's Special at 25c per pound.

Wm. Jones, Jr. spent several days in Stevens Point last week where he took in some of the basketball games and visited with his sister, Miss Mary Jones, who is teaching over there.

The citizens of Waupaca are preparing to organize a military company. The city of Merrill has already organized a company of cavalry.

What's the matter with Grand Rapids? Why not?

Fire was discovered in the Frank Garber home on Sunday evening and an alarm sent in, but the flames were extinguished before any damage was done. The fire was caused by an overloaded stovepipe.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Mead and son Walter left on Monday for Chicago where they will be joined by Stanton Mead and together the family will go to Florida to spend the remainder of the winter.

—If you want to buy or sell city or farm property, see or call George Forand.

Charley Lockfelin, who is traveling for the Yahi & Lango Drug company, spent Sunday in this city with his parents. Charley makes his headquarters in this city when not on the road, but is kept on the go most of the time.

Earle Pavek attended the Bankers-Farmers convention in Madison this week. Agent Bondor of the St. Paul road reports that thirteen tickets were sold here to parties from this end of the county who went on the special train.

Circuit Judge D. B. Park and Court Reporter Robert Morse of Stevens Point arrived in the city Monday morning for the purpose of opening court in this county. It is probable that the matters in court will occupy their attention for several weeks.

The Ready-to-Wear Parlor has been fortunate in securing the services of an experienced saleslady in the person of Miss Sena, who was formerly in the coat and suit department of Marshall Field's retail store, Chicago. She has modeled in ready-to-wear departments in Milwaukee and Cleveland and comes highly recommended.

According to newspaper reports, Frank R. Compton, formerly of this city, has become engaged to Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of President Wilson. The families of the interested parties deny the story, and have been doing so for a year past, but the rumor continues as persistent as ever. It does not appear that either here knew anything about the matter.

A. P. Bean of the town of Hansen was a pleasant caller at this office Tuesday while in the city on business. Mr. Bean is one of the pioneer breeders of pure-bred Guernsey cattle in this end of the county, and says there is a big demand for Guernsey stock. He stated that only the past week he had a letter from a party who wanted to buy seven carloads of grade Guernseys.

J. W. White of Lindsay was in the city on Tuesday, having come down to file the nomination papers for his daughter, Miss Nora Clymer, who was to make the run for county superintendent of schools. Upon arrival here Mr. White found that he was owing days late in filing the papers, owing to a change in the law on the subject, and the result was that the county clerk was unable to place the name of Mrs. Clymer on the ballot.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Nash and daughter Isabelle returned Tuesday from Washington where they attended the inauguration of President Wilson and took in the sights in general in Washington. During an interview with Senator Hastings, that gentleman stated that he had not given up the idea of getting a postoffice building for Grand Rapids, although he could not state that the chances were very good for securing the necessary legislation.

Fred Sutherland, who was taken to the Riverside Hospital about a week ago suffering from a gunshot wound in the head, is rapidly recovering and will be able to be discharged within a short time. Mr. Sutherland was shot with a 32-caliber revolver in his own hand which he did accidentally by stumbling while carrying the weapon. The bullet entering the right side of his head. By means of an X-ray the bullet was located and removed and the man has since been rapidly recovering. Considering that the man's brain was injured by the bullet the recovery is quite a remarkable one.

—Handsome new spring coats and suits on sale at Welsel's.

George Forand transacted business in Stevens Point Sunday.

G. D. Fritzsche has announced his candidacy as alderman for the Third Ward.

Kenosha Elks have closed a contract for the construction of a new club house to cost \$115,000.

C. E. Keady has been confined to his home by sickness most of the time during the past week.

Martin Jacobson, the architect and builder, has opened up an office in the Gouger building on Second street.

R. A. Keyser one of the hustling farmers and stock buyers of Rudolph was a pleasant caller at this office on Friday.

Joe Rabski who recently bought the Bal Marceau farm near Rudolph was in the city Saturday on business.

Louis Strack of the town of Hansen was a pleasant caller at this office on Friday while in the city on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Bushman of Junction City were among the business callers at the Tribune office on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Belmor, Jr., of the town of Rudolph were among the business callers at the Tribune office on Friday.

Harry Hagerstrom, who is breaking on the Soo line at Stevens Point is in the city to spend a week's vacation with his parents.

Miss Louis Blumach and daughter of Spencer, have returned to their home after a week's visit at the Robert Knuth home.

Emil Scheuler is spending several weeks at Drake, North Dakota, with his school, who is located on a homestead out there.

Charles Benson, who resides on Route 1, near Mehan station, was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Monday.

Frank Kleckhush was able to resume his duties at the Reiland packing plant this week after a two weeks illness with the grippe.

Jacob Lipetz of the town of Saratoga was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Wednesday while in the city on business.

Miss Margaretha Bonow who has been employed in Milwaukee for the past two years, has arrived home for an extended stay with her parents.

Wm. Deschling of Wexley, South Dakota, is visiting at the James Case home in the town of Port Edwards.

Mr. Uselings is a nephew of Mr. Case.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Conway of Orient, South Dakota, and Miss Mary (Ethel) of Lewiston, Illinois, spent the week end at the James Case home.

Chas. Fanderich who has been employed as janitor at the Congregational church the past five years, has resigned his position and J. J. Hamner has taken his place.

I offer my 40-acre farm for sale. Will take house and lot in city as part payment. Also two horses for sale. N. H. Robinson, phone 100, R-4.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Mau departed Monday for Glenwood, Minnesota, where Mr. Mau will be employed on a dredge the coming season for the International Falls Construction Co.

C. E. Hewitt if you want to sell or exchange your farm. See E. N. Pomerville if you want Fire Insurance. Hewitt & Pomerville handle all kinds of real estate.

Merton Maxam of the town of Romeo, Adams county, was among the callers at the Tribune office on Monday. Mr. Maxam reports that there is still plenty of snow down his way.

Mr. and Mrs. George Forand and children returned Friday morning from Chicago, where they had spent the past week visiting with Mr. Forand's mother and attending to some business matters.

John Bell, Sr. will be a candidate for supervisor from the Seventh ward again this spring. John comes out on a platform of "Justice to All," and he says that he means just what he says in this respect.

Fred Ackerman of the town of Saratoga was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Saturday. Mr. Ackerman has his name enrolled on the list of Tribune readers while in the city.

The Wisconsin Cranberry Sales company have received a medal from the Panama-Pacific Exposition for having the best exhibit of cranberries at the exposition. They had nine varieties on exhibition.

Joseph Marach of Sigel was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Saturday, having dropped in to advance his subscription for another year. Mr. Marach reported the roads rather bad out his way on Saturday.

Clarence Christensen, who holds a responsible position with a large paper mill engineering firm in Chicago, was in the city on Saturday and Sunday looking after some business matters and visiting with friends.

Delayed shipment of Welsel's 25c coffee has arrived. Can fill orders again.

Leo Rousch of Alford was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Monday. Mr. Rousch drove down that morning and reported that the mild weather had apparently not effected the snow much of any in the country.

It is probable that there will be quite a troop of city Scouts in this city since Leonard Kinsler began to interview the young people in the matter. A large number of the boys have signified their intention of joining and it is probable that a company of Junior Scouts will be organized.

Mrs. S. N. Whittlesey, writing from Cranmore under date of March 3, says: "This is our first mail out since January 17, and only a week ago we were allowed to get mail, and then only by a trip to Babcock. We realize what mail service means and are more than thankful to regain our tri-weekly mail."

—Hewitt & Pomerville, the real estate hustlers, are getting up a booklet which will be distributed throughout the state. All those with farms to sell or exchange had better see them at once so as to get their property listed in the pamphlet. 3t

Ed Daly, who has been located at Hettiger, North Dakota, for several years past, has sold out his business there and has moved to Minneapolis where he has accepted a position with the Firestone Tire Company as their district agent. At that point Mr. Daly was operating a garage business at Hettiger and had one of the best propositions of the kind in that section and was one of the energetic business men of the section.

Fred Henke has announced himself as a candidate for supervisor of the Fifth Ward. Mr. Henke will make a good man for the place as he had the office of supervisor for the town of Sigel for a number of terms when living on the farm. Mr. Henke has also held the office of secretary of the Seneca, Sigel and Rudolph Fire Insurance company for a number of terms, and was one of the originators of that company. The voters of the Fifth ward will make no mistake in electing Mr. Henke.

—Have you seen that good-looking, smiling fat man? His name is C. E. Hewitt, and he handles real estate. His office is in the MacKinnon block. Phone 1000. 3t

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Downie and children of Tomah, who have been visiting at the O. R. Moore home during the past three weeks, returned to their home on Tuesday.

—Now is the time to list up your farms and city property if you want to sell or exchange. Hewitt & Pomerville are the boys that handle all sorts and sell them early. Phones 1000 and 216. Office in MacKinnon block. 3t

Thirty-one beaver have been successfully trapped by northern Wisconsin conservation wardens during the last nine months, and transferred to Trout Lake and other places in the state for safe-keeping.

Complaints from farmers that beaver dams were flooding their property, caused the issuance of orders for the capture and transfer of the beaver. Traps wound with cloth prevented the trapped animals from receiving serious injury, and so far as the wardens have reported, not a single beaver thus caught by state officials received injuries sufficient to cause death.

Beavers as a rule, work only at night, and a person may watch by a "live" dam for days at a time without being able to catch a glimpse of a worker, but an exception is reported by the wardens at Iron River, where a colony in the edge of the city became so accustomed to the presence of mankind, that they worked openly during the day, building dams and repairing them by plastering, and jelling trees.

## HOT SCHOOL LUNCHEES

(Miss Maynard Downes)

"I can't tell you what the hot lunch has meant to my school," writes a rural school teacher. "We started serving last fall. We have a social to raise the money for equipment. Some of the fathers and mothers were skeptical over this new notion of cooking in the school house. Now, however, they are as enthusiastic as I am. After several months of serving hot lunches, I find that my pupils look better and do better work than they did last year. The afternoon work does not drag as it formerly did. There are less than the customary number of 'tired out' and 'run down' pupils."

The hot lunch in rural schools has both health and educational value. For the child who must carry his noon lunch, the addition of a hot dish means increased body nourishment and consequently renewed zest for the lessons of the afternoon.

One article of food, to supplement the cold lunches brought from home, is prepared by the pupils each day, under the direction of the teacher. This dish may be cocoa, a creamed soup, a cooked cereal, or even potatoes or other vegetables prepared in various ways.

The hot lunch idea is spreading rapidly thru the rural schools of Wisconsin. Its benefit is so pronounced that each day adds to the number of schools adopting it.

The teacher is given an opportunity to teach her pupils correct table behavior. A taste for simple, wholesome dishes, in preference to highly seasoned, poorly cooked, or otherwise indigestible food may be cultivated in the school, and coffee, pie, pickles, and other articles not desirable for children be gradually eliminated.

When the children bring plates, cups, spoons, etc., from home, the equipment necessary for serving from twenty to thirty pupils costs about \$2.00. Manual work in preparation of the hot dish is usually furnished by the children in turn. The expense and work required to serve a hot lunch is inconsiderable.

The direct benefit to the children and the indirect profit to the community are great.

Nomination blanks for sale at the Tribune office.

Thousands Praise MAYR'S Wonderful Remedy for the Stomach

Enormous Army of Stomach Sufferers Led to Health by Single Dose.

Stomach trouble causes a multitude of ailments, and often results in gall stones, yellow jaundice, acute and chronic indigestion, appendicitis, constipation, auto-intoxication, gas pressure, fear of heart disease, cancer and ulcers of the stomach and intestines, etc., etc. One dose of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy has proven successful in thousands of cases of stomach trouble. This explains its enormous sale. Has been taken and is recommended by physicians, justices of the Supreme Court, Congressmen, lawyers, nurses, ministers, farmers, educators, mechanics—probably your own neighbor. Many owe their lives to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Thousands say it has saved them from the knife. Contains no alcohol or habit-forming drugs. FREE booklet on Stomach Ailments. Address Geo. E. Mayr, Mfg. Chemist, Chicago. Better yet—obtain a bottle of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy from Otto's Pharmacy, or any reliable druggist, who will refund your money if it fails.

COAL AND WOOD

The Best Grades at Reasonable Prices.

CALL US UP AT Phone 410 or 5

BOSSERT BROTHERS

WOOD AND COAL YARDS

WELL DRILLING!

We are prepared to do your WELL DRILLING

at reasonable prices. We have two modern machines and will operate year 'round.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

CARL KRONHOLM

Phone 323 Rudolph

Address Grand Rapids, Wis., R. 4

**The Old Line Life Insurance Company of America**  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

## Greater Financial Strength and Progress.

The Year 1916 as shown in The Annual Report of the Company.

Cash Capital, Surplus and Legal Reserve held for protection of Policy Holders	\$1,593,721.11
Assets, Dec. 31, 1916	1,514,307.20
Income of Assets in 1916	770,090.65
Total Income in Assets, share organization	770,090.65
Insurance Paid for in 1916	2,008,105.00
Insurance in Force, Dec. 31, 1916	9,431,004.00
Net Gain of Insurance in Force	1,782,004.00

The substantial gain in resources and the progress in writing insurance indicated by the above figures from The Old Line Life Insurance Company's Annual Report will be an assurance to policy holders that this company is strong and that it goes forward without a halt.

The growth in the insurance account over 1915 is striking. It is 21% in insurance written and paid for; 23% in insurance in force, and 27% in net increase of assets in force.

## GROWTH BY YEARS.

Assets	Insurance in Force
1910—\$ 806,913.39	1910—\$ 770,509.89
1913—1,000,807.48	1913—1,080,500.00
1916—1,514,307.20	1916—9,431,004.00

This is a showing unexcelled in any particular by previous annual statements of The Old Line Life Insurance Company of America. Such progress guarantees continued prosperity. The company requires added momentum, year by year, as its influence and field grow, and broaden.

The Accident and Health Department in prospect and showed a healthy growth of 30% for the past year.

Report J. Fry,

President.

**THE OLD LINE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA**  
Home Office,  
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

**FORD**  
The Universal Car

THE FORD MOTOR COMPANY WILL SHIP US CARS ONLY WHEN SOLD

A good many of the wisest are buying their Fords now and letting us hold them until the roads open up.

A farmer buys his seed in advance of sowing time. Everyone orders their suits made in advance of the day they want to use them. Why not apply the same reasoning to the purchase of a Ford car?

Everybody wants their car on May 1st, so it is reasonable to suppose if everyone holds out until that date, thousands will be disappointed.

BUY YOUR FORD NOW

TOURING - \$360.00 RUNABOUT - \$315.00  
F. O. B. Detroit

**JENSEN & EBBE, Agents**  
Grand Rapids, Wis.

Thousands Praise MAYR'S Wonderful Remedy for the Stomach

Enormous Army of Stomach Sufferers Led to Health by Single Dose.

Stomach trouble causes a multitude of ailments, and often results in gall stones, yellow jaundice, acute and chronic indigestion, appendicitis, constipation, auto-intoxication, gas pressure, fear of heart disease, cancer and ulcers of the stomach and intestines, etc., etc. One dose of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy has proven successful in thousands of cases of stomach trouble. This explains its enormous sale. Has been taken and is recommended by physicians, justices of the Supreme Court, Congressmen, lawyers, nurses, ministers, farmers, educators, mechanics—probably your own neighbor. Many owe their lives to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Thousands say it has saved them from the knife. Contains no alcohol or habit-forming drugs. FREE booklet on Stomach Ailments. Address Geo. E. Mayr, Mfg. Chemist, Chicago. Better yet—obtain a bottle of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy from Otto's Pharmacy, or any reliable druggist, who will refund your money if it fails.

**Why we Sell STYLEPLUS CLOTHES \$17**  
There's a Reason

We believe in the policy behind them. The manufacturers specialized on this suit of one never changing price. They cut down costs and with the savings put in better fabrics and better tailoring.

**Styleplus \$17**  
Clothes

are the result of centering a business upon one idea and excelling at it. That brings volume. And volume makes it possible to do business at low profit.

All wool fabrics; skilful tailoring; guaranteed wear for \$17.

**Johnson & Hill Co.**

**Bank of Grand Rapids**  
West Side

Pay by Check

**Have a Record This Year**

Mr. Farmer—This year you should have a record of all sales and purchases, loans and interest payments.

It isn't necessary that you keep a set of intricate books to do this—OPEN A CHECK ACCOUNT AT THIS BANK.

Make all deposits here, pay all bills by check, and WE'LL DO THE BOOKKEEPING FOR YOU.

We furnish all check-books, deposit-books and slips without charge.

**W-B CUT Chewing**

THE GOOD JUDGE PUTS HIM ON THE ROAD TO CONTENTMENT.

DOES BETTER ME TOBACCO? HEAR A LOT OF TALK THAT IF I CHEWED, IT WOULD BE W-B CUT FOR ME. WHEN A MAN DOES A FELLOW TOLD ME ABOUT A PURE RICH TOBACCO—W-B CUT—A LITTLE CHEW BRINGS CONTENTMENT.

IT'S up to a man's judgment—after a friend has told him the facts about W-B CUT Chewing—no excess sweetening or flavoring, just rich, supple tobacco, shredded and lightly salted so as to bring out the flavor without so much grinding and spitting. Naturally a little chew would last and satisfy: that's why a 10c. pouch of W-B goes twice as far as ten cents' worth of the old ordinary kind of chewing.

Made by WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY, 1107 Broadway, New York City

**Kellogg Bros. Lumber Co.**

Everything in Quality Lumber and Building Material  
Grand Rapids, Wis.

**An Economical Garage**

is as good an investment as the car itself. It protects your investment in the car, gives you a chance to do your little "tuning-up" jobs in comfort, and adds years to the life of the car.

Anybody can afford a first class garage by building it of "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK, the all-around building lumber, according to our specially prepared

**FREE PLANS**

Simply write "The Hemlock Manufacturers," Oshkosh, Wis., for their wise little book on garages (say Book No. 4). It gives some very valuable information, pictures and plans of 4 practical garages that can be built for very little!

Present the COUPON, which is in the book, to us and get the working plans and specifications you want FREE with our compliments. HEMLOCK is out for SERVICE as well as good lumber—and so are we.



## NOTICE OF ANNUAL SCHOOL MEETING

Agreeable to Section 2 of Article IX, Grand Rapids City Charter pertaining to schools, notice is hereby given that the Annual School Meeting of Grand Rapids District No. 1, to elect commissioners and to transact such general business as may legally come before it, will be held at the Howe school building, situated in the Second Ward of the city of Grand Rapids, Monday, March 19, 1917, at 7:00 o'clock p. m.

Commissioners to be elected as follows:

First Ward.—Commissioner to succeed W. H. Reeves, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

Second Ward.—Commissioner to succeed J. R. Ragan, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

Third Ward.—Commissioners to succeed W. F. Kellogg, whose term expires April 14, 1917, long term; and Theo. W. Brazeau, whose term expires April 14, 1917, short term.

Fourth Ward.—Commissioner to succeed Guy O. Babcock, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

Fifth Ward.—Commissioner to succeed Otto Bein, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

Sixth Ward.—Commissioners to succeed Rev. H. B. Johnson, whose term expires April 14, 1917, long term; and L. W. Horton, whose term expires April 14, 1917, short term.

Seventh Ward.—Commissioner to succeed C. A. Hatch, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

Eighth Ward.—Commissioner to succeed J. W. Natwick, whose term expires April 14, 1917.

C. W. SCHWEDE,  
Clerk of Board of Education.

Grand Rapids, Wis., March 1, 1917.

It will not be convenient to hold the Annual Meeting in the Howe Building owing to the fact that the assembly room has been divided into recitation rooms.

The meeting will be adjourned to meet at the Lincoln Building the same evening, Monday, March 19, 1917, 7:30 p. m., and citizens are requested to come directly to the Lincoln Building for the Annual School Meeting.

It will be necessary to call the meeting as stated above in order to meet the provisions of the City Charter.

C. W. SCHWEDE,  
Clerk of Board of Education.

Grand Rapids, Wis., March 1, 1917.

**Pay by Check**

**Have a Record This Year**

Mr. Farmer—This year you should have a record of all sales and purchases, loans and interest payments.

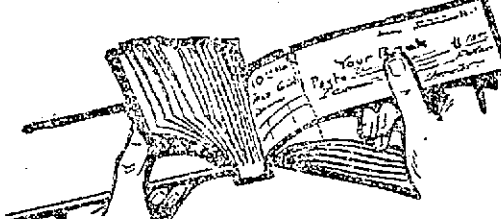
It isn't necessary that you keep a set of intricate books to do this—**OPEN A CHECK ACCOUNT AT THIS BANK.**

Make all deposits here, pay all bills by check, and WE'LL DO THE BOOKKEEPING FOR YOU.

We furnish all check-books, deposit-books and slips without charge.

**Bank of Grand Rapids**

West Side




**THE GOOD JUDGE PUTS HIM ON THE ROAD TO CONTENTMENT.**

DON'T OBTAIN THE FOGARTY—A FELLOW TOLD ME ABOUT A FINE RICH TOBACCO—W-B CUT—A LITTLE CHEW BRINGS CONTENTMENT.

I HEAR A LOT OF FELLOWS SAY THAT IF I CHEWED IT WOULD BE W-B CUT FOR ME.

WHEN A MAN ONCE UNDERSTANDS THAT A LITTLE CHEW OF W-B WILL LAST AND SATISFY, HIS DONE WITH ORDINARY TOBACCO.



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Made by WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY, 1107 Broadway, New York City



**Old Faithful**

**It's mighty poor economy to buy a good car and keep it knocking around the place without a home of its own**

**An Economical Garage**

is as good an investment as the car itself. It protects your investment in the car, gives you a chance to do your little "turning-up" jobs in comfort, and adds years to the life of the car.

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**KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.**

Everything in Quality Lumber and Building Material

Grand Rapids, Wis.

## LOCAL ITEMS

—Take advantage of our White Sale. W. C. Weisel.

Miss Olga Schrieber has resigned her position as saleslady at the Weisel store.

Adding machine paper sold at this office.

E. N. Pomainville has been confined to his home the past week with illness.

It is reported that Chas. Dixon will be a candidate for alderman from the Fifth Ward.

Mrs. W. D. Harvie of Neenah is in the city this week visiting at the home of Mrs. Jennie Taylor.

Hancock News: Harry Mitz has bought the Frank building again and is planning to open a store there.

Word received from John Schenck who is in a hospital in Milwaukee is that he is getting along fairly well.

Ed Kampe who has been employed as chauffeur for Geo. W. Mead the past two weeks has resigned his position.

Alex Burneisher arrived home from South Milwaukee the past week where he has been employed the past year.

Attorney W. E. Wheelan returned on Saturday from Milwaukee and is attending to court this week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bronson and son George were in Neenah this week to attend the funeral of a relative.

James Glenora went to Chicago on Saturday and accompanied the remains of Russell Hanser home from that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Panter and son Benjamin of Princeton were in the city on Tuesday visiting with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John Timm have returned from Milwaukee where Mr. Timm has been receiving treatments for his health.

Miss Margaret Mentzel of Chicago has taken charge of the millinery department at the Cohen Bros. store for the coming season.

Miss Beatrice White was operated upon at Riverside Hospital on Tuesday for appendicitis. At last reports she was getting along nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Meunier of Menomonie, Wis., are in the city visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Meunier for several weeks.

Wm. Kane returned to his home in Oshkosh on Monday after spending two weeks in the city visiting at the home of his brother-in-law, Henry Knoll.

Mrs. M. A. Bogger and daughter Violet spent several days at Stevens Point last week attending the basketball tournament and visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lovell of Sparta were in the city several days last week, having come to attend the funeral of Mrs. Lovell's sister, Mrs. Laura Catana.

—Save 10 to 15c on every pound of coffee by using Weisel's Special at 25c per pound.

Wm. Jones, Jr. spent several days in Stevens Point last week where he took in some of the basketball games and visited with his sister, Miss Mary Jones, who is teaching over there.

The citizens of Waupaca are preparing to organize a military company. The city of Merrill has already organized a company of cavalry.

What's the matter with Grand Rapids? Why not?

Fire was discovered in the Frank Carber home on Sunday evening and an alarm sent in, but the flames were extinguished before any damage was done. The fire was caused by an overturned stovepipe.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Mead and son Walter left on Monday for Chicago where they will be joined by Stanton Mead and together the family will go to Florida to spend the remainder of the winter.

—If you want to buy or sell city or farm property, see or call George Forrand.

Charley Loeffelbein, who is traveling for the Yahr & Large Drug company, spent Sunday in this city with his parents. Charley makes his headquarters in this city when not on the road, but is kept on the go most of the time.

Earle Pease attended the Bankers-Farmers convention in Madison this week. Agent Bender of the St. Paul road reports that thirteen tickets were sold here to parties from this end of the county who went on the special train.

Circuit Judge B. B. Park and Court Reporter Robert Morse of Stevens Point arrived in the city Monday morning for the purpose of opening court in this city. It is probable that the matters in trial will occupy their attention for several weeks.

The Ready-to-Wear Parlor has been fortunate in securing the services of an experienced saleslady in the person of Mrs. Seay of Chicago, who was formerly in the coat and suit department of Marshall Field's retail store, Chicago. She has modeled in ready-to-wear departments in Milwaukee and Cleveland and comes highly recommended.

According to newspaper reports, Frank R. Compton, formerly of this city, has become engaged to Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of President Wilson. The families of the interested parties deny the story, and forested parties deny the story, and forested parties deny the story.

A. P. Roan of the town of Hansen was a pleasant caller at this office Tuesday while in the city on business. Mr. Roan is one of the pioneer breeders of pure-bred Guernsey cattle in this end of the county, and says there is a big demand for Guernsey stock. He stated that only the past week he had a letter from a party who wanted to buy seven car loads of grade Guernseys.

J. W. White of Lindsey was in the city on Tuesday, having come down to file the nomination papers for his daughter, Mrs. Nora Clymer, who was running for county superintendent of schools. Upon arrival here Mr. White found that he was eight days late in filing the papers, owing to a change in the law on the subject, and the result was that the county clerk was unable to place the name of Mrs. Clymer on the ballot.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Nash and daughter Isabelle returned Tuesday from Washington where they attended the inauguration of President Wilson and took in the sights in general. During an interview with Senator Hastings, that gentleman stated that he had not given up the idea of getting a postoffice building for Grand Rapids, although he could not state that the chances were very good for securing the necessary legislation.

Fred Sutherland, who was taken to the Riverside Hospital about a week ago suffering from a gunshot wound in the head, is rapidly recovering and will be able to be discharged within a short time. Mr. Sutherland was shot with a 32-caliber revolver in his own hand, which he did accidentally by stumbling while carrying the weapon, the ball entering the right side of his head. By means of an X-ray the bullet was located and removed and the man has since been rapidly recovering. Considering that the man's brain was injured by the bullet the recovery is quite a remarkable one.

—Handsome new spring coats and suits on sale at W. C. Weisel.

George Forrand transacted business in Stevens Point Monday.

G. D. Fritzsinger has announced his candidacy as alderman for the Third Ward.

Kenosha Elks have closed a contract for the construction of a new club house to cost \$115,000.

G. J. Kaudy has been confined to his home by sickness most of the time during the past week.

Martin Jacobson, the architect and builder, has opened an office in the Gouger building on Second street.

R. A. Keyser one of the bustling farmers and stock buyer of Rudolph was a pleasant caller at this office on Friday.

Joe Rabski who recently bought the Bat Marceau farm near Rudolph station, was in the city Saturday on business.

Louis Strack of the town of Hansen was a pleasant caller at this office on Friday while in the city on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Bushman of Junction City were among the business callers at the Tribune office on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Reimer, Jr., of the town of Rudolph were among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Friday.

Harry Hagerstrom, who is bracing on the Eye line at 35, up an office in the city to spend a weeks vacation with his parents.

Mrs. Louis Blaubaeh and daughter of Spencer, have returned to their home after a week's visit at the Robert Knuth home.

Emil Schuler is spending several weeks at Drake, North Dakota, with his brother Henry, who is located on a homestead Benson, who resides on Route 1, near Meehan station, was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Monday.

Dr. Frank Kickbush was able to resume his duties at the Reiland packing plant this week after a two weeks illness with the grippe.

Jacob Lipsitz of the town of Saratoga was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Wednesday while in the city on business.

Miss Margaretha Bonow who has been employed in Milwaukee for the past two years, has arrived home on an extended visit with her parents.

Wm. Uselding of Wolsey, South Dakota is visiting at the James Case home in the town of Port Edwards.

Mr. Uselding is a nephew of Mr. Case.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Conway of Orient, South Dakota, and Miss Mary Hinch of Lewistown, Illinois, spent the week end at the James Case home.

Chas. Fanderich who has been employed as janitor at the Congregational church the past five years, has resigned his position and J. J. Hammer has taken his place.

I offer my 40-acre farm for sale. Will take house and lot in city for part payment. Also two horses for sale. N. H. Robinson, phone 160.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Mau departed Monday for Clementon, Minnesota, where Mr. Mau will be employed on a dredge during the season for the International Falls Construction Co.

C. E. Hewitt if you want to sell or exchange your farm. See E. N. Pomainville if you want Fire Insurance. Hewitt & Pomainville handle all kinds of real estate.

Merton Maxam of the town of Rome, Adams county, was among the callers at the Tribune office on Monday. Mr. Maxam reports that there is still plenty of snow down his way.

Mr. and Mrs. George Forrand and children returned Friday morning from Chicago, where they had spent the past week visiting with Mr. Forrand's mother and attending to some business matters.

John Bell, Sr. will be a candidate for supervisor from the Seventh ward again this spring. He came out on a platform of "Justice to All," and he says that he means just what he says in this respect.

Fred Ackerman of the town of Saratoga was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Saturday. Mr. Ackerman has his name enrolled on the list of Tribune readers while in the city.

The Wisconsin Cranberry Sales company have received a medal from the Panama-Pacific Exposition for having the best exhibit of cranberries at the exposition. They had nine varieties on exhibition.

Joseph March of Sigel was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Saturday, having dropped in to advance his subscription for another year. Mr. March reported that other roads rather bad out his way on Saturday.

Clarence Christensen, who holds a responsible position with a large paper mill engineering firm in Chicago, was in the city on Saturday and Sunday looking after some business matters and visiting with friends.

—Delayed shipment of Weisel's 25c coffee has arrived. Can all orders again.

Leo Reusch of Altendorf was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Monday. Mr. Reusch drove down that morning and reported the roads in pretty fair shape and stated that the mild weather had apparently not effected the snow much of any in the country.

It is probable that there will be quite a troop of the Boy Scouts in this city since Leonard Knister began to interview the young people in the matter. A large number of boys have sign of intention of joining and it is probable that a company of Junior Scouts will be organized.

Mrs. S. N. Whittlesey, writing from Cranmon under date of March 8, says: "This is our first mail out since February 17, and only a week ago we were allowed to get mail, and then only by a trip to Eau Claire. We are more than thankful to again resume our tri-weekly. Mr. Whittlesey has been appointed and consented to become acting postmaster for a time."

Hewitt & Pomainville, the real estate hustlers, are getting up a booklet which they will distribute throughout the state. All those with farms to sell or exchange for better farms to live on are urged to get their property listed in the pamphlet.

Ed. Daly, who has been located at Hettinger, North Dakota for several years past, has sold out his business there and has moved to Minneapolis where he has accepted a position with the Firestone Tire Company as their distributing agent at that point. Mr. Daly was operating a garage business at Hettinger and had one of the best propositions of the kind in that section and was one of the energetic business men of that section.

Fred Henke has announced himself as a candidate for supervisor of the Fifth Ward. Mr. Henke will make a good man for the place as he held the office of supervisor for the town of Sigel for a number of terms while living on the farm. Mr. Henke has also held the office of secretary of the Seneca, Sigel and Rudolph Fire Insurance company for a number of terms, and was one of the voters of the Fifth ward will make no mistake in electing Mr. Henke.

—Have you seen that good-looking, smiling fat man? His name is C. E. Hewitt, and he handles real estate. His office is in the MacKinnon block. Phone 1000.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Downie and children of Tomahawk, who have been visiting at the O. R. Moore home during the past three weeks, returned to their home on Tuesday.

—Now is the time to list up your farms and city property if you want to sell or exchange. Hewitt & Pomainville are the boys that handle the dirt and sell the earth. Phones 1000 and 216. Office in MacKinnon block.

Thirty-one beaver have been successfully trapped by northern Wisconsin conservation wardens during the last nine months, and transferred to Trout Lake and other places in the state for safe-keeping. Complaints from farmers that beaver dams were destroying their property, caused the issuance of orders for the capture and transfer of the beaver. Traps wound with cloth prevented the trapped animals from receiving serious injury, and so far as the wardens have reported, not a single beaver thus caught by state officials received injuries sufficient to cause death. Beavers as a rule, work only at night, and a person may watch by a "live" dam for days at a time without being able to catch a glimpse of a worker, but an exception is reported by the wardens at Iron River, where a colony in the edge of the city became so accustomed to the presence of mankind, that they worked openly during the day, building dams and repairing them by plastering, and felling trees.

Hot School Lunches

(Miss Maynard Downie)

"I can't tell you what the hot lunch has meant to my school," writes a rural school teacher. "We started serving last fall. We had a social to raise the money for purchase of a 'live' dam for days at a time without being able to catch a glimpse of a worker, but an exception is reported by the wardens at Iron River, where a colony in the edge of the city became so accustomed to the presence of mankind, that they worked openly during the day, building dams and repairing them by plastering, and felling trees.

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"I can't tell you what the hot lunch has meant to my school," writes a rural school teacher. "We started serving last fall. We had a social to raise the money for purchase of a 'live' dam for days at a time without being able to catch a glimpse of a worker, but an exception is reported by the wardens at Iron River, where a colony in the edge of the city became so accustomed to the presence of mankind, that they worked openly during the day, building dams and repairing them by plastering, and felling trees.

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# SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children, it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Ad.

Disillusioned.

"I wish I hadn't seen my doctor trying to 'play golf'."

"Why?"

"I had so much confidence in him at one time I imagine he could do almost anything well."

# CANADA'S BONUS TO FARM LABORERS

Offering 160 Acres to Farm Hands.

Canada today, with the great demand that is made upon it for food-stuffs, finds itself almost in the throes of a labor famine. A novel means of solving the problem has been evolved by the Canadian Government at Ottawa on Wednesday last when it was decided to practically bonus every farmer coming to Canada, by giving him 160 acres free as a homestead, and to allow the time he would be working out for the good wages offered, to count as residence duties on the homestead. Western Canada has been a big producer of grain and it is estimated that there is a shortage of over thirty thousand men, necessary to produce an average crop in 1917. This shortage has been caused by so many young men having left the farms to go to war, and it is essential to make an unprecedented offer of this kind, to fill their places on the land at once.

It has been required in the past to do three years' duties on homesteads to get title, but an additional inducement has been offered by practically reducing this term to two years. As explained by an official of the Canadian Government, Canada's need for farm laborers is intense, and exceptional inducements are being offered to get the needed farm workers at once. A farmhand will make his salary for one of the 160-acre farms, satisfy the Government that he is working for a farmer and that time will apply as residence on the land filled for just the same as if he was actually living on it—Advertisement.

# CALLS WOMAN WEAK SISTERS

Good Looking, but Physically Unfit, Is the Assertion Made by Aged Viennese.

American women are good looking and clever, but not very strong physically, according to the verdict passed upon them by Mrs. Charlotte de Gaultier Davenport, who spoke before the Woman's club here. Mrs. Davenport is in her ninety-fourth year, has a son seventy-four years old, and is the mother of 20 children. She was graduated from the University of Vienna as a professor of hygiene, which, she says, was a great distinction, as "the German universities are hard on women."

It was in teaching the women of New York fencing that Mrs. Davenport became impressed by their physical weakness, and warns American women, in consequence, to build themselves up physically.

That women are not thinking very earnestly was another assertion of the visitor. She believes in women possessing strong individuality, of being original and independent as thinkers, and her short, informal talk encouraged women to cultivate such tendencies.

"As I am supposed to have five senses," she said, "but some women do not seem to have any. Instead of subtracting from that number, they should be adding to them more. The sixth sense is to know yourself, and the seventh sense is to know human nature in general—to know humanity," Mrs. Davenport said.—New Orleans Times-Picayune.

# Foods Are Increasing In Price

But you can still buy Grape-Nuts

at the same price.

This staple cereal in its air-tight, wax-protected package will keep indefinitely, yet is ready to eat at a moment's notice.

Grape-Nuts is full of compact nourishment with a delightful wheat and barley flavor.

The Most Economical of Prepared Cereals

# The Tracer of Egos

Chronicles of Dr. Phileas Immanuel, Soul Specialist By VICTOR ROUSSEAU

## THE WOMEN OF ATLANTIS

"THE doctrine of reincarnation," said Dr. Phileas Immanuel to Tarrant and myself, as we sat around the fire in his cozy consulting room, "has always been held by advanced thinkers in every civilized community. Though I am a Greek, I may say, I believe in it. I believe that the ancient Greeks were the most shining example of civilization, that the world has ever seen. It was taught them by Plato and Pythagoras, the latter having evidently brought it from India and the former having studied it in Egypt. The Mysteries of Orpheus made the belief more common among the religiously inclined. Moderns tell us that all the world held it about the time of our Lord. And Christianity itself is based on it."

"But surely, doctor, the gospels do not touch reincarnation," interposed Tarrant.

"I maintain the contrary," said Immanuel. "Though our Lord frequently said that he spoke in parables, that certain things must be concealed, it is impossible to read the Gospels without coming to this conclusion. As it is clearly stated in the Gospels, that the character of St. Matthew that John the Baptist was the reincarnated Elijah?"

"Yet," he continued, "this doctrine is too immensely dangerous ever to be allowed to come into universal acceptance. Even in India the masses have but a dim understanding of it. For consider the lives of most of us, the wrongs that are done, the friendships that are broken never to be cemented, the tragic failures, the sense of weariness that comes upon most of us in middle life; well, if memory persisted, or if we knew assuredly that at some distant epoch we should take up our lives again, what incentive would we have to make our exits gracefully and to repair, as best we can, our faults?"

"Yet there are many recorded instances where memory does persist," I said. "I shall relate you a few. Here is a case where a love was so intense and the resolution for reunion so strong that it was brought to success, and because that resolution was unswayed the result was not wholly untidy. Does either of you know Field, the author?"

"The man who wrote 'The Transgressors'?" asked Tarrant. "I met him once, I believe, years ago. A cheerful sort of fellow with a fine sense of humor?"

"Yes," answered Immanuel. "A well-poised man in every sense. But 'The Transgressors,' which is his last book published, is not the last he wrote. His latest novel had been back from publication by the advice of Morton and James. They said it was too awful, that it would impair the sale of his more serious works. The plot is laid in Atlantis, that ancient continent which, as Plato tells us, sank into the sea thousands of years before the dawn of recorded history. And the astonishing thing about it is that it is a faithful work at all—it is a record of experience."

"How can one tell that?" asked Tarrant.

"Because," answered the doctor, "Field wrote that book by automatism. You know what I mean? I believe it is not an uncommon process; Stevenson is said to have written his finest short story in the same way. Field told me that he would awake out of a deep sleep and sit down at the table, not knowing what he was going to write. As soon as his pen touched the paper, however, it would begin to scribble at a furious rate, while Field, looking on merely as a spectator, saw the story shaping itself without any knowledge on his part of how it would turn out."

"Field fell in love with his heroine, the name was Lota; she was a daughter of a priest of the liver god, destined to be a temple virgin. One of this world story loved her, their love was discovered, and both were put to death, executed upon the sacrificial altar. So much for the theme. But the wealth of imagery, the realism of it, story overwhelmed me when I read it. I knew at once that memory alone could have given such a story to the world. And afterward I discovered that much of the description tallied with a strange account given by the Popol Vuh, the sacred book of the Guatemalans."

"Field fell in love with his heroine. In the last scene before the sacrificial stone she and the hero swear to meet again and fulfill their love though a thousand years intervene between them, and the one soon to be ended, then their bones are rent by the flint knife of the priest, who sacrifices his daughter to atone for her delinquency. 'I know that Field had suffered thus, thousands of years ago, for even the writing of it occasioned him untold agony.' He loved his heroine and went over her; he wrote the last three chapters in a condition of ecstasy."

"Field was engaged to Miss Cynthia Latham, a charming girl from his native town of Salina. Now, to say that a writer's heroine may become rivals of his own fiancée or wife sounds like an absurdity. Yet, as Field wrote, the conviction dawned on him that his marriage would prove to be as happy as Lota, the woman of his imagination, came to fill his heart, until she was more real than any woman of flesh and blood. Miss Latham was not slow to notice the change in him. She questioned him, but Field laughed and ascribed his erratic behavior to overwork. And Miss Latham let her faith override her judgment."

"It was two days before his marriage that Field came to see me. His eyes were bloodshot, his manner indi-

cated that he was upon the verge of a nervous breakdown.

"Doctor," he burst out excitedly, "it is all over. I cannot marry her. I do not love her. I seem to be possessed by a perverse devil, for I love this woman of my creation more than any one on earth. And I feel that in marrying her I am committing an unspicable sin."

"Do you remember that passage I read to you from my book?" he continued. "Though we were separated through a thousand lives to come, each from each, yet I will find thee at the end? And then the lovers, embracing, and utterly convinced that some day they will be reunited, yield themselves to the kiss without a pang? Doctor, I am that man. Laugh at my ideas as you choose, I know it, and I know that somewhere in the world Lota, the heroine of my romance, is waiting for me to claim her. And if I fail her now I shall lose her forever."

"The thing for you to do, I answered, 'is to forget about your own hypersensitive emotional personality and think about Miss Latham. How can I affect her if the marriage were not to occur?'"

"I know that it would break her heart," he answered immediately. "And yet, what is her love to Lota's? Has she waited for me ten thousand years?"

"Since the beginning of the world," Field answered. "Nothing is left to chance, though we make our own factors in the predestined totality. There is one thing that I have learned of life above all others; do the duty that lies before you and let your dreams alone, for these will work themselves out without your volition. If you are pledged to Lota, you have waited for her through a reasonably large number of incarnations, and you can reasonably wait until the next, when you will perhaps have acquired greater wisdom. Take my advice, Field; don't throw your chance of happiness away for a phantasy, but marry Miss Latham and spend your honeymoon in some romantic place where you will learn to send Lota packing back to the land of dreams."

"He did not relish my remarks. Then I suggested that he let me hypnotize him. I thought that I might perhaps effect, by suggestion, some sharp cleavage between the normal man and the dreamer. With his permission I placed him under hypnosis and discovered, as I had anticipated, that the hypnotic state was the real one. Field hypnotized was Field, and not Field plus the Atlantis hero. So I sent the Atlantis hero back to his own lodgings and, when he awoke, Field was quite himself again and laughing at his

own dream.

"I shall never forget the haggard look upon his face. I wish I had taken your advice and broken stones," he cried. "The old obsession had returned, but immeasurably more strongly. He knew nothing of his wife's psychical troubles and thought that it was his responsibility for the coldness and, when he awoke, Field was quite himself again and laughing at his

own dream."

"It is only when I dream, doctor,"

he said.

"You've got to do something at once, doctor," he said, "sinking down into a chair despondently. 'CYNTHIA TRIED TO KILL ME LAST NIGHT.'"

Imagination of ten minutes before.

"They were married as they had planned and were supremely happy. But a couple of months after their return from their honeymoon Field came to me in great perplexity."

"Doctor," he said, "I don't know what is the matter with me, but I can't write a word. I can't even get an original idea. And I've got to earn money. Diagnose my case; isn't it the result of your treatment?"

"As a matter of fact, it was. In sinking down the shadowy, prehistoric Field, as I may as well call him, so deeply that he could not come into my patient's consciousness, I had also sunk with him the imaginative faculty. Here was a nice problem before me; to restore just enough of the Atlantis to give Field back his imagination, but not enough to restore him to any semblance of personality. I was very loath to attempt to make this fine discrimination."

"Go out and earn a living as a shoemaker," I told him. "Break stones for a living or be a clerk in a department store, but I won't call back that monster within you."

"Field insisted. His demeanor be-

deceased person had violated all the Commandments, and then some," as the saying goes, and the person was a truthful man and could not bear the thought of going through an idle service. He thought that it would be better on the whole to let the departed go without making any fuss about it; but he was finally persuaded, out of respect for the surviving family, composed of the best people in the community, to conduct religious services. The casket containing the body of the deceased was taken into the

person's church and placed in front of the altar. There were the usual emblems of mourning and an attentive congregation. After the singing of an appropriate hymn and a short prayer, old Parson Hinton arose in the pulpit, and, touched by his sympathy for the grief-stricken family, broke the deep silence by saying: "Our brother who lies before us today had a negative order; he had spoken the truth, and with telling effect—Washington Times."

came almost threatening. I had dreamed his coming, and he had told me, if I did not choose to restore them I could settle a handsome income on him in compensation. I had no right to ruin his life. Of course I yielded. But, in agreeing to hypnotize him, I told him that under no circumstances would I undo my work again—if, indeed, it could be undone. He assented, and, placing him in a hypnotic sleep, I recalled the sleeping giant to the supernal world. Afterward Field went away, and he wrote to me a week later saying that he was hard at work on a new novel.

"All this had occurred when I was last in America. I was called back to Athens and did not return for nearly a year. When I did so, one of my first visitors was Cynthia Field. I confess that the sight of this distressed me greatly. I felt sure that some trouble had occurred. Had Field broken down, gone insane, left her? I was surprised and relieved when I discovered that she wished to consult me about herself."

"She had come to realize, she told me, that in marrying Field she had undertaken a responsibility for which she ought to have fitted herself. Her husband was a genius; he was largely dominated by his imagination. To fit herself for this responsibility she had read his unpublished work, and the horror of the denouement had come home to her so strongly that it had unstrung her. She had begun to dream of the book, and in her dreams she saw Lota, the Atlantis woman, kneeling with Field before the sacrificial altar, and always she awoke just as the priest plunged the knife into her breast."

"Why is it that we always wake, in such cases, just as we are killed or murdered?" asked Tarrant.

"Because, my dear Tarrant, such dreams always represent a memory," answered Immanuel, looking at him dreamily. "It is not one of us who, in mid-life periods of history, has not in some life or other endured a violent death. And our memory goes out with our lives; that is why we awake."

Tarrant said nothing and Immanuel, after a turn or two about the room, proceeded.

"Well, to present the case concisely, the condition was this: Cynthia Field passed in her dreams into the person of Lota, the priestess. And though in waking life she was devoted to her husband, in her sleep the image of Field presented itself to her as a jarring obstruction to her happiness. He alone stood between her and her happiness. And even after she awoke this sentiment persisted for an hour or two. Gradually her dreams were coming to color her waking life, to dominate it; she was growing to hate her husband, she accused herself bitterly and asked me what she could do to conquer this unnatural aversion. She took all the blame upon herself. I gave her some harmless prescription to make her sleep soundly and wrote an urgent letter to Field, asking him to call on me."

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SHE AND HER HERO SWEAR TO MEET AGAIN.

fruition—you know the text: 'Ask and ye shall receive'—I say, so many lives had elapsed that the soul of each had taken its own course of development. Field was no more the shadowy hero of his book than the sweet-natured New England girl was the Priestess Lota. And this is the situation which I outlined to you this evening at the beginning of our conversation. It was because its citizens had learned too many of nature's secrets that Atlantis disappeared, tradition tells us. If these two lovers had known nothing of the truths of reincarnation, far back in the days when Atlantis stretched, a mighty continent, where now the ocean rolls, they would never have made that vow which, by its very nature, pledged itself to its own fulfillment. Their souls would have passed into the limbo of things, ready to accept whatever was in store for them in other births, and therefore best. But they had flung their self-will into the teeth of eternity and had thus come together, not with the freedom of their new lives, but pledged to fulfill a vow which no longer corresponded to their needs."

"There were obviously two courses before me; either to recreate the Atlantis and the priestess, as well as it could be done, or to plunge both back into the fatuous depths of eternity, where they should both have been. The former course would, in this modern world, have been suicidal. I resolved to attempt the latter. But it is one thing to restore the psychic body of a forgotten life and quite another to destroy it. These phantoms have a personality of their own; they will not die; they cling to life as passionately as you or I. Yet in one respect they differ from us, because they can only live over again the episodes of their past; they are incapable of assimilating the experiences of this new life which they usurp."

"I was still thinking out my problem when I received another visit from Field. He had appeared haggard before, this time he looked like a madman. He was unkempt, unshaven, and gave the appearance of a man who had been on a prolonged debauch."

"You've got to do something at once, doctor," he said, sinking down into a chair despondently. 'CYNTHIA TRIED TO KILL ME LAST NIGHT.'"

"I was horrified and yet not entirely astonished. I knew that, under the spell of her past, her normal life appeared strange and unreal to her. I quoted him and asked him for the particulars."

"It was about two o'clock," Field answered. "Of a sudden I awoke with a start out of a profound and happy sleep. I had been so happy, doctor! I was back again at Salina with Cynthia to the days of our courtship, before ever I was impelled to write that ghastly book. I awoke with a start and sat up. Cynthia was standing at my side, bending over me, one arm flung back. I sat up and forced my hand upon. This is what I found inside."

"He pulled from his pocket a sharp stone, with a razor-like edge, evidently taken from the road. It was just such a stone as is used by the thousand in macadamized streets; a flint, keener and harder than a razor blade. It was a fearful weapon; it would have mutilated him abominably."

"She seemed to have been dreaming. She stared at me as though she did not understand, and, I believe, since I concealed this stone, that she had no remembrance of her attempt. But her nerves are all broken down and she has been lying in a sort of stupor all the morning."

"This incident, doctor, am the part owner of a sanitarium at Rutgers where I receive patients suffering from just such obscure nervous disorders as Mrs. Field's. I accompanied Field back to his home and persuaded his wife, whom I found in a very nervous condition, to be my patient there for a few days. I took her down the next morning and installed her in a comfortable suite of rooms under the care of a private nurse. Then I went back and ordered Field to meet me at the station a couple of days later. He did so and I took him to the sanitarium also, but he did not let his wife know of his arrival."

"The day of rest and the change of scene above all the separation from her husband, had immensely improved the woman's condition. I paid her a visit in her apartment after dinner and then asked her whether she would submit to being hypnotized. She was reluctant and afraid; in fact," said the doctor, smiling maliciously. "I quiet

Such it was. "Twelve hours later Mrs. Field was in a Mesmeric state—her restorer came. 'Is this justice?' asked the Brooklyn Eagle. 'It may be retributive justice,' suggests the Albany Argus. Let's call it destiny.—Buffalo Times."

His Regular Job. New Minister—Do you take any penicillin? Lady—Well, I don't, but my husband takes 'em, frequent. I do wish you'd try and get him to sign the pledge.

Meat Preserved Without Salt. Lean pork strips are un-preserved without salt in Spain. Deer, buffalo, caribou, bear and tuna meats are preserved in much the same way.

# FALLING HAIR MEANS DANDRUFF IS ACTIVE

Save Your Hair! Get a 25 Cent Bottle of Danderuff Right Now—Also Stops Itching Scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf. There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its luster, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderuff tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderuff from any store, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, luster and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance; an incomparable gloss and softness, but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp. Adv.

Contraries Meeting. "I found Mrs. Smith in when he said she was not at home." "So you found her out."

Cole's Carbolivine Quickly Relieves skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of Burns, Erysipelas, Scalds, and Sores. Ask your druggist, or send 2c to The J. W. Cole Co., Inc., 100-101, for a package.

Depend upon it, the average man is above the average. If you doubt it, ask him.

Net Contents 15 Fluid Ounces

900 DROPS

**CASTORIA**

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT.

Available Preparation for the treatment of the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

Therapy Promoting Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotics.

Prepared by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

A helpful Remedy for Constipation and Diarrhea, and Feverishness and Loss of Sleep resulting therefrom.

Facsimile Signature of J. C. Ayer.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 Doses—35 CENTS.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Indians at the Front.

According to an official report, 1,200 Indians from the Canadian reserve have enlisted for active service in the war. Indians at the front, it is said, have proved themselves excellent soldiers and possessed of great powers of endurance. Last year Indians contributed over \$7,000 to war funds, and Indian women have been noteworthy contributors of knitted socks, mufflers and other comforts for the soldiers.—Outlook.

# BILIOUS, HEADACHY, SICK "CASCARETS"

Gently cleanse your liver and sluggish bowels while you sleep.

Get a 10-cent box. Sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath—always trace them to torpid liver; delayed, fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system in a healthy and normal way. When this poisonous material reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested food and fecal gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels regular for months. Adv.

Differs From Bartlett. His—Say, what's the rest of that quotation beginning 'Truth is mighty?' Dix—"Science," I guess.

# Sudden Death

Before an insurance company will take a risk on your life the examining physician will test your water and report whether you are a good risk. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog, you suffer from backache, sick-headaches, dizzy spells, or twinges and pains of lumbar, rheumatism and gout, or sleep is disturbed two or three times a night—take heed, before too late!

You can readily overcome such conditions and prolong life by taking the advice of a famous physician, which is: "Keep the kidneys in good order, avoid too much meat, salt, alcohol or tea. Drink plenty of pure water and drive the uric acid out of the system by taking Auric, in tablet form." You can obtain Auric, double strength, at drug stores, the Discovery of Dr. Pierce of Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

# That Knife-Like Pain

Have you a lame back, aching day and night? Do you feel sharp pains after sleeping? Are the kidneys sore? Is their action irregular? Do you have headaches, backaches, rheumatic pains, feel tired, nervous, all worn-out? Use Doan's Kidney Pills—the medicine recommended by so many people in this locality. Read the experience that follows:

A Wisconsin Case. Charles Silversmith, Seventh Ave., West Fond du Lac, Wis., says: "My kidneys trouble me. I began with a dull, throbbing pain in my back that belted me day and night. I was so worn and ailed that I could hardly get up. I also had trouble with the kidney secretion. A doctor's treatment of medicine had failed to cure me. I used Doan's Kidney Pills. They removed all the ailments and fixed up my back and kidneys in short time."

Get Doan's at Any Store, or a Box of DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

# Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

They regulate the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the membranes of the bowels. Aids digestion, cures indigestion, biliousness, sick headache and indigestion, no matter how small. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

Greenwood.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

There is always a better and easier way, but the average man seldom stumbles into it until he is almost there.

# ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE DOES IT.

When your shoes pinch or your corns and bunions ache, Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into shoes and sprinkled in the foot, gives instant relief. It cures itching, swelling, tender feet. Over 100,000 packages are being sent in the United States at present. Sold everywhere. Don't accept an imitation. Adv.

The care of Russia is a timber merchant.

"I don't do you?" "No; I use."

# Boschee's German Syrup

We all take cold some time and every body should have Boschee's German Syrup handy at all times for the treatment of colds, coughs, croup, bronchitis, whooping cough, etc. It has been on the market 51 years, and is as good as ever. It cures the common cold, soothes inflammation, eases a cough, and gives relief in all cases. It is a great expectorant in the morning. Druggists and grocers sell it. Don't take substitutes.

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With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicate "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

Disillusioned.

"I wish I hadn't seen my doctor trying to play golf."

"Why?"

"I had so much confidence in him at one time I imagine he could do almost anything well."

## CANADA'S BONUS TO FARM LABORERS

Offering 160 Acres to Farm Hands.

Canada today, with the great demand that is made upon it for foodstuffs, finds itself almost in the throes of a labor famine. A novel means of solving the problem has been evolved by the Canadian Government at Ottawa on Wednesday last when it was decided to practically double every farmhand going to Canada, by giving him 160 acres free as a homestead, and to allow the time he would be working out for, the good wages offered, to count as residence duties on the homestead. Western Canada has been a big producer of grain and it is estimated that there is a shortage of over thirty thousand men, necessary to produce an average crop in 1917. This shortage has been caused by so many young men having left the farms to go to war, and it is essential to make an unprecedented offer of this kind, to fill their places on the land at once.

It has been required in the past to get three years' duties on homesteads to get title, but an additional inducement has been offered by practically reducing this term to two years. As explained by an official of the Canadian Government, Canada's need for farm laborers is intense, and exceptional inducements are being offered to get the needed farm hands. A farmhand will make his entrance as one of the 100-acre farms, satisfying the Government that he is working for a farmer and that time will apply as residence on the land filed for, just the same as if he was actually living on it.—Advertisement.

## CALLS WOMAN WEAK SISTERS

Good Looking, But Physically Unfit, Is the Assertion Made by Aged Viennese.

American women are good looking and clever, but not very strong physically, according to the verdict passed upon them by Mrs. Charlotte de Goltz-Davenport, who spoke before the Women's club here last night. Mrs. Davenport is in her thirty-fourth year, has a son seventy-four years old, and is the mother of 20 children. She was graduated from the University of Vienna as a professor of hygiene, which, she says, was a great distinction, as "the German universities are hard on women."

It was in teaching the women of New York tracing that Mrs. Davenport became impressed by their physical weakness, and was an American woman, in consequence, to build themselves up physically.

That women are not thinking very earnestly was another assertion of the visitor. She believed that women possess strong individuality, of being original and independent as thinkers, and her short, informal talk encouraged women to cultivate such tendencies.

"All are supposed to have five senses," the speaker said, "but some women do not seem to have any. Instead of subtracting from that number, they should be adding to them two more. The sixth sense is to know yourself, and the seventh sense is to know human nature in general—to know humanity," Mrs. Davenport said.

—New Orleans Times-Picayune.

## Foods Are Increasing In Price But you can still buy Grape-Nuts

at the same price.

This staple cereal in its air-tight, wax-protected package will keep indefinitely, yet is ready to eat at a moment's notice.

Grape-Nuts is full of compact nourishment with a delightful wheat and barley flavor.

The Most Economical of Prepared Cereals

## The Tracer of Egos

Chronicles of Dr. Phileas Immanuel, Soul Specialist  
By VICTOR ROUSSEAU

### THE WOMEN OF ATLANTIS

"THE doctrine of reincarnation," said Dr. Phileas Immanuel to Tarrant and myself, as we sat around the fire in his cozy study, "has always been held by advanced thinkers of every civilization. Though I am a Greek, I may say, I believe without contradiction, that the ancient Greeks were the most shining example of civilization, that the world has ever seen. I taught them by Plato and Pythagoras, the latter having evidently studied it in India and the former having brought it in Egypt. The Mysteries of Orpheus made the belief more common among the religiously inclined. Plotinus tells us that all the world held it about the time of our Lord. And Christianity itself is based on it."

"But surely, doctor, the gospels do not teach reincarnation," interposed Tarrant.

"I maintain the contrary," said Immanuel. "Though our Lord frequently said that he spoke in parables, that certain things must be concealed, it is impossible to read the Gospels without coming to that conclusion. Is it not clearly stated in the Gospels that the Baptist of St. Matthew that John the Baptist was the reincarnated Elijah?"

"Yes," he continued, "this doctrine is too immensely dangerous ever to be allowed to come into universal acceptance. Even in India the masses have but a dim understanding of it. For consider the lives of most of us, the wrongs that are done, the friendships that are broken, the sense of world-weariness that comes upon most of us in middle life; well, if memory persisted, or if we knew assuredly that at some distant epoch we should take up our lives again, what incentive would we have to make our exits gratefully to repair, as best we can, our faults?"

"Yet there are many recorded instances where memory does persist, and I shall relate one of these to you. Here is a case where a love was so intense and the resolution for reunion so strong that it was brought to success, and because that resolution was unwise the lovers not wholly satisfied. Does either of you know Field, the author?"

"The man who wrote 'The Transgressors'?" asked Tarrant. "I met him once, I believe, years ago. A cheerful sort of fellow with a fine sense of humor."

"Yes," answered Immanuel. "A well-poised man in every sense. But 'The Transgressors,' which is his last book published, is not the last he wrote. His latest novel was held back from publication by the advice of Morton and James. They said it was too fanciful, that it would impair the sale of his more serious works. The picture of the world which he painted in the sea thousands of years before the dawn of recorded history. And the astonishing thing about it is that it is not a fanciful work at all—it is a record of experience."

"How can one tell that?" asked Tarrant.

"Because," answered the doctor. "Field wrote that book by automatic means. You know what I mean? I believe it is not an uncommon process; Stevenson is said to have written his finest short story in the same way. Field told me that he would awake out of a deep sleep and sit down at the table, not knowing what he was going to write. As soon as his pen touched the paper, however, it would begin to scribble at a furious rate, while Field, looking on merely as a spectator, saw the story shaping itself without any knowledge on his part of how it would turn out."

"Field fell in love with his heroine. Her name was Lota; she was a daughter of a priest of the river god, destined to be a temple virgin. The hero of this weird story loved her, their love was discovered, and both were put to death, executed upon the sacrificial altar. So much for the theme. But the wealth of imagery, the realism of the story overwhelmed me when I read it. I knew at once that memory alone could have given such a store of pictures to the world. And afterward I discovered that much of the description tallied with a strange account given by the Popol Vuh, the sacred book of the Guatemalan."

"Field fell in love with his heroine. In the last scene before the sacrificial stone she and the hero swear to meet again in the world. And afterward I discovered that much of the description tallied with a strange account given by the Popol Vuh, the sacred book of the Guatemalan."

"Field was engaged to Miss Cynthia Latham, a charming girl from his native town of Salem. Now, to say that a writer's heroine may become a rival of his own fiancée or wife sounds like an absurdity. Yet as Field wrote, the conviction dawned on him that his marriage would prove to be an unhappy one. Lota, the woman of his imagination, came to fill his heart, until she was more real than any woman of flesh and blood. Miss Latham was not slow to notice the change in him. She questioned him, but Field laughed and ascribed his erratic behavior to overwork. And Miss Latham let her faith overrule her judgment."

"It was two days before his marriage that Field came to see me. His eyes were bloodshot, his manner indicated that he was upon the verge of a nervous breakdown."

"Do you remember that passage I read to you from my book?" he continued. "Though we be severed through a thousand lives to come, each from each, yet I will find thee at the end." And then the lovers, embracing, and utterly convinced that some day they will be reunited, yield themselves to the knife without a pang? Doctor, I am that man. Laugh at my idea as you choose, I know it; and I know that somewhere in the world Lota, the heroine of my romance, is waiting for me to claim her. And if I fail her now I shall lose her forever."

"The thing for you to do, I answered, 'is to forget about your own hypersensitive emotional personality, and think about Miss Latham. How would it affect her if the marriage were not to occur?'"

"I know that it would break her heart," he answered immediately. "And yet, what is her love to Lota's? Has she waited for me ten thousand years?"

came almost threatening. I had destroyed his earning capabilities, he told me; if I did not choose to restore them I could settle a handsome income on him in compensation. I had no right to ruin his life. Of course I yielded. But, in agreeing to hypnotize him, I told him that under no circumstances would I undo my work again— if, indeed, it could be undone. He assented, and placing him in a hypnotic sleep, I recalled the sleeping giant to the supernal world. And afterward Field went away, and he wrote to me a week later saying that he was hard at work on a new novel.

"All this had occurred when I was last in America. I was called back to Athens and did not return for nearly a year. When I did so, one of my first visitors was Cynthia Field. Confessing that the sight of her distressed me greatly, I felt sure that some trouble had occurred. Had Field broken down, gone insane, left her? I was surprised and relieved when I discovered that she wished to consult me about herself."

"She had come to realize, she told me, that in marrying Field she had undertaken a responsibility for which she could not have fitted herself. Her husband was a genius; he was largely dominated by his imagination. To fit herself for this responsibility she had read his unpublished work, and the horror of the denouement had come home to her so strongly that it had strung her. She had begun to dream of the book, and in her dreams she was Lota, the Atlantean woman, kneeling with Field before the sacrificial altar, and always she awoke just as the priest plunged the knife into her breast."

"Why is it that we always wake, in such cases, just as we are killed or murdered?" asked Tarrant.

"Because," my dear Tarrant, "dreams always represent a memory," answered Immanuel, looking at him fixedly. "There is not one of us who, in ruder periods of history, has not in some life or other endured a violent death. And our memory goes on with our lives; that is why we awaken."

"Tarrant said nothing and Immanuel, after a turn or two about the room, proceeded.

"Well, to present the case concisely, the condition was this: Cynthia Field passed in her dreams into the personality of Lota, the priestess. As the dreamer, she was devoted to her husband, and in her dreams she was Lota, the Atlantean woman, kneeling with Field before the sacrificial altar, and always she awoke just as the priest plunged the knife into her breast."

"He did not relish my remarks. Then I suggested that he let me hypnotize him. I thought that I might bring effect, by suggestion, some sharper cleavage between the normal man and the dreamer. With his permission I placed him under hypnosis and discovered, as I had anticipated, that the hypnotic state was the real one. Field hypnotized was Field, and not Field plus the Atlantean hero. So I sent the Atlantean back to his own lodgings and, when he awoke, Field was quite himself again and laughing at his

fruition—you know the text: 'Ask ye and ye shall receive'—I say, so many lives had elapsed that the soul of each had taken its own course of development. Field was no more the shadowy hero of his book than the sweet-natured New England girl, Priestess Lota."

"And this is the situation at the beginning of our conversation. It was because its citizens had learned too many of nature's secrets that Atlantis disappeared, tradition tells us. If these two lovers had known nothing of the truths of reincarnation, far back in the days when Atlantis stretched, a mighty continent, where now the ocean roars, they would never have made that vow which, by its very nature, pledged itself to its own fulfillment. Their souls would have passed into the limbo of things, ready to accept whatever was in store for them in their births, and therefore Field, but they had flung their self-will into the teeth of eternity and had thus come together, not with the freedom of their new lives, but pledged to fulfill a vow which no longer corresponded to their needs."

"There were obviously two courses before me; either to recreate the Atlantean and the priestess, as well as to let them be, or to plunge both back into the fathomless depths of eternity, where they should both have been. The former course would, in this modern world, have been suicidal. I resolved to attempt the latter. But it is one thing to restore the psychic body of a forgotten life and quite another to destroy it. These phantoms have a personality of their own; they will not die; they cling to life as passionately as you or I. Yet in one respect they differ from us, because they can only live over again the episodes of their past; they are incapable of assimilating the experiences of this new life which they usurp."

"I was still thinking out my problem when I received another visit from Field. If he had appeared haggard before, this time he looked like a madman. He was unkempt, unshaven, and gave me the appearance of a man who had been on a prolonged debauch."

"You've got to do something at once, doctor," he said, sinking down to a chair, his head buried in his hands. "I feel as if I had been struck by lightning. I was horrified and yet not entirely astonished. I knew that, under the spell of her past, her normal life appeared strange and unreal to her. I quieted him and asked him for the particulars."

"It was about two o'clock," Field answered. "Of a sudden I awoke with a start out of a profound and happy sleep. I had been so happy, doctor! I was back again at Salem with Cynthia in the days of our courtship, before ever I was impelled to write that ghastly book. I awoke with a start and sat up. Cynthia was standing at my side, bending over me, one arm flung back, the other reaching for my hand. This is what I found inside."

"He pulled from his pocket a sharp stone, with a razor-like edge, evidently taken from the road. It was just such a stone as is used by the thousand in macadamized streets; a flint, keener and harder than a razor blade, and I held it in my hand, ready to use it on my abdomen."

"She seemed to have been dreaming. She stared at me as though she did not understand, and, I believe, since I concealed this stone, that she had no remembrance of her attempt. But her nerves are all broken down and she was lying in a sort of stupor all the morning."

"My incident decided me. As you know, gentlemen, I am the part owner of a sanitarium at Rutgers where I receive patients suffering from just such obscure nervous disorders as Mrs. Field's. I accompanied Field back to his home and persuaded her to let me find in a very nervous condition, whom I found in my patient there for a month. I took her down the next morning and installed her in a comfortable suite of rooms under the care of a private nurse. Then I went back and ordered Field to meet me at the station a couple of days later. He did so, and I took her to the sanitarium, but he did not let his wife know of his arrival."

"The brief rest and the change of scene, above all the separation from her husband, had immensely improved the woman's condition. I paid her a visit in her apartment after dinner, and then asked whether she would submit to being hypnotized. She was almost afraid; in fact," said the doctor, smiling whimsically, "I must

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## FALLING HAIR MEANS DANDRUFF IS ACTIVE

Save Your Hair! Get a 25 Cent Bottle of Danderine Right Now—Also Stops Itching Scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf. There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its luster, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, luster and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become glossy and soft, and have the appearance of abundance; an incomparable gloss and softness, but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp.—Adv.

Contraries Meeting.

"I found Mr. Smith in when he said he was not at home."

"So you found her out?"

Cole's Carbolic Acid Quickly Relieves skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Heals without scars. See and send your druggist 25c. to The W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill., for a pk.—Adv.

Depend upon it, the average man is above the average. If you doubt it, ask him.

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## That Knife-Like Pain

Have you a lame back, aching day and night? Do you feel sharp pains after stooping? Are the kidneys sore? Is their action irregular? Do you have backache, lumbago, rheumatic pains, feel tired, nervous, all worn-out? Use Doan's Kidney Pills—the medicine recommended by so many people in this locality. Read the experience that follows:

A Wisconsin Case.

Charles Silbworth, Seventh Ave., West Bend, Wis., writes: "I began with a dull, aching pain in my back that bothered me day and night. I got no more and I could hardly get up. I also had trouble with my kidneys, and I used Doan's Kidney Pills. The pills cleaned up my back and kidneys in good shape."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, hard on the system. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, soothe the delicate membrane of the bowels. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, as millions know. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature.

Wm. Wood.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Indians at the Front.

According to an official report, 1,200 Indians from the Canadian reserves have enlisted for active service in the war. Indians at the front, it is said, have proved themselves excellent riflemen and possessed of great powers of endurance. Last year they were sent over to the front in the Canadian Expeditionary Force, and have been most noteworthy contributors of knitted socks, mufflers and other comforts for the soldiers.—Outlook.

## ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE DOES IT.

When your shoes pinch or your corns and bunions ache get Allen's Foot-Ease. It will relieve the foot-ache, gives instant relief to foot, and cures corns, bunions, etc. Over 40,000,000 pairs are being used by the troops at the front. Sold everywhere.—Foot-Ease is a trade name.

The ear of Russia is a timber merchant.

## BILIOUS, HEADACHY, SICK "CASCARETS"

Gently cleanse your liver and sluggish bowels while you sleep.

Get a 10-cent box. Sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath—always trace them to torpid liver; delayed, fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous



# WOMAN COULD HARDLY STAND

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fulton, N. Y. — "Why will women pay out their money for treatment and receive no benefit, when so many have proved that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will make them well? For over a year I suffered from female weakness. I could hardly stand and was afraid to go on the street alone. Doctors said medicines were useless and one day an operation would help me, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved it otherwise. I am now perfectly well and can do any kind of work." — Mrs. NELLIE PHELPS, care of H. A. Rider, R. F. D. No. 5, Fulton, N. Y.

We wish every woman who suffers from female troubles, nervousness, backache or the blues could see the letters written by women made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If you have had symptoms and do not understand the cause, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free.

Exactly. "What punishment to fit the crime would you give these food speculators?"

"The most fitting would be to make them eat corn."

## With the Fingers! Says Corns Lift Out Without Any Pain

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

At little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain, or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound, and dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding skin. Just think! You can lift off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or soreness. If your druggist hasn't freezone he can easily get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—Adv.

Free Thought. "Scrubbing is a free-thinker is he not?"

"Well, no editor will give him anything for his thoughts."

## Druggist Personally Recommends Kidney Preparation

I have great faith in Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root and I really believe that it will do all that is claimed for it if it is given a thorough trial. I have been handling it ever since I went into the drug business, and I have heard nothing but the most favorable reports regarding it. Swamp Root is a steady seller and a reliable medicine.

Very truly yours,  
R. J. TAYLOR, Druggist, Sparta, Wis.

Dec. 9, 1916

Prove What Swamp Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper as Regular Advertiser and one dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Those Dear Girls. Alice—Jack told me last night that I was beautiful.

Marie—And yet you say he lacks imagination.

Doubts the Saying. "I don't believe that time is money, do you?"

"No; I usually have time to spare."

## SOOTHES ITCHING SCALPS And Prevents Falling Hair Do Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

On retiring, gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water using plenty of soap. Cultivate the use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment for every-day toilet purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address Postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Send everywhere.—Adv.

More than 70 per cent of the exports of Jamaica come to the United States.

Knowledge may be power, but it takes gasoline to get you anywhere these days.

## Grippy weather this. Better get a box of—



The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, easy to take, no opiate—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours. Grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture. 25 cents.

At Any Drug Store

## CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

Mothers who value the health of their children should never be without MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN, for use when needed. They tend to Break up Colds, Relieve Feverishness, Worms, Constipation, Headache, Feeding Disorders and Stomach Troubles.

Don't accept any Substitute. Used by Mothers for 30 years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. 25 cents. Total package \$1.00.

THE MOTHER GRAY CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

## GALLSTONES

And operations! Positive Liver Stone Remedy (No 600)—Removes stone, never returns. Write today, California Remedy Co., Dept. W-7, 2125 Jackson, Chicago.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 11-1917.

# Fight Dry Weather With Holes in the Ground

By Robert H. Moulton

### Farmers in semi-arid regions of west and Southwest make inexpensive silos by digging pits and lining them with cement :: Method may be used profitably in any part of country

## II

THE pit silo the farmers of the semi-arid regions of the Southwest have found a valuable aid in their efforts to wrest a living from the soil. In the winter of 1913-14, following the unprecedented drought of 1913, it proved its value to such an extent that hundreds of them have been constructed by the farmers of western Kansas, Oklahoma, northern Texas, and New Mexico. In one Colorado county alone—El Paso—the existence of a few pit silos last fall saved \$500,000 worth of the stock which would have perished. The severe winter following the dry summer. There were more than 200 pit silos in this county the past summer.

The silo is getting to be an old story on the prospective farms of the middle West. The value of the great tank to preserve the feed values of forage crops and utilize them through the winter and spring when the pastures are resting, has been tested so often that nearly every successful farmer has constructed one or more of them.

The pit silo is only about three years old, and has been in extensive use for only two years. It is not a new thing, but it is new in the Southwest, where it is more valuable than in any other farming region in the United States. A few silos have been in use in Iowa, in Illinois, and even in Mississippi, for a number of years, but their use in these regions has not spread.

A silo is a water-tight structure into which corn and other fodder are packed while green so tightly that no space is left for air, and with enough moisture to insure fermentation. The material is generally cut into strips not more than an inch or two in length. In the winter, after the fermentation and curing process have been completed, the silo is opened and the "mash" is fed to live stock. It is as palatable and nourishing as green fodder, and exhaustive and long-continued experiments have proved that beef cattle, milch cows, horses, mules, and sheep thrive on it. The process preserves about 90 per cent of the food values of the green fodder. If the fodder is left in stacks or shocks it loses fully one-half of the food value through the drying-out process.

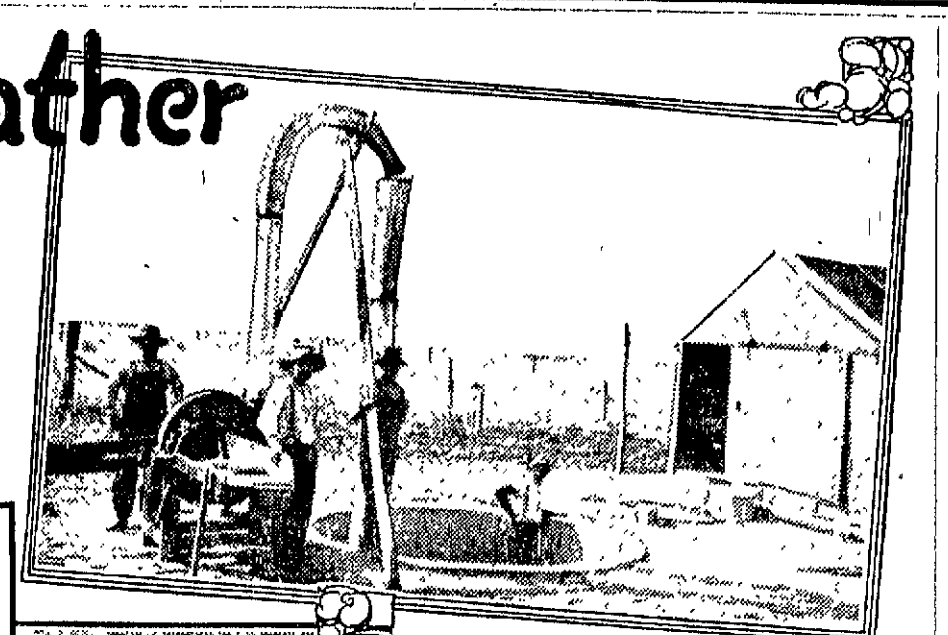
In the Southwest last winter and spring the owners of pit silos learned that the immature and wind-dried fodder crops, which would have been practically worthless as dry food, made a very good feed when converted into ensilage in the pit silos. One illustration will prove its value in this regard.

J. C. Michael is a farmer in the Lincoln district of El Paso county, in eastern Colorado. In August, 1913, when it was apparent that the drought and hot winds had already made it impossible to secure a crop, Michael, assisted by two men working at odd times, built a 35-ton pit silo. The cash outlay was only \$14.50. Into this hole in the ground Michael packed the corn from ten acres, the best of which would not yield more than ten bushels per acre. The corn was immature, and there was no chance for it to improve. If harvested and stacked for use as fodder in dry form it would have been worth only a few dollars per acre.

From late fall until spring Mr. Michael fed the ensilage to 10 milch cows and 12 heifers, 20 pounds a day per head for the cows and five pounds for the heifers. No grain was fed, but the cattle were given a little millet and oat straw for roughage. The entire herd kept in good condition, and the ten cows produced Mr. Michael with ten dollars' worth of cream every week.

The pit silo in the Southwest is generally nothing more than a hole in the ground lined with cement of varying thickness. Some of them are constructed with a heavy concrete collar to prevent the ground caving in and to keep out the moisture. Some of them have concrete extension above the surface of the ground. There are all sorts and sizes and all shapes and kinds of construction, for the pit silo is still such a new farm device that it has not been standardized. The cost ranges from \$14.50 cash outlay of Mr. Michael, to \$150 for the larger ones with an inch cement lining and heavy concrete collars extending deep into the ground and above-ground extensions. The average cost of the hundreds that have been built ranges between \$15 and \$20.

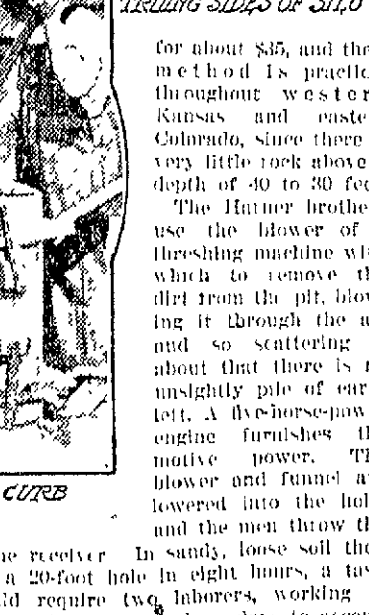
A number of interesting methods have been brought into use to make the most of this new form of silo. Two brothers, Ray and May Farmer, who live near Colby, in western Kansas, have discovered a method by which they can dig a 30-foot hole for a pit silo in about two days. They contract to dig pit silos 10 feet in diameter and 30 feet deep



METHOD OF DIGGING SILO



USING REAPER FOR TURNING SIDES OF SILO



BUILDING UP SECTION OF SILO CURB

In the roof of the barn and blown to the winds. One man in Oklahoma's Panhandle last year, after he had built or dug a pit silo at a total cost of \$10, proved that Russian thistles can be converted into fine stock feed. This man was Albert Stacey who lives near Clayton. When his 15th pit silo was finished, with a \$2 shed over it, he found he was short of feed, and filled it with thistles, broomcorn, kafir and milfo. The thistles were cut too late to make good feed, but in the fermenting process the thistles were softened and the cattle ate them readily. There was not enough from his 30 acres to fill the small silo, but Mr. Stacey found that the results were sufficient to repay him. All winter he fed 7 milch cows, 32 horses, 6 calves and several hogs, feeding them nothing but the silage. It lasted for three months. As dry feed it would have been gone in three weeks. That pit silo was the only source of revenue on the farm for the year, and the milk kept the family in groceries and other necessities.

Experiments covering a period of three years, made at the Kansas Agricultural college, have proved that silage from corn, from kafir and from sorghum have equal feeding value, ton for ton, for both beef cattle and dairy cows, when each variety is placed in the silo at the proper time. The proper time for corn is when the kernels are beginning to dent, for kafir and sorghum when the seeds have grown so hard they cannot be crushed between thumb and forefinger, and while the stalks and leaves are still green. These tests have proved that the practice in the past has been to cut kafir and sorghum too green to get the full feed value in the silage.

These tests will have a very important bearing upon farming in the semiarid districts. The best silage crop will be one where the rainfall is ample, where the rainfall is moderate, and where the stalks and leaves are still green. In the driest years in western Kansas and Oklahoma, the Panhandle of Texas, and in eastern New Mexico and in Colorado.

Every farmer in the Southwest, it is said, needs a silo as badly as he needs anything. It is further said that not two men in ten are able to build an above-ground silo because of the expense. The pit silo, costing only one-tenth as much, and capable of being built by the farmer himself, is expected to solve this problem until farmers are able to purchase the more expensive and better above-ground silos of woods, tile, concrete or metal.

In sandy, loose soil, light silos, a task which would require two laborers, working in the usual way, from two to three days, in a pit silo the farmer dug his pit 20 feet deep and 12 feet across in 18 hours, the dirt being carried 12 feet above the ground through an opening made for about \$5, and their method is practical throughout western Kansas and eastern Colorado. Since there is very little rock above a depth of 30 to 40 feet.

The Farmer brothers use the plow of a horse-drawn machine with which to remove the dirt from the pit, blowing it through the air and so scattering it about that there is no unsightly pile of earth left. A five-horse-power engine furnishes the motive power. The plow and funnel are lowered into the hole, and the men throw the dirt into the receiver.

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## SOME STRANGE FARMS

People Surely Have Unusual Means of Money Making in United States.

Turkey has its mosques; Russia has its Cossacks; Germany has its Cossacks; Mexico has its haciendas; but the United States has the queerest farms in the world.

At Pasadena, Cal., Edwin Cawston operates what is perhaps the largest ostrich farm in the world. Of course, it isn't everyone who would care to keep ostriches. But Mr. Cawston doesn't mind it a bit, for he controls a great part of the ostrich supply of the world. If you have ever purchased an ostrich plume of the first grade you may have a faint inkling as to how much money can be made from an ostrich farm, if you know how. Once Pennsylvania got the fever and started an ostrich farm up near Sanbury, but the poor, unfeeling birds refused to become acclimated; said they were not snappers, or something to that effect. Be that as it may, Cawston's ostrich farm remains today the greatest in the world.

At Victor, in Mexico, there is a parrot ranch. And some distance beyond Los Angeles, Cal., there is an immense pigeon farm. There one will find nearly 15,000 pigeons. And almost everybody knows that there is money in pigeons; indeed, where is the schoolboy who hasn't kept a few at one time or another? Also, in Colorado there is a bear farm. Of course, people are not so much interested in bears as they are in Canada is a man who is making money by rearing wolves; the skins bring handsome prices.

At Hot Springs, Ark., H. J. Campbell has an alligator farm, which is but another of the American queerest farms in the world. But down in Florida, where the alligator grows, the farmers used to shoot the whole blooming family. It is said that between 1890 and 1910 more than 3,000,000 alligators were killed. Of course, people are not so much interested in alligators as they are in Canada is a man who is making money by rearing wolves; the skins bring handsome prices.

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## ACTRESS IS HOG QUEEN OF WEST

Quits the Footlights to Manage 2,500-Acre Ranch in Oregon.

## HAPPY IN HER WORK

Rides 57 Miles on Horseback to Get Points From an Expert in Turkey Raising—Wears Overalls While at Work.

Portland, Ore.—To be a "hog queen of the West" rather than a talented and much sought Broadway actress, is the ambition now realized by Mary Carr, owner and manager of a 2,500-acre ranch near Fossil, Ore.

Mrs. Carr has signed at Fossil's fountain and found his apparently sparkling waters not to her taste. She has played with Maude Adams in "The House of the Rising Sun" and with John Mason in "The Wilding Home," but stepped from the footlights to become a breeder of live stock.

"I haven't any thrilling story to tell," she said when asked about her life's work. "I am just living my life—yes, living for the first time a free, wholesome life, for in the old days my first thought on awakening was 'How can I get through another day?'"

Had a Struggle. "When I went to New York without a name, without relatives and without a 'pull,' you may be sure I had a struggle, but I was determined and finally succeeded; yes, I succeeded just as far as any woman can in the New York stage and stay straight. When I gave up the stage and came West my sister and I took up a section of land eighteen miles from Fossil. Later my mother joined us and we took up other sections of land, until now we have twenty-five hundred acres. I am growing a large number of turkeys and hogs, but eventually I shall stock the ranch with cattle and sheep also. Last year I raised one hundred hogs and this year I will have two hundred and fifty hogs.

Last year I raised three hundred and fifty turkeys and this year I hope to raise fifteen hundred. The raising

## W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

\$3 \$3.50 \$4 \$4.50 \$5 \$6 \$7 \$8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas shoes and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed. The wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas shoes is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centers of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, write to me, I will make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to determine the quality of shoes, and how to get the best price. LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas \$3.00 \$2.50 & \$2.00  
185 Park St., Brockton, Mass.

Doll Caricatures. Dolls resembling in form and feature persons who desire to hand down to posterity as faithful a portrait of themselves as possible have become a great fad in Paris. It began with the caricaturing of celebrities in the form of dolls with heads formed to accentuate the characteristic features of the original. Now all sorts of people are having themselves portrayed in this new fashion. The facial resemblance is not only reproduced as perfectly as possible, but the dolls are dressed in material approaching as nearly as possible that of the original's clothing.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

Smoked meats from central European farmhouses are nutritious when properly stewed.

The Norwegian state railways are contemplating opening a tourist bureau in the United States.

The straight and narrow path is all to the good, but it is the biggest crowd on the great white highway.

Its Status. "Here these two agreed to make a fight and they've taken it out in writing notes."

"I suppose the agreement, then, was just a scrap of paper."

### FEW MOTHERS REALIZE

how many delicious dishes can be prepared with Skinner's Macaroni and Spaghetti. For this reason the Skinner Mfg. Co. has prepared a beautiful Cook Book containing recipes telling how to serve it in a hundred different ways. Write Skinner Mfg. Co., Omaha, Neb., for free copy. All good grocers everywhere sell Skinner's Macaroni and Spaghetti.—Adv.

His Education Assured. "I feel that I am not fit to be a shoe maker."

"Don't worry, my boy. After marriage you'll soon get you expert at that. Also at putting on overshoes and heeling up gowns."

The Limit. "She loved him long."

"Think the way with women. They never love us when we are short."

### Saves Eggs

Royal Baking Powder makes it possible to produce appetizing and wholesome cakes, muffins, cornbread, etc., with fewer eggs than are usually required.

In many recipes the number of eggs may be reduced and excellent results obtained by using an additional quantity of Royal Baking Powder, about a teaspoon, for each egg omitted. The following tested recipe is a practical illustration:

**SPONGE CAKE**

1 cup sugar  
2 cup water  
3 eggs  
2 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder  
1 cup flour  
1 teaspoon salt  
1/2 cup cold water  
1 teaspoon flavoring

The old method called for six eggs and no baking powder.

Directions—Beat sugar and water until stiff. Beat whites of eggs, beating until stiff. Beat yolks of eggs, beating until stiff. Beat whites and yolks together three times the flour, salt and baking powder. Beat yolks of eggs until thick; add a little at a time flour mixture and egg yolks alternately to white of egg mixture, stirring after each addition. Add 1/2 cup cold water and flavoring. Mix lightly and bake in moderate oven one hour.

Booklet of recipes which economize in eggs and other expensive ingredients mailed free. Address Royal Baking Powder Co., 125 William Street, New York.

## ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes, adds none but healthful qualities to the food.

No Alum No Phosphate No Bitter Taste

## Cheaper Land Clearing

The recent demonstrations of the University of Wisconsin proved that the cost of clearing land can be greatly reduced by better methods and the use of lower strength explosives.

## RED CROSS FARM POWDER

Costs less than higher strength powder but does the same work if used right.

Our Farmers Bulletin No. B 597 describes and illustrates the successful methods developed at the demonstrations. Write for your copy—now.

E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. Wilmington, Delaware

## Canada Offers 160 Acres Free to Farm Hands

Bonus of Western Canada Land to Men Assisting in Maintaining Needed Grain Production

The demand for farm labor in Canada is great. As an inducement to secure the necessary help at once, Canada will give

## ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES OF LAND FREE AS A HOMESTEAD

and allow the time of the farm laborer, who has filed on the land, to apply as residence duties, the same as if he actually had lived on it. Another special concession is the reduction of one year in the time to complete duties. Two years instead of three as heretofore, but only to men working on the farms for at least six months in 1917. This appeal for farm help is in no way connected with enlistment for military service but solely to increase agricultural output. A wonderful opportunity to secure a farm and draw good wages at the same time. Information as to low railway rates may be had on application to

Geo. A. Bell, 123 Second Street, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. A. Luper, Marquette, Mich. Canadian Government Agents



## WOMAN COULD HARDLY STAND

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fulton, N. Y. — "Why will women pay out their money for treatment and receive no benefit, when so many have proved that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will make them well?"

For over a year I suffered so from female weakness that I could hardly stand and was afraid to go on the street alone. Doctors said medicines were useless and only an operation would help me, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved it otherwise. I am now perfectly well and can do any kind of work. — Mrs. NELBIE PHILIPS, care of R. A. Rider, R.F.D. No. 5, Fulton, N. Y.

We wish every woman who suffers from troubles, nervousness, backache or the blues could see the letters written by women made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If you have had symptoms and do not understand the cause, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free.

Exactly. "What punishment to fit the crime would you give these food speculators?"

"The most fitting would be to make them eat corn."

## With the Fingers! Says Corns Lift Out Without Any Pain

Soft corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can be shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of Frezzone, says a Cincinnati authority. At little cost one can get a small bottle of Frezzone at any drug store. You will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound, and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding skin. Just think! You can lift off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or soreness. If your druggist hasn't Frezzone he can easily get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—Adv.

Free Treatment. "Scritches is a freethinker is he not?"

"Well, no editor will give him anything for his thoughts."

## Druggist Personally Recommends Kidney Preparation

I have great faith in Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and I really believe that it will do all that is claimed for it. I have given it to my wife and she has been cured of her kidney trouble. I have been suffering from kidney trouble for years and I have heard nothing but the most favorable reports regarding it. Swamp-Root is a steady seller and a reliable medicine.

Very truly yours, R. J. TAYLOR, Druggist, Sparta, Wis.

## Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will cure anyone who will take it. You will receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

## Those Dear Girls.

Allice—Jack told me last night that I was beautiful.

Mario—And yet you say he lacks imagination.

"I don't believe that time is money, do you?"

"No; I usually have time to spare."

## SOOTHES ITCHING SCALPS

And Prevents Falling Hair Do Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

On retiring, gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water using plenty of Soap. Cultivate the use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment for every-day toilet purposes.

Free sample sent by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

More than 70 per cent of the exports of Jamaica come to the United States.

Knowledge may be power, but it takes gasoline to get you anywhere these days.

## Grippy weather this. Better get a box of—

CASCARA QUININE

The old family remedy in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiate—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—cures in 48 hours. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's Picture on it—25c each.

At Any Drug Store

## CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

Mothers who value the health of their children should never be without MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN.

These powders, used when needed, They tend to Break up Colds, Relieve Feverishness, Wounds, Constipation, Headache, Teething Disorders and Stomach Troubles.

Do not accept any Substitute. Used by Mothers for 25 years. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

25c each. Retail price 15c. Address THE MOTHER GRAY CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

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# Fight Dry Weather With Holes in the Ground

By Robert H. Moulton

Farmers in semi-arid regions of west and Southwest make inexpensive silos by digging pits and lining them with cement. Method may be used profitably in any part of country

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The silo is getting to be an old story on the prosperous farms of the middle West. The value of the great tank to preserve the feed values of forage crops and utilize them through the winter and spring when the pastures are resting, has been tested so often that nearly every successful farmer has constructed one or more of them.

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A silo is a water-tight structure into which corn and other fodder are packed while green so tightly that no space is left for air, and with enough moisture to insure fermentation. The material is usually cut into strips not more than an inch or two in length. In the winter, after the fermentation and curing process have been completed, the silo is opened and the "mash" is fed to live stock. It is as palatable and nourishing as green fodder, and exhaustive and long-continued experiments have proved that beef cattle, milch cows, hogs, horses, mules, and sheep thrive on it. The process preserves about 90 per cent of the food value of the green fodder. If the fodder is left in stacks or shocks, it loses only one-half of the food value through the drying-out process.

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J. C. Michael is a farmer in the Lincoln district of El Paso county, in eastern Colorado. In August, 1913, when it was apparent that the drought and hot winds had already made it impossible to secure a crop, Michael, assisted by two men working at odd times, built a 35-ton pit silo. The cash outlay was only \$4.45. Into this hole in the ground Michael packed the corn from ten acres, the best of which would not yield more than 10 bushels per acre, and there was no chance for it to improve. It was harvested and stacked for use for silage in dry form. It would have been worth only a few dollars per acre.

From late fall until spring Mr. Michael fed the ensilage to 10 milch cows and 12 calves, 20 pounds a day per head for the cows and five pounds for the calves. No grain was fed, but the calves, given a little millet and oat straw for roughage. The entire herd kept in good condition, and the ten cows provided Mr. Michael with ten dollars' worth of cream every week.

The pit silos in the Southwest are generally nothing more than holes in the ground lined with cement, of varying thickness. Some of them are constructed with a heavy concrete collar to prevent the ground caving in and to keep out the moisture. Some of them have concrete extensions above the surface of the ground. There are all kinds of construction, for sizes and all shapes and kinds of design that it the pit silo is still such a new farm device that it has not been standardized. The cost ranges from \$4.45 cash outlay of Mr. Michael, to \$150 for the larger ones, with an inch cement lining and heavy concrete collars extending deep into the ground and above-ground extensions. The average cost of the hundreds that have been built ranges between \$15 and \$20.

A number of interesting methods have been brought into use to make the most of this new form of silo. Two brothers, Ray and Ray Harner, who live near Colby, in western Kansas, have discovered a method by which they can dig a 30-foot hole for a pit silo in about two days. They contract to dig pit silos 10 feet in diameter and 30 feet deep

in the roof of the barn and blown to the winds. After he had built or dug a pit silo at a total cost of \$10, proved that Russian thistles can be converted into fair stock feed. This man was Albert Stone, who lives near Guymon. When his 15 by 17 silo was finished, with a \$2 shed over it, he found he was short of feed, and filled it with thistles, broomcorn, kafir and milo. The thistles were cut too late to make good feed, but in the fermenting process the thistles were softened and the cattle ate them readily. There was not enough from his 30 acres to fill the small silo, but Mr. Stone found that the results were sufficient to repay him. All winter he fed 7 milch cows, 12 horses, 6 calves, and several hogs, feeding them nothing but the silage. It lasted for three months. As dry feed it would have been gone in three weeks.

Experiments covering a period of three years, made at the Kansas Agricultural college, have proved that silage from corn, kafir and from sorghum have equal feeding value, ton for ton, for both beef cattle and dairy cows, when such variety is placed in the silo at the proper time. This proper time for corn is when the kernels are beginning to dent, for kafir and sorghum when the seeds have grown so hard they cannot be crushed between thumb and forefinger, and while the stalks and leaves are still green. These tests have proved that the practice in the past has been to cut kafir and sorghum too green to get the full feed value in the silage.

These tests will have a very important bearing upon farming in the semiarid districts. The best silage crop will be corn where the rainfall is ample, kafir where the rainfall is moderate, and sorghum where it is light. Sorghum is practically a crop crop, where it is well cultivated, in the driest years in western Kansas and Oklahoma, the Panhandle of Texas, and in eastern New Mexico and in Colorado.

Every farmer in the Southwest, it is said, needs a silo as badly as he needs anything else. It is said that not two men are able to build an above-ground silo because of the expense. The pit silo, costing only one-tenth as much, and capable of being built by the farmer himself, is expected to solve this problem until farmers are able to purchase the more expensive and better above-ground silos of woods, tile, concrete or metal.

Turkey has its mosques; Russia has its Casacks; Germany has its U-Boats, and Mexico has its fleas; but the United States has the queerest farms in the world.

At Pasadena, Cal., Edwin Cavston operates what is perhaps the largest ostrich farm in the world. Of course, it isn't everyone who would care to keep ostriches. But Mr. Cavston doesn't mind it a bit, for he controls a great part of the ostrich-plumage supply of the world. If you have ever purchased an ostrich plume of the first grade you may have a faint inkling as to how much money can be made from an ostrich farm. If you know how. Once Pennsylvanians got the fever, and started an ostrich farm up near Susquehanna, but the poor, unfeeling birds refused to become acclimated; said they were not snowbirds, or something to that effect. So that as it may, Cavston's ostrich farm remains today the greatest in the world.

At Victoria, in Mexico, there is a parrot ranch. And some distance beyond Los Angeles, Cal., there is an immense pigeon farm. There one will find nearly 15,000 pigeons. And almost everybody knows that there is money in pigeons; indeed, where is the schoolboy who hasn't kept a few at one time or another? Also, in Colorado there is a bear farm. And somewhere up in Canada is a man who is making money by rearing wolves; the skins being handsome prices.

At Hot Springs, Ark., L. J. Campbell has an alligator farm, which is but another of the American queerest farms in the world. But down in Florida, where the alligator grows, the farmers used to shoot the whole blooming family. It is said that between 1890 and 1900 more than 3,000,000 alligators were killed. Of course, perhaps there was ample reason for this wholesale butchery. The alligators seemed to take great delight in devouring the farmers' herds of cattle. Even the docile cow was not immune. Naturally, making away with the alligators in wholesale lots caused a shortage in alligator skin, and the leather manufacturers felt the pinch. Alligator farms were the result.

And Mr. Campbell goes Dame Nature one better—he hatches 'em out in incubators. They get beyond the stage where they look like woolly worms with iron-clad backs, the alligators are allowed to shoot the chutes, play tag and otherwise make the most of life. But eventually—eventually—the sword of not Damocles but Campbell falls. Later, the pride of the family receives as a graduation gift a lovely alligator-skin grip or suitcase, and he and the baggage-smashers, all too unkindly of the advent of the grip or suitcase, treat it shamefully. That's life for you.

In Texas the farmer is breeding buffaloes and crossing them with cattle. In Oregon they are raising Chinese pheasants, but the story of how

the ostrich was first introduced to America is one that must be told.

In 1852 an unknown soldier of fortune filled the hold of a steamer bound for New York with more than 100 ostriches. Now, these gigantic birds weigh as much as 200 and 300 pounds, even more. They are accustomed to sunlight, the open range and, above all, fresh air. But here they were packed in badly ventilated pens in the stinky hold of a tramp steamer. The pitching and tossing of the steamer also was responsible for the death of many of the birds. At any rate, but a mere handful of the original shipment arrived in New York. Later they were shipped to San Francisco, and still later to Anaheim, in Lower California.

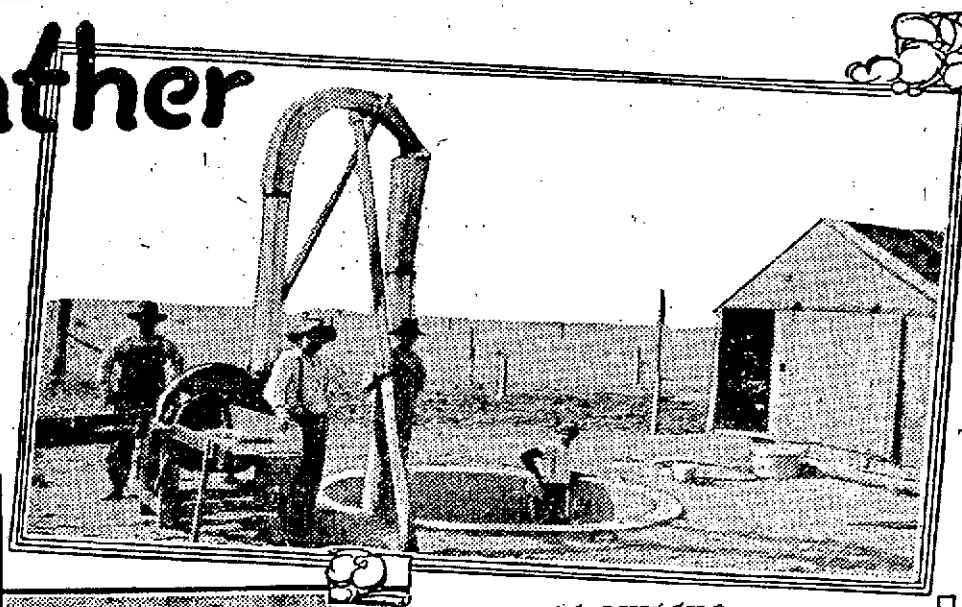
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William Hagan has an immense fur plant down the shores of the Delaware. He raises muskrats and makes money at it. During the season of 1914-15 Mr. Hagan realized more than \$2,000 clear profit on his immense farm, which extends over an acre of 614 acres. But muskrat farming is a very strenuous business. In the first place, the farmer must wait until fall before the real "farming" takes place. It is then that the skins are at their best. The animals are caught by the front part of the tail by means of stake traps; that is, traps attached to stakes. The stakes also serve as a guide. Then, too, the trappers take with them a needle-pointed rapier, used to spear any stray rat which may attempt to flee at the first warning of danger to him or his. And those hip-booted trappers can spear a rat with all the deftness of a William Tell shooting an apple.

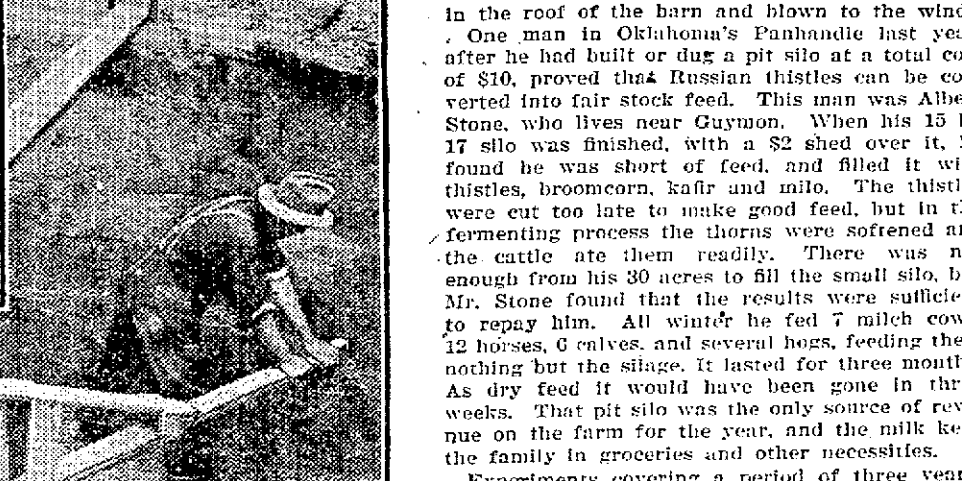
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Joseph Matlack of Moorestown, N. J., owns what is perhaps the largest guinea-pig farm in the world. This much is uncontested. He raises more of them by means of stake traps than any other man in the world. When she answered the doorbell and found a stalwart Swede repeating with rising inflection "Rutabaga?" she replied sweetly: "No, sir; Lindhart. I am Mrs. Lindhart, and I do not know the family."

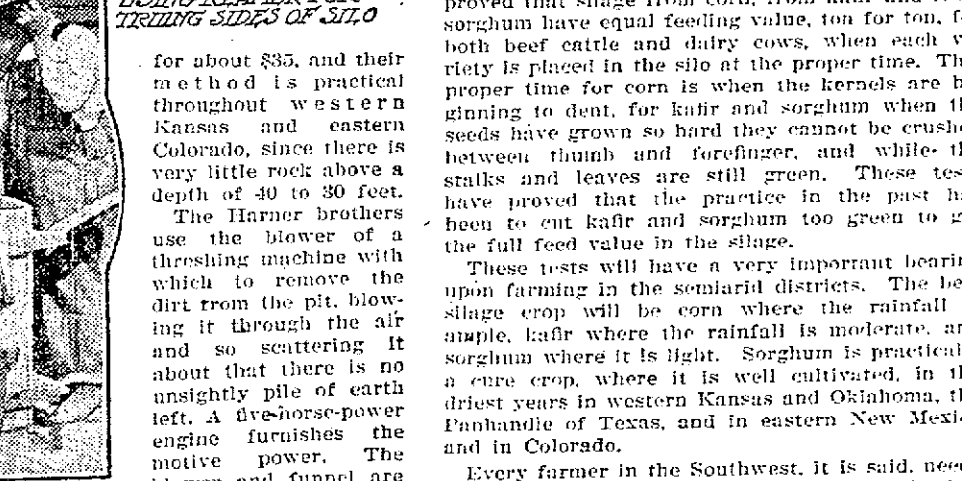
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METHOD OF FILLING SILO



USING REAPER FOR TURNING SIDES OF SILO



BUILDING UP SIDES OF SILO CURBS

for about \$35, and their method is practical throughout western Kansas and eastern Colorado, since there is very little rock above a depth of 40 to 50 feet. The Harner brothers, working in a thrashing machine with which to remove the dirt from the pit, blowing it through the air and so scattering it about that there is no unsightly pile of earth left. A five-horsepower engine furnishes the motive power. The blower and funnel are lowered into the hole, and the men throw the dirt into the receiver. In sandy, loose soil they have sunk a 20-foot hole in eight hours, a task which would require two laborers, working the usual way, from two to three days to accomplish. The Harners dug one of their pits 12 feet across in 18 hours, the dirt being carried 12 feet above the ground through an opening made

## SOME STRANGE FARMS

People Surely Have Unusual Means of Money Making in United States.

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## ACTRESS IS HOG QUEEN OF WEST

Quits the Footlights to Manage 2,500-Acre Ranch in Oregon.

## HAPPY IN HER WORK

Rides 57 Miles on Horseback to Get Points From an Expert in Turkey Raising—Wears Overalls While at Work.

Portland, Ore.—To be a "hog queen of the West" rather than a tosted and much sought Broadway actress, is the ambition now realized by Mary Carr, owner and manager of a 2,500-acre ranch near Fossil, Ore.

Mrs. Carr has sipped at Fame's fountain and found its apparently sparkling waters not to her taste. She has played with Maude Adams in "Peter Pan" with Frances Starr in "The Rose of the Rancho," and with John Mason in "The Witching Hour," but stepped from the footlights to become a breeder of five stock.

"I haven't any thrilling story to tell," she said when asked about her life's work. "I am just living my life—yes, living for the first time a free, wholesome life, for in the old days my first thought on awakening was 'how can I get through another day?'"

Had a Struggle. "When I went to New York without a name, without relatives and without a 'pull,' you may be sure I had a struggle, but I was determined and finally succeeded; yes, I succeeded just as far as any woman can on the New York stage and stay straight."

"When I gave up the stage and came West my sister and I took up a section of land eighteen miles from Fossil. Later my mother joined us and we took up other sections of land, until now we have twenty-five hundred acres. I am growing a large number of turkeys and hogs, but eventually I shall stop the ranch with cattle and sheep also. Last year I raised one hundred hogs and this year I hope to raise fifteen hundred. The raising

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## W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE" \$3 \$3.50 \$4 \$4.50 \$5 \$6 \$7 \$8 AND \$9 FOR MEN AND WOMEN. Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas Shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World. W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearers protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centers of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other maker. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the lowest price by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas, President of W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

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## Date of Sale Changed

—On account of the storm we did not have our sale on March 14th, but will have same on March 20th, 1917. In this herd are five cows that average 16,374 pounds of milk and 669 pounds of butter in one year. Most of the best of the herd are bred to the best of the breed of 8 cows that average 1,222 pounds of butter in one year. Come to the sale and get your own.

J. F. SCHMIDT, Prop.  
1st-pd Arpin, Wis.

## CATHOLICS SHOW GAINS

Increase for Last Year 458,770 According to Catholic Directory

Wisconsin has 586,875 Catholics, ranking eighth in the United States, according to a statistical report just issued by J. P. Kennedy & Sons, New York, publishers of the Official Catholic Directory. Special mention is made of Wisconsin by the publishers for having advanced from ninth to eighth place during the last year, passing Louisiana, which according to the report has 519,709 Catholics. There are 17,022,879 Catholics in the United States proper states the report. With sixty-four American archdioceses and dioceses reporting increases, four showing decreases, and thirty-three making no change in the population figure, the increase of the number of Catholics in the country in 1916 is given as 458,770. The compiler, Joseph H. Miller, believes that figuring the Catholic population, 16,000,000 in 1915, is a safe figure. The table shows that there are 10,983 Catholic clergymen and 15,620 parishes in continental United States. There are 102 seminaries in which 6,895 young men are studying for the priesthood. Parochial schools, 5,887 in number, have an enrollment of 1,637,441 children.

## DEATH OF L. E. CLAPP

Lewis E. Clapp, one of the old residents of this city, died at his home on the west side on Friday after an illness of only a week, cause of death being pneumonia. Mr. Clapp would have been 92 years old at his next birthday which occurred in April. He is survived by his wife and two daughters and two sons, the children being Eliza, Lillian, Stanley and Spencer. The funeral services were held on Monday afternoon from the Congregational church, Rev. R. J. Locke conducting the services. The remains were taken to Mehan for burial.

## LAWYERS HOLD MEETING

A meeting of the Wood County Bar association was held in this city on Monday at the court house. Among those in attendance from out of the city were C. B. Edwards, R. C. Fors, P. C. Williams, R. E. Anderson and John Cole, all of Marshfield. Among the business transacted was the election of officers for the ensuing year, which was as follows:

P. C. Fors, president.  
B. M. Vaughan, vice president.  
P. A. Williams, second vice president.  
J. Conway, secretary.  
T. W. Brazee, treasurer.

## WAS SOMEWHERE

Quite a wreck occurred on the Soo Line at Amherst on Monday when nineteen cars went over the embankment at that point. A house standing near the wreck was struck and a narrow gauge car was derailed. The cars stopped only about five feet from the house. The locomotive got over the place without being derailed, so the train crew escaped without injury.

## Like Pasture in Intex

It Makes the Milk Flow  
Keep your milk yield up to the top notch this winter by feeding International Special Dairy Feed. Why waste your time milking cows that give only half a pail of milk? Feed them this best of all dairy feeds and get a full pail just like early spring. Costs less, too.

## International Special Dairy Feed

Headquarters for Dairy men  
Quality goods at quantity prices. We can beat anyone in town on high quality goods for dairymen and livestock growers. Come here for unfettered prices that are sure to please. We handle only the best quality goods everything we sell is first class. Get your telephone numbers here when you come to town.

## McKercher & Rossier Co

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

## Organized 1872

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

Capital and Surplus \$150,000.00

OFFICERS: Geo. W. Mead, President; Earle Pease, Vice President; W. J. Conway, A. G. Miller, Cashier; H. C. Demitz, Assistant Cashier.

STOCKHOLDERS: The First National Bank is owned by sixty stockholders, nearly all of whom live in this community and take an active interest in the welfare of the bank and its customers.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT March 5, 1917  
Condensed from Regular Statement made to the U. S. Government

RESOURCES: Loans and Discounts \$ 768,945.06  
United States Bonds 100,000.00  
Other Bonds and Securities 328,517.19  
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures 25,000.00  
Due from U. S. Treasurer 5,000.00  
Cash on Hand and in Banks 384,745.78  
\$1,607,208.03

LIABILITIES: Capital Stock paid in \$ 100,000.00  
Surplus 50,000.00  
Undivided Profits 14,954.24  
National Bank Notes 100,000.00  
Deposits 1,342,253.79  
\$1,607,208.03

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Showing the growth of the First National Bank over a period of years.

January 7, 1908 \$ 586,488.79  
January 7, 1910 758,724.92  
January 7, 1912 983,499.59  
January 7, 1914 1,154,282.17  
January 7, 1915 1,239,384.94  
March 5, 1917 1,607,208.03

Personal service rendered each individual customer, accounts for the substantial growth shown above. "The reward for doing business right is more business."

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

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## LOCAL ITEMS

Mrs. Peter Rolland is ill with a threatened attack of pneumonia.

At the Crosses Garrison was taken to Wausau on Thursday where she will undergo an operation for gonorrhea.

Mrs. Herman Murgat of North Dakota is visiting at the home of her brother, Claude Grance, for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Reune departed on Thursday for Nasvone to attend the funeral of Ray McTavish.

Mrs. Fred Gaurich of Wausau and Mrs. Alfred Kermis of Mosinee were visiting with relatives in the city the past week.

Marriage is often a ceremony in which a man signs over to a woman the right to do his thinking for him.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Boyles of Saratoga mourn the death of their ten-month-old daughter who died on Thursday morning.

Mrs. Dan Lash who has been a guest at the Paul Lash home the past two weeks, returned to her home in Green Bay today.

Miss Lillian Gottlieb of Kellner has gone to Wausau to have an operation for the removal of a goiter. She was accompanied by Mrs. Fred Roberthart.

Friday, March 29th, is the date set for the next boxing show of the Marshfield Athletic Society. A fine card has been arranged. For the curtain-raiser Archie Trudell of this city and Sam O'Brien of Auburndale will face six rounds. A number of local fans intend to take in the show.

Nancy Jane Black, while coasting with some companions on Wednesday, fell from her sled in such a manner as to run a crocheted hook that she had in her pocket into her side. A physician was called and removed the hook and she has since been getting along well.

There weren't many divorces in the old city when Finland was married her alimony out of a friend husband with a rolling pin.

John Dohn and family visited over Sunday in Appleton.

Miss Anna Buss is visiting for a few days in Grand Rapids.

C. Ramsey of Port Edwards spent Sunday with J. W. Ramsey.

Mr. Alford of Fond du Lac is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Ramsey.

Mr. Glass is enjoying a visit from his mother who arrived from Chicago the past week.

La Bell returned to Marshfield Monday after a short visit at the F. Gallagher home.

J. W. Ramsey gave G. H. Munroe a nice ripe strawberry for his birthday, the 10th of March, related here on Kellner. Who can beat this?

## REPORT OF THE CONDITION

of the Bank of Grand Rapids, located at Grand Rapids, state of Wisconsin, at the close of business on the day of March, 1917, pursuant to call by the Commissioner of Banking.

Assets: Loans and discounts \$576,272.29  
Overdrafts 2,279.58  
Bonds 32,760.00  
Stocks and other securities 4,000.00  
Other real estate owned 13,125.05  
Due from approved reserve banks 87,725.00  
Internal Revenue stamps 91.34  
Checks on other banks and cash items 2,842.00  
House 6,476.95  
Cash on hand 15,418.88  
Orders 21,066.20  
Total \$761,989.82

Liabilities: Capital stock paid in \$ 50,000.00  
Surplus fund 25,000.00  
Undivided profits 3,157.44  
Due to banks—deposits 38,000.00  
Individual deposits subject to check 321,034.76  
Time certificates of deposit 248,615.96  
Savings deposits 76,021.67  
Reserved for taxes 200.00  
Total \$761,989.82

State of Wisconsin, County of Wood, ss.

I, E. B. Redford, cashier of the above named bank, do hereby swear that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. B. REDFORD,  
(Notarial Seal) Cashier.

Correct Attest: Isaac P. Witter,  
Geo. W. Mead, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1917.

J. L. REINHART,  
Notary Public.

My commission expires February 15, 1920.

## CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

City Council, March 6, 1917.

Present: Mayor, Aldermen: Hanson, Bannister, Jackson, Johnson, Kellner, Lash, Miller, Ramsey, Witter, and Witter.

On motion, by unanimous vote of the council, the clerk calling the roll, the following report of the Board of Public Works was accepted:

February 1, 1917.

The Board of Public Works met pursuant to call of President Mayor Buss, at 8:00 a.m. at the City of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Present: Mayor, Aldermen: Hanson, Bannister, Jackson, Johnson, Kellner, Lash, Miller, Ramsey, Witter, and Witter.

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## PLOVER ROAD

Word was received here from Mrs. Maher, who went to Virginia, Minnesota, with her son Myron about three weeks ago, saying she is in poor health. Her many friends here hope that her condition will improve soon.

The Belcamp family, who have been visiting the past week in the southern part of the state, returned home Saturday.

There is someone in this neighborhood who has been kept as a prisoner for some time. It is hoped that the person will be out on parole soon.

There will be a Mission meeting of the Prunk church of Kellner at the Prunk church home Friday evening, March 16.

A number from here attended the basket social at the Moravian church at Kellner last Friday night. All report a fine time.

## OTHER PEOPLE'S THINGS

Did you ever see a girl who would turn down the leaf of her library book to mark her place, when she wouldn't think of turning one of her own books in such a fashion? Did you ever know a boy who would leave a borrowed bicycle standing out in the damp, though he was very particular about his own things? It is a pity that little folks or older ones should ever be less careful of what belongs to someone else than of what is their own.

## LEGAL BLANKS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Legal blanks for sale at this office.

## ANNOUNCEMENT

—J. Herbert Snider of Pittsville announces that he is a candidate for the office of County Superintendent of Schools. This is his slogan: Economy, Efficiency, Service, Giving an equal chance to all who are equally qualified.

## BIRTHS

A son to Mr. and Mrs. Irving Persohn.

A son to Mr. and Mrs. Ed Heiser.

## Why Shamed by Blotchy Skin

If you are a sufferer from Blemish or unsightly blotchy skin, you know just what it means to have that humiliating, awkward feeling about meeting strangers and offending friends. Many a time you have looked into the mirror and wished that the skin would be like the other people that you know, "without a blemish." If you will come to the drug store and get a bottle of D. D. D., the greatest of all skin remedies, apply it according to directions, in a short time your skin will be as soft as velvet. Come in and ask for a bottle today on our money-back guarantee. Ask these doctors, D. D. D. Soap, that keeps the skin healthy.

For 15 Years the Standard Skin Remedy

J. E. DALY, DRUGGIST.

Legal blanks for sale at this office.

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**McKERCHER & ROSSIER CO**  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Personal service rendered each individual customer, accounts for the substantial growth shown above. "The way for doing business right is more business."

Subscribed and sworn to before me  
this 14th day of March, 1917.  
J. L. REINHART,  
Notary Public.  
My commission expires February  
15, 1920.

Whereas, it is, in the judgment of the Common Council, necessary and for the best interests of said city to erect such public building and for that purpose to borrow said sum of \$7,000, and issue the bonds of said city therefore;

Now Therefore, the Common Council do

Kellner Coal Co., pear order.....	4.29
Bossert Coal Co., library coal.....	26.25
E. T. McCarthy, repair work.....	18.05
A. B. Bever, firs.....	4.00
J. F. Cooley, Feb. printing.....	71.09
Henry Ebbe, recording deed.....	.75
W. A. Marling Lbr. Co., supplies.....	14.97
G. R. Electric Co., city lighting.....	407.62

# DE LA

# AVAIL

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W. C. WEISEL

**JOHNSON & HILL CO.**

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN